

2008 West Virginia University Extension Plan of Work

I. Plan Overview

1. Brief Summary about Plan Of Work

Serving West Virginia

As a land-grant university, West Virginia University was created to help West Virginians make their lives better. To do that, WVU relies on the WVU Extension Service as the “doorway to WVU” in every county. For nearly 100 years, WVU Extension Service has provided reliable information, education, and problem-solving programs that are timely and relevant. Our roots are deep in West Virginia, where we have a WVU office in each of the state’s 55 counties, serving rural and urban needs. WVU Extension is best known for its strong and historic 4-H program, in which 56,000 West Virginia young people are developing life skills and becoming leaders in their schools and communities. We are a unique collaboration among federal, state, and local governments, land-grant universities, the private sector, and volunteers. We are a sought-after partner for many state and local agencies that come to us because of our community connections and track record of practical, research-based solutions.

Our people

West Virginians rely on their county WVU Extension agent to deliver educational programs and practical solutions to meet local needs. Local needs are identified by community advisory committees, created by the W.Va. State Code and known as the County Extension Service Committee. WVU Extension agents are also WVU faculty members, with a master’s or Ph.D degree. They receive support from WVU Extension subject matter specialists and staff located on the WVU Morgantown campus. These specialists and other faculty from WVU’s 13 colleges and schools provide information and current research that result in proven practices taught by WVU Extension agents.

Our programs

Many identify with WVU Extension through our 76 programs, some of which are 4-H, Dining with Diabetes, Master Gardeners, Germ City, Firefighter Training, Community Educational Outreach Service, Family Nutrition Program, Energy Express, Soil Testing, Workplace Safety, Pesticide Recertification Training, Character Education, Beef Quality Assurance, Farm Management, CARDIAC Challenge, and Forest Stewardship. We offer programs in four areas:

Agriculture and natural resources agents and specialists work with farmers, landowners, and communities to support local agriculture and encourage wise use of natural resources. We are committed to helping small family farmers find ways to increase their profits. We continue to be the trusted local source for answers to home and garden questions. We’re committed to ensuring a safe food supply and working with rural landowners to develop alternative enterprises.

4-H Youth Development professionals and programs provide educational, fun, and safe opportunities for young people to make friends, to learn, and to grow. We will continue to enhance and strengthen our community club program in every county, expand after-school offerings, and help more children experience the magic of a county or state 4-H camp. Our literacy programs strengthen children’s reading skills and promote the benefits of adults and children reading together.

Families and health experts help families thrive and teach them healthier habits and lifestyles. Our nutrition and health education programs teach individuals ways to improve their diets by eating less fat and more fiber, fruit, vegetables, and protein. We encourage people to become more physically active. Our family resource management programs help young people and adults learn smarter ways to save and spend. And we continue to provide resources for food preservation and food safety as well as educational materials about sound parenting practices.

Community and workforce development experts help to promote collaborative community projects and build the capacities of local businesses and governments. We deliver programs that build local leadership capacity; expand and attract employment; improve retail opportunities; and provide information and recommendations on downtown revitalization, tourism, and other aspects of community, economic, and workforce development. In addition, we are helping West Virginia individuals and communities prepare for and cope with disasters.

WVU Extension also operates Jackson’s Mill, located near Weston, the site of the nation’s first state 4-H camp and the current “home” to many state youth camps, heritage and nature education programs, and learners of all ages. The Mill is the new location for WVU’s Fire Service Extension and state fire academy, a place where emergency responders will receive training that meets national standards.

Organizational goals

In 2007 through 2012, WVU Extension will work to:

Maintain a WVU Extension office in all 55 counties to serve local needs and be the “doorway to WVU.”

Preserve and enhance WVU Jackson’s Mill.

Strengthen traditional programs and develop new programs to meet emerging community and statewide needs.

Provide educational programs that are practical, timely, unbiased, and backed by the research of WVU and its 13 academic colleges and schools.

Make wise, efficient use of limited county, state, and federal funds and work to secure additional sources of funding.

Our funding

Federal funding for WVU Extension Service is currently \$4.9 million or 18 percent of the total budget. WVU Extension uses that \$4.9 million to leverage other funds for a total budget of approximately \$27.1 million. We raise 36 percent of our total budget through competitive grants and fees. County partners (county commissions and boards of education) contribute approximately 13 percent of our total budget. The remaining 33 percent of the budget consists primarily of state appropriations.

A few facts

- Date of founding: 1914
- Total client contacts:2005: 443,996
- Number of county agents: 106
- Number of program specialists 2006: 65 (55.61 FTE)
- Value added to West Virginia Agriculture 2005: \$3.8 million
- Number of 4-H Youth 2005: 56,000 (1 in 5 eligible West Virginia youths)
- Number of 4-H adult volunteers: 7,800
- Number of 4-H camps run by WVU Extension Service in 2005: 103
- Number of Community Educational Outreach Service workers: 5,892
- Number of Master Gardeners: 1,100
- Number of firefighters trained: 17,500
- Number of farms in West Virginia: 21,000
- For more information: www.ext.wvu.edu

Collaboration and cooperation between West Virginia land grant universities

West Virginia University (WVU) and West Virginia State University (WVSU), an 1890 land-grant institution, entered into a voluntary agreement in 1997 to create the West Virginia Association of Land-Grant Institutions. This collaboration of the state's two land-grant institutions is committed to providing education that will help the citizens of West Virginia improve their lives and communities. In 2005, the two institutions signed West Virginia's first "Cooperative Agreement for a Comprehensive Program of Agricultural and Forestry Research and Extension. This agreement was submitted and accepted by USDA's Cooperative State Research, Education, and Extension Service (CSREES). This agreement formalized mechanisms for cooperation and non-duplication of services by the two extension services. Important items include consultation on the placement of field faculty and regular consultation between the two organizations. Administrative teams and Directors representing research and extension at the two institutions meet annually prior to USDA Plan of Work submission to plan for collaboration and to avoid duplication.

Effort reported in this plan

As noted above, West Virginia University leverages \$4.9 million in Federal funds with state, local, fee, grant, and gift income flows to generate a total budget of \$27.1million. This plan reflects efforts supported by all fund sources.

Estimated Number of Professional FTEs/SYs total in the State.

Year	Extension		Research	
	1862	1890	1862	1890
2008	171.4	0.0	0.0	0.0
2009	175.5	0.0	0.0	0.0
2010	182.8	0.0	0.0	0.0
2011	187.3	0.0	0.0	0.0
2012	187.3	0.0	0.0	0.0

II. Merit Review Process

1. The Merit Review Process that will be Employed during the 5-Year POW Cycle

- Internal University Panel
- External Non-University Panel

2. Brief Explanation

Merit Review will be done two ways:

Each program will be reviewed by a program team each year based on a yearly plan of work and yearly program accomplishment report.

A minimum of one program will be reviewed each year on a rolling basis by external peer reviewers. Peer review teams may be invited by USDA or on an ad hoc basis from insitutional and program peers. Program review teams will represent a national perspective on WVU program merit.

III. Evaluation of Multis & Joint Activities

1. How will the planned programs address the critical issues of strategic importance, including those identified by the stakeholders?

West Virginia is a state rich in natural resources and communities of people with strong rural values. The state's 21,000 farms are characterized as small, high-quality production units that, to survive, must compete in national and global markets. The annual gross receipts from agriculture now exceed \$420 million. Eighty percent of the state is forested, and more than 80 percent of those forests are privately owned. Businesses related to wildlife, tourism, and recreation and a growing rural nonfarm population increasingly influence Extension's program efforts.

To meet the varied interests and problems of the state, multistate and joint educational and research efforts must assist clients to create sustainable agriculture and forestry production and marketing systems that are competitive, environmentally sound, and socially acceptable. Extension programs must also support the viability and quality of rural life.

2. How will the planned programs address the needs of under-served and under-represented populations of the State(s)?

WVU focuses its efforts to serve under-served and under-represented populations through an extension-wide "Serving the Underserved" program team. This team monitors extension programs including multi state and integrated programs for their accessibility to under-served populations and works on ways to bring proven programs to under-served populations. Faculty and staff from other WVU Colleges sit as active members of this Extension Program Team. WVU also partners with WVSU to increase service to the under-served in West Virginia.

3. How will the planned programs describe the expected outcomes and impacts?

WVU's planned programs will use the logic model to describe outcomes and impacts of programming. All faculty and program teams submit yearly plans of work that identify metrics for outcomes and impacts. All faculty and program teams submit annual reports that indicate outcomes and impacts of their work. Significant professional development resources have been and will be devoted to building capacity in the organization for measuring impact.

4. How will the planned programs result in improved program effectiveness and/or efficiency?

Each of WVU's identified programs undergoes a systematic annual program planning and review process involving individual faculty, supervisors, program team members, and central administration. This process drives programs toward continuous improvement in effectiveness and efficiency. An annual review process determines whether whole programs should be continued for an additional year.

IV. Stakeholder Input

1. Actions taken to seek stakeholder input that encourages their participation

- Targeted invitation to traditional stakeholder individuals
- Targeted invitation to selected individuals from general public
- Targeted invitation to non-traditional stakeholder individuals
- Use of media to announce public meetings and listening sessions

Brief explanation.

State Level- Extension Service Visiting Committee. The purpose of the WVU Extension Visiting Committee is to provide advocacy, program advice, and resource development for the WVU Extension Service. Membership consists of broad representation of programs and constituent groups, including but not limited to WVU Jackson's Mill, 4-H, Agriculture and Nature Resources, Community, Economic, & Workforce Development, Families and Health, faculty and staff, CEOS, Master Gardeners, and

counties. Membership is determined by the Director's Office, and meetings are announced via targeted invitations to selected individuals from traditional and nontraditional stakeholder groups. County Level - Each county is mandated by West Virginia State Code to organize a County Extension Service Committee. These committees are made up of representatives of traditional stakeholder groups with up to three positions for at-large representatives or individuals representing nontraditional audiences. Extension Service Committees provide program guidance, advocacy, and administrative support to county faculty and staff. Meetings of County Extension Service Committees are subject to WV's open meeting laws. Meetings of the County Extension Service Committees are announced through local media outlets and with targeted mailings to members.

2(A). A brief statement of the process that will be used by the recipient institution to identify individuals and groups stakeholders and to collect input from them

1. Method to identify individuals and groups

- Use Internal Focus Groups
- Use Advisory Committees

Brief explanation.

Program advisory committees, with input from faculty and administration, will be used to identify both traditional and nontraditional stakeholders who are invited to all relevant program related planning and evaluation meetings.

2(B). A brief statement of the process that will be used by the recipient institution to identify individuals and groups who are stakeholders and to collect input from them

1. Methods for collecting Stakeholder Input

- Meeting with the general public (open meeting advertised to all)
- Meeting with traditional Stakeholder groups
- Meeting with traditional Stakeholder individuals

Brief explanation

As required by WV State Code, the traditional stakeholder groups are each presented on the County Extension Service Committees. Nominations for up to three at-large positions are made by the County Program Coordinator with input from the Extension Service Committee and county faculty/staff. These at large positions are used to place non-traditional stakeholders on the Extension Service Committees. These nominations are reviewed by the Director's Office and approved by the WVU Board of Governors. Input from these groups collected from formal meetings is used to develop county program plans and annual faculty assignment documents.

3. A statement of how the input will be considered

- In the Budget Process
- To Identify Emerging Issues
- To Set Priorities

Brief explanation.

Stakeholder input will be used in the development of statewide program priorities, program team assignment documents, and faculty assignment documents, and to aid in the decision-making process related resource allocation and staffing needs.

V. Planned Program Table of Content

S. NO.	PROGRAM NAME
1	4-H Camping Program
2	4-H Curriculum
3	Adult Leadership Development
4	Agriculture Production and Marketing
5	Community Development
6	Culture, Tourism, and Experiential Education
7	Environmental Stewardship
8	Farm Management
9	Global Education
10	Literacy
11	Nutrition and Health
12	Reaching the Underserved
13	Strengthening Families
14	Workforce Development
15	Youth Agriculture

V(A). Planned Program (Summary)**1. Name of the Planned Program**

4-H Camping Program

2. Brief summary about Planned Program

Youth camping has a long history in West Virginia Extension. It is recognized as an important delivery mode for youth development. Parents and community members in West Virginia expect 4-H camps to provide high-quality outdoor experiences for youths in a safe environment. West Virginia offers 90 weeks of county camp experience and five weeks of specialized state camp experience. Each camp strives to address the eight essential elements of positive youth development adopted by 4-H programs nationally. Camp counselors, volunteer leaders, and staff are trained to guide youths in their camping experience.

3. Program existence : Mature (More than five years)

4. Program duration : Long-Term (More than five years)

5. Expending formula funds or state-matching funds : Yes

6. Expending other than formula funds or state-matching funds : No

V(B). Program Knowledge Area(s)**1. Program Knowledge Areas and Percentage**

- 806 100% Youth Development

V(C). Planned Program (Situation and Scope)**1. Situation and priorities**

The 4-H camping program in West Virginia involves youths in weeklong group-living experiences designed to impact their growth and development. Each summer, there is at least one week of residential camping in each of the 55 counties of West Virginia. In addition, a series of statewide camps are held each summer at Jackson's Mill Conference Center. In all, 92 weeks of camp are offered each summer. In addition to camping experiences for youths ages 8 to 21, West Virginia Extension educators train junior and adult counselors and 4-H Leaders to work in the camp setting. West Virginia 4-H camps are available to every child, regardless of economic status. The cost of most of our camps is below \$200 a week.

2. Scope of the Program

- In-State Extension

V(D). Planned Program (Assumptions and Goals)**1. Assumptions made for the Program**

Camping is recognized as an important delivery mode for youth development and experience-based, nonformal education. Parents and community members expect camp to be a high-quality experience in a safe environment. Camp directors strive to provide a high-quality experience in a safe environment. The essential elements of youth development are building blocks to planning and implementing quality youth camping programs. WVU Extension, in collaboration with other Extension units, is involved in developing tools for camp programming and evaluation.

2. Ultimate goal(s) of this Program

4-H campers will gain a sense of personal safety, self-acceptance, and self-determination and will make connections with caring adults.

V(E). Planned Program (Inputs)**1. Estimated Number of professional FTE/SYs to be budgeted for this Program**

Year	Extension		Research	
	1862	1890	1862	1890
2008	7.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
2009	7.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
2010	7.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
2011	7.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
2012	7.0	0.0	0.0	0.0

V(F). Planned Program (Activity)

1. Activity for the Program

1. County camps. 2. Statewide camps. 3. Youths ages 9 – 21 attending 4-H camps in West Virginia each summer. 4. Counselors and other volunteers trained to work at 4-H camps. 5. Camping curriculum materials, including a volunteer training notebook, developed and disseminated to new volunteer trainees. 6. Evaluation tools, specific to 4-H camping, located or developed, implemented, analyzed, and interpreted for camp improvement. 7. Research projects designed to understand the role and benefit of camping experiences in the lives of youths are implemented, analyzed, and incorporated into programming.

2. Type(s) of methods to be used to reach direct and indirect contacts

Extension	
Direct Methods	Indirect Methods
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> ● One-on-One Intervention ● Group Discussion ● Workshop 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> ● Other 1 (curriculum and evaluation tools) ● Newsletters

3. Description of targeted audience

Youths ages 9 to 18.

V(G). Planned Program (Outputs)

1. Standard output measures

Target for the number of persons(contacts) to be reached through direct and indirect contact methods

	Direct Contacts Adults	Indirect Contacts Adults	Direct Contacts Youth	Indirect Contacts Youth
Year	Target	Target	Target	Target
2008	2800	0	12000	0
2009	2800	0	12000	0
2010	2800	0	12000	0
2011	2800	0	12000	0
2012	2800	0	12000	0

2. (Standard Research Target) Number of Patents

Expected Patents

2008 :0 2009 :0 2010 :0 2011 :0 2012 :0

3. Expected Peer Review Publications

Year	Research Target	Extension Target
2008	0	0
2009	0	0
2010	0	0
2011	0	0
2012	0	0

V(H). State Defined Outputs

1. Output Target

- Number of training activities held.

2008 :60 2009 :60 2010 :60 2011 :60 2012 :60

- Number of residential camps conducted (at least 4 days in duration).

2008 :65 2009 :65 2010 :65 2011 :65 2012 :65

- Number of youth attending residential camps (at least 4 days in duration).

2008 :8000 2009 :8000 2010 :8000 2011 :8000 2012 :8000

- Number of day camps conducted

2008 :25 2009 :25 2010 :25 2011 :25 2012 :25

- Number of short-term residential camps conducted.

2008 :10 2009 :10 2010 :10 2011 :10 2012 :10

- Number of youth attending short-term residential camps (3 days or fewer).

2008 :400 2009 :400 2010 :400 2011 :400 2012 :400

V(I). State Defined Outcome

1. Outcome Target

Number of participants who increase their knowledge.

2. Outcome Type : Change in Knowledge Outcome Measure

2008 :6000 2009 :6000 2010 :6000 2011 :6000 2012 :6000

3. Associated Knowledge Area(s)

- 806 - Youth Development

1. Outcome Target

Number of participants who changed their attitudes or opinions.

2. Outcome Type : Change in Knowledge Outcome Measure

2008 :3000 2009 : 3000 2010 : 3000 2011 :3000 2012 : 3000

3. Associated Knowledge Area(s)

- 806 - Youth Development

1. Outcome Target

Number of participants who increased their motivation to adopt a skill or accomplish an activity..

2. Outcome Type : Change in Knowledge Outcome Measure

2008 :3000 2009 : 3000 2010 : 3000 2011 :3000 2012 : 3000

3. Associated Knowledge Area(s)

- 806 - Youth Development

1. Outcome Target

Number of participants who adopted a skill learned in the camping program.

2. Outcome Type : Change in Action Outcome Measure

2008 :1000 2009 : 1000 2010 : 1000 2011 :1000 2012 : 1000

3. Associated Knowledge Area(s)

- 806 - Youth Development

1. Outcome Target

Number of groups or organizations that collaborated with the camping program.

2. Outcome Type : Change in Action Outcome Measure

2008 :100 2009 : 100 2010 : 100 2011 :100 2012 : 100

3. Associated Knowledge Area(s)

- 806 - Youth Development

1. Outcome Target

Number of participants who improved their lives because of the camping program.

2. Outcome Type : Change in Knowledge Outcome Measure

2008 :1500 2009 : 1500 2010 : 1500 2011 :1500 2012 : 1500

3. Associated Knowledge Area(s)

- 806 - Youth Development

V(J). Planned Program (External Factors)

1. External Factors which may affect Outcomes

- Public Policy changes
- Appropriations changes
- Natural Disasters (drought,weather extremes,etc.)
- Government Regulations
- Competing Public priorities
- Competing Programatic Challenges
- Economy
- Populations changes (immigration,new cultural groupings,etc.)
- Other (changes in 4-H program focus)

Description

{NO DATA ENTERED}

V(K). Planned Program (Evaluation Studies and Data Collection)

1. Evaluation Studies Planned

- Comparisons between different groups of individuals or program participants experiencing different levels of program intensity.
- Before-After (before and after program)
- During (during program)
- Retrospective (post program)
- After Only (post program)

Description

Evaluation of camping activities will utilize pre- and post-tests, retrospective questionnaires, post-questionnaires, and interviews to measure camper outcomes and during questionnaire to measure how camp is conducted.

2. Data Collection Methods

- Sampling
- Unstructured
- Whole population
- Telephone
- Observation
- On-Site
- Mail
- Structured

Description

{NO DATA ENTERED}

V(A). Planned Program (Summary)**1. Name of the Planned Program**

4-H Curriculum

2. Brief summary about Planned Program

WVU Extension Service offers local and state 4-H programs built on the research of land grant institutions including the essential elements, including an ongoing relationship with a caring adult; safe places to learn and grow; marketable skills through education; a health start; and, and opportunity to give back through community service.

3. Program existence : Mature (More than five years)

4. Program duration : Long-Term (More than five years)

5. Expending formula funds or state-matching funds : Yes

6. Expending other than formula funds or state-matching funds : No

V(B). Program Knowledge Area(s)**1. Program Knowledge Areas and Percentage**

- 806 100% Youth Development

V(C). Planned Program (Situation and Scope)**1. Situation and priorities**

Many of West Virginia's children live in poverty. Of the 402,393 children in West Virginia, 97,781 (24.3%) live in poverty. Only four states have higher percentages. Kids Count data on key indicators of child well-being report that 50.2% of the children in West Virginia live in low-income families. Many parents do not have jobs that enable them to provide even the most basic needs for their children. For example, 56% of West Virginia's children live with parents who do not have full-time, year-round employment. The unemployment rate in the entire state is 4.9%. West Virginia has many isolated and rural communities. Providing opportunities for youth is a challenge. The 4-H model works well in reaching youths when transportation and poverty are issues that impact families. Volunteer leaders host youths at community sites that are close to the 4-Hers home; no dues or fees are charged; and most of the activities and events are inexpensive. It is a model that works well for West Virginia communities.

2. Scope of the Program

- In-State Extension

V(D). Planned Program (Assumptions and Goals)**1. Assumptions made for the Program**

Extension agents who work with 4-H are located in each of the state's 55 counties. The West Virginia 4-H program is dedicated to assisting youths in their development into healthy, competent, and productive adults. Through 4-H, youths have the opportunity to explore their talents and abilities while gaining new knowledge and skills. Communities throughout the state recognize the Extension agent as a resource and advocate in the area of youth development. The 4-H program includes activities in which youths learn through 4-H projects and citizenship and leadership experiences. West Virginia also has an extensive summer residential camping program. The curricula are supported through the efforts of local Extension agents and the support of statewide Extension specialists. 4-H supports the development of the essential elements for youth development: 1) Belonging – caring relationships, 2) Mastery – constructive learning experiences, 3) Independence – leadership opportunities, and 4) Generosity – opportunities to give back to others through service. Research conducted at West Virginia University in recent years suggests that 4-H members obtain considerable enjoyment from club activities and acquire skills that are beneficial to their person, educational and occupational lives. Leadership experiences provided by 4-H, such as conducting meetings and public speaking, are considered to be of great value by former members.

2. Ultimate goal(s) of this Program

1. Provide youth with opportunities to safely develop and practice life skills essential for success in their society.
2. Develop, implement and maintain educational material supporting the National 4-H Mandates - Science, Engineering & Technology; Healthy Lifestyles; and Citizenship.
3. Dedicate appropriate time and effort developing and evaluating meaningful youth programming.

V(E). Planned Program (Inputs)

1. Estimated Number of professional FTE/SYs to be budgeted for this Program

Year	Extension		Research	
	1862	1890	1862	1890
2008	33.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
2009	33.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
2010	33.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
2011	33.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
2012	33.0	0.0	0.0	0.0

V(F). Planned Program (Activity)

1. Activity for the Program

The following initiatives will be accomplished with the 4-H Curriculum planned programs: 1) afterschool, 2) charting, 3) citizenship, 4) Cloverbud (young children), All-Terrain Vehicles, community clubs, healthy lifestyles, post-secondary opportunities, school-based programs, science, technology and engineering, special interest clubs and groups, and youth leadership.

2. Type(s) of methods to be used to reach direct and indirect contacts

Extension	
Direct Methods	Indirect Methods
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> ● Demonstrations ● Workshop ● Group Discussion ● One-on-One Intervention ● Education Class 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> ● Newsletters ● Web sites ● Public Service Announcement

3. Description of targeted audience

Youths 9 to 21 – 4-H is the largest youth development program in West Virginia. More than 49,000 youth are 4-H members and more than 6,400 adult volunteers work directly and indirectly with them.

V(G). Planned Program (Outputs)

1. Standard output measures

Target for the number of persons(contacts) to be reached through direct and indirect contact methods

	Direct Contacts Adults	Indirect Contacts Adults	Direct Contacts Youth	Indirect Contacts Youth
Year	Target	Target	Target	Target
2008	28537	244418	52706	81435
2009	28537	244418	52706	81435
2010	28537	244418	52706	81435
2011	28537	244418	52706	81435
2012	28537	244418	52706	81435

2. (Standard Research Target) Number of Patents

Expected Patents

2008 :0 2009 :0 2010 :0 2011 :0 2012 :0

3. Expected Peer Review Publications

Year	Research Target	Extension Target
2008	0	0
2009	0	0
2010	0	0
2011	0	0
2012	0	0

V(H). State Defined Outputs

1. Output Target

- Number of 4-H training activities.

2008 :953 2009 :953 2010 :953 2011 :953 2012 :953

- Number of 4-H educational materials distributed.

2008 :6862 2009 :6862 2010 :6862 2011 :6862 2012 :6862

- Number of of outside organizations participating in 4-H initiatives this year.

2008 :41 2009 :41 2010 :41 2011 :41 2012 :41

V(I). State Defined Outcome

1. Outcome Target

The number of youths in 4-H who will increase their knowledge.

2. Outcome Type : Change in Knowledge Outcome Measure

2008 :4532 2009 :4532 2010 :4532 2011 :4532 2012 :4532

3. Associated Knowledge Area(s)

- 806 - Youth Development

1. Outcome Target

Number of 4-H participants who changed their attitudes or opinions.

2. Outcome Type : Change in Knowledge Outcome Measure

2008 :1150 2009 :1150 2010 :1150 2011 :1150 2012 :1150

3. Associated Knowledge Area(s)

- 806 - Youth Development

1. Outcome Target

The number of 4-H participants who improved their skill level.

2. Outcome Type : Change in Knowledge Outcome Measure

2008 :12724 **2009 :** 12724 **2010 :** 12724 **2011 :**12724 **2012 :** 12724

3. Associated Knowledge Area(s)

- 806 - Youth Development

1. Outcome Target

Number of participants who increased their motivation to adopt a skill or accomplish an activity.

2. Outcome Type : Change in Knowledge Outcome Measure

2008 :107 **2009 :** 107 **2010 :** 107 **2011 :**107 **2012 :** 107

3. Associated Knowledge Area(s)

- 806 - Youth Development

1. Outcome Target

Number of 4-H participants who adopt a skill.

2. Outcome Type : Change in Action Outcome Measure

2008 :400 **2009 :** 400 **2010 :** 400 **2011 :**400 **2012 :** 40

3. Associated Knowledge Area(s)

- 806 - Youth Development

1. Outcome Target

Number of 4-H participants who changed a habit or procedure.

2. Outcome Type : Change in Action Outcome Measure

2008 :1677 **2009 :** 1677 **2010 :** 1677 **2011 :**1677 **2012 :** 1677

3. Associated Knowledge Area(s)

- 806 - Youth Development

1. Outcome Target

Number of groups or organizations that collaborated with the 4-H program.

2. Outcome Type : Change in Action Outcome Measure

2008 :30 **2009 :** 30 **2010 :** 30 **2011 :**30 **2012 :** 30

3. Associated Knowledge Area(s)

- 806 - Youth Development

1. Outcome Target

Number of groups or organizations that changed their structure, philosophy, or mission because of an intervention by the 4-H program.

2. Outcome Type : Change in Condition Outcome Measure

2008 :53 **2009 :** 53 **2010 :** 53 **2011 :**53 **2012 :** 53

3. Associated Knowledge Area(s)

- 806 - Youth Development

V(J). Planned Program (External Factors)

1. External Factors which may affect Outcomes

- Public Policy changes
- Government Regulations
- Natural Disasters (drought,weather extremes,etc.)
- Other (Funding sources and funding oppo)
- Competing Programatic Challenges
- Appropriations changes
- Competing Public priorities
- Economy
- Populations changes (immigration,new cultural groupings,etc.)

Description

West Virginia is a state of increasing poverty, decreasing populations, and decreasing school-age population. Therefore, program resources are a constant challenge.

V(K). Planned Program (Evaluation Studies and Data Collection)

1. Evaluation Studies Planned

- After Only (post program)
- Retrospective (post program)
- During (during program)
- Before-After (before and after program)

Description

Evaluation plans would include the development of a survey to assess the extent to which the essential elements are development in youth through the participation in the 4-H program.

2. Data Collection Methods

- On-Site
- Mail
- Structured
- Observation
- Sampling
- Telephone
- Unstructured

Description

{NO DATA ENTERED}

V(A). Planned Program (Summary)**1. Name of the Planned Program**

Adult Leadership Development

2. Brief summary about Planned Program

Leadership development is one of the strategic concepts for WVU Extension Service. Volunteers assume a wide range of responsibilities in 4-H, community, and civic organizations. Extension has and will continue to assist in building community capacity throughout West Virginia. It will do so by identifying current and emerging leaders, enhancing critical volunteer skills, and providing improved and better integrated programs. The West Virginia 4-H youth development initiative alone has over 7,600 volunteers to work with youth and to deliver many programs and events. Extension agents are provided the tools necessary to lead and manage volunteers and to help them perform to their fullest potential. Strengthening leadership is about establishing new ways of thinking and new patterns of behavior in a community. A basic principal of community/economic development is that local people must address local concerns. The principal purpose of leadership development initiatives in the community is to encourage communities to work together and to help participants gain knowledge and skills needed to facilitate community planning and development. Team members do this by developing a curriculum on board development, piloting the curriculum, and then teaching it to groups statewide. We also plan to develop topics on leadership development which include powerpoint presentations, group activities, and fact sheets. We plan to teach selected topics as requested but we also want to distribute these leadership resources to all Extension agents in the state since leadership development applies to all aspects of Extension. Adult leadership development initiatives also include working with the Community Education Outreach Service organization in West Virginia, the Master Gardner initiative and the Master Naturalist initiative. The Master Naturalist was developed to meet the need for people wanting to get back to nature. It provides in-depth core and elective classes on many topics; when combined with volunteer service, they can lead to certification. Other agencies such as state parks, wildlife, and tourism are stakeholders along with other educators.

3. Program existence : Mature (More than five years)

4. Program duration : Long-Term (More than five years)

5. Expending formula funds or state-matching funds : Yes

6. Expending other than formula funds or state-matching funds : Yes

V(B). Program Knowledge Area(s)**1. Program Knowledge Areas and Percentage**

- 102 10% Soil, Plant, Water, Nutrient Relationships
- 802 50% Human Development and Family Well-Being
- 805 30% Community Institutions, Health, and Social Services
- 806 10% Youth Development

V(C). Planned Program (Situation and Scope)**1. Situation and priorities**

Volunteer leadership competencies are necessities for harnessing fast-pasted complex lives. Leadership is built on individual values and beliefs and thus includes self-discovery. A leadership development model is a combination of planned skill-based learning experiences and self-directed activities whereby the participant takes control of his/her own learning. In this age of rapid change, people's lives, families, and communities are changing faster than ever in history. The development of leadership is even more important than in previous times when change occurred more slowly. Community leadership development was identified as a major program opportunity in the WVU Extension Service strategic plan. Rural communities in West Virginia are losing many of the youngest and brightest residents to employment opportunities in urban areas and other states. The importance of strengthening the abilities of existing leaders and developing new leaders can provide community members with the skills and abilities they need to address community and economic development needs and opportunities. Many adults want to take on leadership in programs that provide in-depth and continuity to nature and natural resources. Volunteer development is 30% of the Master Gardner program. This program deals with retention and volunteer development. Members of the CEOS organization make learning an adventure as they advance through life while participating in continuing education opportunities to promote their leadership in the community.

2. Scope of the Program

- Multistate Extension
- In-State Extension

V(D). Planned Program (Assumptions and Goals)

1. Assumptions made for the Program

Through a variety of Extension leader initiatives, volunteers can develop skills, learn best practices, and become involved in practical projects designed to put their newly acquired competencies to practice in a nonthreatening and supportive environment. Current practical projects that encourage application of leadership skills are used to strengthen the concepts presented in the training sessions.

As individuals are trained, they will have the skills needed to help lead their communities and to tackle difficult issues.

Adults can be trained as Master Gardeners who will benefit their communities. Information and expertise exist in this state.

Partners will work together to develop materials, locate or provide instructors, and deliver the Master Naturalist initiative to local groups in a style similar to the Master Gardener format. Different groups will provide varying degrees of effort (time, dollars, instructors, materials, etc.), but they need to be equally represented on the State Advisory Council.

CEOS groups are grassroots efforts, led by local, state, and national CEOS leaders. Extension can best assist the CEOS organization by serving as advisers and consultants at the local, state, and national levels. It also can provide technical support at the state level.

2. Ultimate goal(s) of this Program

- 1) All Extension personnel working with volunteers will have the tools, skills, and knowledge to be competent volunteer managers, resulting in stronger program efforts in agriculture, natural resources, economic development, nutrition, families, and youth development.
- 2) Extension will be considered an expert in community leadership development by people throughout WV. As a result, stakeholders and others looking for leadership programs will automatically contact Extension for leadership training. Extension's new board training curriculum will be requested throughout the state by various organizations.
- 4). Individuals throughout the state are eager to assume leadership positions in organizations and in their communities and are more effective and confident in their leadership roles.

V(E). Planned Program (Inputs)

1. Estimated Number of professional FTE/SYs to be budgeted for this Program

Year	Extension		Research	
	1862	1890	1862	1890
2008	10.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
2009	10.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
2010	10.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
2011	10.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
2012	10.0	0.0	0.0	0.0

V(F). Planned Program (Activity)

1. Activity for the Program

The Adult Leadership Development planned program includes the following initiatives: Adult Volunteer Management, Master Gardener, Master Naturalist, Community Leadership Development, Community Education Outreach Service (CEOS) and 4-H Leaders. Activities include training Extension faculty and adult volunteers in regional trainings; training CEOS adult volunteers in public speaking and other leadership techniques; completing second phase of a national research study to identify volunteer core competencies for the effective delivery of 4-H programs, training community volunteer managers in the basics of effective management of volunteer programs; conducting team leaderships and youth/adult partnership conferences; contributing

instructional hours toward core Master Naturalist classes, elective classes and Instructors core classes, developing bylaws and procedures to ensure equity among Master Naturalist partners; conducting one session on leadership resources at the Extension Professional Development Day each year; participating in other leadership professional development opportunities; partnering with other leadership organizations in West Virginia. Holding leadership workshops for West Virginia citizens; providing 30 hours of Master Gardner classes for every trained MG; managing MG volunteer activities and recognizing their service; providing leadership development and other advanced MG training.

2. Type(s) of methods to be used to reach direct and indirect contacts

Extension	
Direct Methods	Indirect Methods
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> ● Workshop ● One-on-One Intervention ● Education Class ● Group Discussion ● Demonstrations 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> ● Newsletters ● Public Service Announcement ● Web sites

3. Description of targeted audience

The primary audience includes current Extension faculty, CEOS members, Master Gardner and Master Naturalist members, community members, state and local officials.

V(G). Planned Program (Outputs)

1. Standard output measures

Target for the number of persons(contacts) to be reached through direct and indirect contact methods

	Direct Contacts Adults	Indirect Contacts Adults	Direct Contacts Youth	Indirect Contacts Youth
Year	Target	Target	Target	Target
2008	23087	86137	2490	5184
2009	23087	86137	2490	5814
2010	23087	86137	2490	5814
2011	23087	83167	2940	5814
2012	23087	83167	2490	5814

2. (Standard Research Target) Number of Patents

Expected Patents

2008 :0 2009 :0 2010 :0 2011 :0 2012 :0

3. Expected Peer Review Publications

Year	Research Target	Extension Target
2008	0	0
2009	0	0
2010	0	0
2011	0	0
2012	0	0

V(H). State Defined Outputs

1. Output Target

- Number of training activities in adult leadership development

2008 :400	2009 :400	2010 : 400	2011 :400	2012 :40
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- Number of educational materials created or updated.

2008 :99	2009 :99	2010 : 99	2011 :99	2012 :99
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- Number of educational materials about adult leadership development distributed.

2008 :332	2009 :332	2010 : 332	2011 :332	2012 :332
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- Number of people receiving educational materials in adult leadership.

2008 :57939	2009 :57939	2010 : 57939	2011 :57939	2012 :57939
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- Number of new counties participating in adult leadership initiatives.

2008 :61	2009 :61	2010 : 61	2011 :61	2012 :61
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- Number of outside organizations or groups participating in adult leadership initiatives.

2008 :112	2009 :112	2010 : 112	2011 :112	2012 :112
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- Number of new grants and contracts supporting adult leadership initiatives.

2008 :10	2009 :10	2010 : 10	2011 :10	2012 :10
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V(I). State Defined Outcome

1. Outcome Target

Number of participants in adult leadership program initiatives who increased their knowledge.

2. Outcome Type : Change in Knowledge Outcome Measure

2008 :1282	2009 : 1282	2010 : 1282	2011 :1282	2012 : 1282
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3. Associated Knowledge Area(s)

- 102 - Soil, Plant, Water, Nutrient Relationships
- 802 - Human Development and Family Well-Being
- 805 - Community Institutions, Health, and Social Services
- 806 - Youth Development

1. Outcome Target

Number of participants in adult leadership development initiatives who changed their attitudes or opinions

2. Outcome Type : Change in Knowledge Outcome Measure

2008 :1552	2009 : 1552	2010 : 1552	2011 :1552	2012 : 1552
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3. Associated Knowledge Area(s)

- 102 - Soil, Plant, Water, Nutrient Relationships

- 802 - Human Development and Family Well-Being
- 805 - Community Institutions, Health, and Social Services
- 806 - Youth Development

1. Outcome Target

Number of participants in adult leadership initiatives who increased their motivation to adopt a skill or accomplish an activity.

2. Outcome Type : Change in Knowledge Outcome Measure

2008 :845 **2009 :** 845 **2010 :** 845 **2011 :**845 **2012 :** 845

3. Associated Knowledge Area(s)

- 102 - Soil, Plant, Water, Nutrient Relationships
- 802 - Human Development and Family Well-Being
- 805 - Community Institutions, Health, and Social Services
- 806 - Youth Development

1. Outcome Target

Number of participants in adult leadership development initiatives who adopted a skill.

2. Outcome Type : Change in Action Outcome Measure

2008 :1239 **2009 :** 1239 **2010 :** 1239 **2011 :**1239 **2012 :** 1239

3. Associated Knowledge Area(s)

- 102 - Soil, Plant, Water, Nutrient Relationships
- 802 - Human Development and Family Well-Being
- 805 - Community Institutions, Health, and Social Services
- 806 - Youth Development

1. Outcome Target

Number of participants in adult leadership development initiatives who changed a habit or procedure.

2. Outcome Type : Change in Action Outcome Measure

2008 :1077 **2009 :** 1077 **2010 :** 1077 **2011 :**1077 **2012 :** 1077

3. Associated Knowledge Area(s)

- 102 - Soil, Plant, Water, Nutrient Relationships
- 802 - Human Development and Family Well-Being
- 805 - Community Institutions, Health, and Social Services
- 806 - Youth Development

1. Outcome Target

Number of people and organizations that collaborated with adult leadership development initiatives.

2. Outcome Type : Change in Action Outcome Measure

2008 :103 **2009 :** 103 **2010 :** 103 **2011 :**103 **2012 :** 103

3. Associated Knowledge Area(s)

- 102 - Soil, Plant, Water, Nutrient Relationships

- 802 - Human Development and Family Well-Being
- 805 - Community Institutions, Health, and Social Services
- 806 - Youth Development

1. Outcome Target

Number of new adult leadership development initiatives implemented by trainees.

2. Outcome Type : Change in Action Outcome Measure

2008 :13 **2009 :** 13 **2010 :** 13 **2011 :**13 **2012 :** 13

3. Associated Knowledge Area(s)

- 102 - Soil, Plant, Water, Nutrient Relationships
- 802 - Human Development and Family Well-Being
- 805 - Community Institutions, Health, and Social Services
- 806 - Youth Development

1. Outcome Target

Amount of money raised by program participants to support initiatives in adult leadership development.

2. Outcome Type : Change in Action Outcome Measure

2008 :8840 **2009 :** 8840 **2010 :** 8840 **2011 :**8840 **2012 :** 8840

3. Associated Knowledge Area(s)

- 102 - Soil, Plant, Water, Nutrient Relationships
- 802 - Human Development and Family Well-Being
- 805 - Community Institutions, Health, and Social Services
- 806 - Youth Development

1. Outcome Target

Number of people in adult leadership development initiatives who improved their lives.

2. Outcome Type : Change in Condition Outcome Measure

2008 :710 **2009 :** 710 **2010 :** 710 **2011 :**710 **2012 :** 710

3. Associated Knowledge Area(s)

- 102 - Soil, Plant, Water, Nutrient Relationships
- 802 - Human Development and Family Well-Being
- 805 - Community Institutions, Health, and Social Services
- 806 - Youth Development

1. Outcome Target

Number of groups or organizations that changed their structure, philosophy, or mission because of involvement in adult leadership development initiatives.

2. Outcome Type : Change in Knowledge Outcome Measure

2008 :52 **2009 :** 52 **2010 :** 52 **2011 :**52 **2012 :** 52

3. Associated Knowledge Area(s)

- 102 - Soil, Plant, Water, Nutrient Relationships
- 802 - Human Development and Family Well-Being
- 805 - Community Institutions, Health, and Social Services

1. Outcome Target

Number of changes in social conditions because of adult leadership initiatives.

2. Outcome Type : Change in Knowledge Outcome Measure

2008 :2 2009 : 2 2010 : 2 2011 :2 2012 : 2

3. Associated Knowledge Area(s)

- 102 - Soil, Plant, Water, Nutrient Relationships
- 802 - Human Development and Family Well-Being
- 805 - Community Institutions, Health, and Social Services

1. Outcome Target

Number of changes in economic conditions because of adult leadership development initiatives.

2. Outcome Type : Change in Knowledge Outcome Measure

2008 :5 2009 : 5 2010 : 5 2011 :5 2012 : 5

3. Associated Knowledge Area(s)

- 102 - Soil, Plant, Water, Nutrient Relationships
- 802 - Human Development and Family Well-Being
- 805 - Community Institutions, Health, and Social Services

V(J). Planned Program (External Factors)

1. External Factors which may affect Outcomes

- Competing Public priorities
- Competing Programatic Challenges
- Public Policy changes
- Appropriations changes
- Economy
- Government Regulations
- Populations changes (immigration,new cultural groupings,etc.)

Description

Based on the changing economy and demographic makeup of the state, the implementation of the adult volunteer program is hampered. Currently, adults have limited time available for volunteer work.

V(K). Planned Program (Evaluation Studies and Data Collection)

1. Evaluation Studies Planned

- Before-After (before and after program)
- After Only (post program)
- During (during program)
- Retrospective (post program)

Description

The evaluation of the adult volunteer leadership program has used a combination of evaluation instruments. The method used most

is the retrospective evaluation following the presentation/workshop/training session.

2. Data Collection Methods

- Observation
- Sampling
- Telephone
- Whole population
- Mail
- Structured
- On-Site
- Portfolio Reviews

Description

The evaluation will incorporate sampling the population in the programs using a combination of survey instruments: mail/on-site,etc.

V(A). Planned Program (Summary)**1. Name of the Planned Program**

Agriculture Production and Marketing

2. Brief summary about Planned Program

The Agriculture Production and Marketing planned program teaches local livestock producers how to incorporate best management practices concerning animal health, genetic improvement, animal welfare, biosecurity, and nutritional management with a focus on producing a safe, quality product that ensures a good eating experience for the consumer. The small ruminant initiatives provide educational classes on nutrition, management, lamb and kid marketing, wool marketing, pooling lambs and kids, internal parasites, integrated predator management, and general management. The programs also implement ram feedlot and soundness tests and marketing initiatives. The livestock improvement initiatives assist producers in producing superior genetics by making technology available through clinics and pooling producers at a single location. Each year breeding soundness exams and ultrasounds are conducted for beef and sheep producers. Horticulture initiatives assemble practical research and Extension programming that will lead to better quality products, increased efficiency through better management practices, and sustainable crop production. Forestry initiatives focus on adding value to forest products such as using portable sawmills to increase the value of traditional products. Forestry initiatives also serve the training and development needs of those involved with the forest industry in West Virginia, providing excellent opportunities to continue to develop and improve this sector of the state's economy. Aquaculture initiatives help to develop an aquaculture industry in WV by transferring technology and information in a manner that will empower residents to undertake this new form of agriculture.

3. Program existence : Mature (More than five years)

4. Program duration : Long-Term (More than five years)

5. Expending formula funds or state-matching funds : Yes

6. Expending other than formula funds or state-matching funds : No

V(B). Program Knowledge Area(s)**1. Program Knowledge Areas and Percentage**

- 102 10% Soil, Plant, Water, Nutrient Relationships
- 111 5% Conservation and Efficient Use of Water
- 123 10% Management and Sustainability of Forest Resources
- 205 4% Plant Management Systems
- 206 1% Basic Plant Biology
- 211 5% Insects, Mites, and Other Arthropods Affecting Plants
- 212 2% Pathogens and Nematodes Affecting Plants
- 213 2% Weeds Affecting Plants
- 215 2% Biological Control of Pests Affecting Plants
- 216 6% Integrated Pest Management Systems
- 303 5% Genetic Improvement of Animals
- 307 10% Animal Management Systems
- 308 10% Improved Animal Products (Before Harvest)
- 311 2% Animal Diseases
- 501 2% New and Improved Food Processing Technologies
- 503 2% Quality Maintenance in Storing and Marketing Food Products
- 504 2% Home and Commercial Food Service
- 603 6% Market Economics
- 604 9% Marketing and Distribution Practices
- 607 5% Consumer Economics

V(C). Planned Program (Situation and Scope)

1. Situation and priorities

The beef industry in West Virginia is characterized by small farms that have difficulty marketing their products because they lack the critical mass required for many marketing strategies. Our programs emphasize pooling of producer resources and assisting producers in complying with market regulations. The beef quality assurance program teaches local livestock producers how to incorporate best management practices concerning animal health, genetic improvement, animal welfare, biosecurity, and nutritional management. West Virginia is a state of primarily small producers and there are few places where 100 bulls or 50 rams are developed together and comparisons can be made. Since some bulls sold in the sire evaluation test program are purchased by breeders who sell their progeny directly off the farm, the test program impacts many more producers than the number who purchase bulls at the sale. The clinics allow producers the production advantages of larger enterprises. We do not have enough growers in West Virginia to produce locally grown products and we lack educational opportunities for entry-level producers. More than 90% of the forest land in West Virginia is privately owned. During the past decade there has been a dramatic increase in timber harvesting, especially on private lands. Timber harvesting has long-lasting impact on the productivity and aesthetics of private forests. Landowners may not understand the environmental impacts. Other problems include intense competition, low operating margins, poor education about alternative methods, and resistance to change. The aquaculture initiatives provide an opportunity to impact economic development, health, and the quality of life for WV residents.

2. Scope of the Program

- Multistate Integrated Research and Extension
- Multistate Extension

V(D). Planned Program (Assumptions and Goals)

1. Assumptions made for the Program

The Beef Quality Assistance program has been well-received by beef and dairy producers. The BQA program is just one vehicle that can be used to teach best management practices. It has become a prerequisite for many other cattle marketing and production programs. The two-year recertification component provides the opportunity to keep producers abreast of new technology and methods of production. Feeder cattle marketing pools, board sales, and web-based and Internet sales will expand the market for WV beef producers. The formation of marketing pools has enhanced returns to producers and have assisted with developing marketing identity and target markets such as "all natural." As consolidation continues in the beef industry and more export regulations are introduced, producers will need assistance with staying in compliance or face a loss of market opportunity. Few beef or sheep producers have had any genetic training. Guidelines and rules for sire and heifer evaluation programs are established based upon sound genetic principles which provide guidance to both consignors and producers buying seed stock. No single system is best for everyone in the livestock business because of value-based marketing programs and breed producer bias. With regard to forestry stewardship, the assumption is that the information that is provided by Extension will help land owners make better informed decisions regarding forest management that will result in more financially and personally satisfying timber harvesting experiences. Parties involved in timbering can improve environmental, economic, and social performance to match or exceed other states. Additional staff needs to be hired to help educate local growers. Proper management of water resources in a sustainable fashion can result in products that can contribute supplementary income to landowners and to their quality of life. In the process of growing and selling fish, impacts may accrue to the community, the tourism industry, and through production of healthful foods.

2. Ultimate goal(s) of this Program

- 1) Beef producers in West Virginia will utilize new technologies and methods of production and will increase their sales of beef.
- 2) West Virginia farmers will increase crop production and farm profitability.
- 3) Commercial businesses and private landholders will improve their property and investments.
- 4) West Virginia's forest economy will improve and the forests and land resources will be used in a responsible and sustainable manner.
- 5) Shepherds will manage their operations profitably.
- 6) WV small producers will conduct breeding soundness exams and ultrasounds.
- 7) WV residents will decrease their dependence on imported seafood.

V(E). Planned Program (Inputs)

1. Estimated Number of professional FTE/SYs to be budgeted for this Program

Year	Extension		Research	
	1862	1890	1862	1890
2008	18.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
2009	18.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
2010	18.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
2011	18.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
2012	18.0	0.0	0.0	0.0

V(F). Planned Program (Activity)

1. Activity for the Program

The Agriculture Production and Marketing planned program includes initiatives in aquaculture, beef quality assurance, commercial horticulture, feder cattle marketing, forest stewardship, forestry, logging and milling, homeowner horticulture, horticulture marketing, livestock improvement, and small ruminants. Activities will include the development of curriculum, handbooks, and other teaching materials, research projects, improving access of information and referral to producers, and quality assurance audits to evaluate best management practices adopted.

2. Type(s) of methods to be used to reach direct and indirect contacts

Extension	
Direct Methods	Indirect Methods
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> ● Other 1 (fact sheets, posters) ● Education Class ● One-on-One Intervention ● Workshop ● Demonstrations ● Other 2 (audits) ● Group Discussion 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> ● Newsletters ● Other 1 (trade show displays, posters) ● Web sites

3. Description of targeted audience

The target audience is beef and dairy producers, large and small growers of horticultural products, regional livestock producers, market managers, private forestland owners, loggers and timber processors, homeowners, shepherds, youth livestock exhibitors, volunteers, Extension agents, and Extension specialists.

V(G). Planned Program (Outputs)

1. Standard output measures

Target for the number of persons(contacts) to be reached through direct and indirect contact methods

	Direct Contacts Adults	Indirect Contacts Adults	Direct Contacts Youth	Indirect Contacts Youth
Year	Target	Target	Target	Target
2008	20481	118500	2052	9755
2009	20481	118500	2052	9755
2010	20481	118500	2052	9755
2011	29481	118500	2052	9755
2012	20481	118500	2052	9755

2. (Standard Research Target) Number of Patents

Expected Patents

2008 :0 2009 :0 2010 :0 2011 :0 2012 :0

3. Expected Peer Review Publications

Year	Research Target	Extension Target
2008	0	0
2009	0	0
2010	0	0
2011	0	0
2012	0	0

V(H). State Defined Outputs

1. Output Target

- Number of agriculture training activities

2008 :428 2009 :428 2010 :428 2011 :428 2012 :428

- Number of educational agriculture materials created or updated

2008 :47 2009 :47 2010 :47 2011 :47 2012 :47

- Number of educational agriculture materials distributed.

2008 :556 2009 :556 2010 :556 2011 :556 2012 :556

- Number of people receiving agriculture educational materials.

2008 :12620 2009 :12620 2010 :12620 2011 :12620 2012 :12620

- Number of new counties participating in agriculture initiatives.

2008 :9 2009 :9 2010 :9 2011 :9 2012 :9

- Number of new outside organizations or groups participating in agriculture initiatives this year.

2008 :8 2009 :8 2010 :8 2011 :8 2012 :8

- Number of new grants and contracts supporting initiatives in agriculture production and marketing.

2008 :7 2009 :7 2010 :7 2011 :7 2012 :7

- Number of referrals of agriculture production and marketing questions.

2008 :100 2009 :100 2010 :100 2011 :100 2012 :100

- Number of site visits annually.

2008 :200 2009 :200 2010 :200 2011 :200 2012 :200

V(I). State Defined Outcome

1. Outcome Target

Number of agriculture production and marketing program participants who increased their knowledge.

2. Outcome Type : Change in Knowledge Outcome Measure

2008 :5925 2009 : 5925 2010 : 5925 2011 :5925 2012 : 5925

3. Associated Knowledge Area(s)

- 102 - Soil, Plant, Water, Nutrient Relationships
- 111 - Conservation and Efficient Use of Water
- 205 - Plant Management Systems
- 206 - Basic Plant Biology
- 211 - Insects, Mites, and Other Arthropods Affecting Plants
- 212 - Pathogens and Nematodes Affecting Plants
- 213 - Weeds Affecting Plants
- 215 - Biological Control of Pests Affecting Plants
- 216 - Integrated Pest Management Systems
- 307 - Animal Management Systems
- 308 - Improved Animal Products (Before Harvest)
- 311 - Animal Diseases
- 401 - Structures, Facilities, and General Purpose Farm Supplies
- 501 - New and Improved Food Processing Technologies
- 503 - Quality Maintenance in Storing and Marketing Food Products
- 504 - Home and Commercial Food Service
- 603 - Market Economics
- 604 - Marketing and Distribution Practices
- 607 - Consumer Economics
- 711 - Ensure Food Products Free of Harmful Chemicals, Including Residues from Agricultural and Other Sources.

1. Outcome Target

Number of agriculture production and marketing participants who changed their attitudes or opinions.

2. Outcome Type : Change in Knowledge Outcome Measure

2008 :680 **2009** : 680 **2010** : 680 **2011** :680 **2012** : 680

3. Associated Knowledge Area(s)

- 102 - Soil, Plant, Water, Nutrient Relationships
- 111 - Conservation and Efficient Use of Water
- 205 - Plant Management Systems
- 206 - Basic Plant Biology
- 211 - Insects, Mites, and Other Arthropods Affecting Plants
- 212 - Pathogens and Nematodes Affecting Plants
- 213 - Weeds Affecting Plants
- 215 - Biological Control of Pests Affecting Plants
- 216 - Integrated Pest Management Systems
- 307 - Animal Management Systems
- 308 - Improved Animal Products (Before Harvest)
- 311 - Animal Diseases
- 401 - Structures, Facilities, and General Purpose Farm Supplies
- 501 - New and Improved Food Processing Technologies
- 503 - Quality Maintenance in Storing and Marketing Food Products
- 504 - Home and Commercial Food Service
- 603 - Market Economics
- 604 - Marketing and Distribution Practices
- 607 - Consumer Economics
- 711 - Ensure Food Products Free of Harmful Chemicals, Including Residues from Agricultural and Other Sources.

1. Outcome Target

Number of agriculture production and marketing participants who improved their skill level.

2. Outcome Type : Change in Knowledge Outcome Measure

2008 :480 **2009** : 480 **2010** : 480 **2011** :480 **2012** : 480

3. Associated Knowledge Area(s)

- 102 - Soil, Plant, Water, Nutrient Relationships
- 111 - Conservation and Efficient Use of Water
- 205 - Plant Management Systems
- 206 - Basic Plant Biology
- 211 - Insects, Mites, and Other Arthropods Affecting Plants
- 212 - Pathogens and Nematodes Affecting Plants

- 213 - Weeds Affecting Plants
- 215 - Biological Control of Pests Affecting Plants
- 216 - Integrated Pest Management Systems
- 307 - Animal Management Systems
- 308 - Improved Animal Products (Before Harvest)
- 311 - Animal Diseases
- 401 - Structures, Facilities, and General Purpose Farm Supplies
- 501 - New and Improved Food Processing Technologies
- 503 - Quality Maintenance in Storing and Marketing Food Products
- 504 - Home and Commercial Food Service
- 603 - Market Economics
- 604 - Marketing and Distribution Practices
- 607 - Consumer Economics
- 711 - Ensure Food Products Free of Harmful Chemicals, Including Residues from Agricultural and Other Sources.

1. Outcome Target

Number of agriculture production and marketing participants who increased their motivation to adopt a skill or accomplish an activity.

2. Outcome Type : Change in Knowledge Outcome Measure

2008 :345 **2009** : 345 **2010** : 345 **2011** :345 **2012** : 345

3. Associated Knowledge Area(s)

- 102 - Soil, Plant, Water, Nutrient Relationships
- 111 - Conservation and Efficient Use of Water
- 205 - Plant Management Systems
- 206 - Basic Plant Biology
- 211 - Insects, Mites, and Other Arthropods Affecting Plants
- 212 - Pathogens and Nematodes Affecting Plants
- 213 - Weeds Affecting Plants
- 215 - Biological Control of Pests Affecting Plants
- 216 - Integrated Pest Management Systems
- 307 - Animal Management Systems
- 308 - Improved Animal Products (Before Harvest)
- 311 - Animal Diseases
- 401 - Structures, Facilities, and General Purpose Farm Supplies
- 501 - New and Improved Food Processing Technologies
- 503 - Quality Maintenance in Storing and Marketing Food Products
- 504 - Home and Commercial Food Service

- 603 - Market Economics
- 604 - Marketing and Distribution Practices
- 607 - Consumer Economics
- 711 - Ensure Food Products Free of Harmful Chemicals, Including Residues from Agricultural and Other Sources.

1. Outcome Target

Number of agriculture production and marketing participants who adopt a skill.

2. Outcome Type : Change in Action Outcome Measure

2008 :331 **2009** : 331 **2010** : 331 **2011** :331 **2012** : 331

3. Associated Knowledge Area(s)

- 102 - Soil, Plant, Water, Nutrient Relationships
- 111 - Conservation and Efficient Use of Water
- 205 - Plant Management Systems
- 206 - Basic Plant Biology
- 211 - Insects, Mites, and Other Arthropods Affecting Plants
- 212 - Pathogens and Nematodes Affecting Plants
- 213 - Weeds Affecting Plants
- 215 - Biological Control of Pests Affecting Plants
- 216 - Integrated Pest Management Systems
- 307 - Animal Management Systems
- 308 - Improved Animal Products (Before Harvest)
- 311 - Animal Diseases
- 401 - Structures, Facilities, and General Purpose Farm Supplies
- 501 - New and Improved Food Processing Technologies
- 503 - Quality Maintenance in Storing and Marketing Food Products
- 504 - Home and Commercial Food Service
- 603 - Market Economics
- 604 - Marketing and Distribution Practices
- 607 - Consumer Economics
- 711 - Ensure Food Products Free of Harmful Chemicals, Including Residues from Agricultural and Other Sources.

1. Outcome Target

Number of agriculture production and marketing participants who changed a habit or procedure.

2. Outcome Type : Change in Action Outcome Measure

2008 :325 **2009** : 325 **2010** : 325 **2011** :325 **2012** : 325

3. Associated Knowledge Area(s)

- 102 - Soil, Plant, Water, Nutrient Relationships

- 111 - Conservation and Efficient Use of Water
- 205 - Plant Management Systems
- 206 - Basic Plant Biology
- 211 - Insects, Mites, and Other Arthropods Affecting Plants
- 212 - Pathogens and Nematodes Affecting Plants
- 213 - Weeds Affecting Plants
- 215 - Biological Control of Pests Affecting Plants
- 216 - Integrated Pest Management Systems
- 307 - Animal Management Systems
- 308 - Improved Animal Products (Before Harvest)
- 311 - Animal Diseases
- 401 - Structures, Facilities, and General Purpose Farm Supplies
- 501 - New and Improved Food Processing Technologies
- 503 - Quality Maintenance in Storing and Marketing Food Products
- 504 - Home and Commercial Food Service
- 603 - Market Economics
- 604 - Marketing and Distribution Practices
- 607 - Consumer Economics

1. Outcome Target

Number of groups or organizations that collaborated with agriculture production and marketing initiatives.

2. Outcome Type : Change in Action Outcome Measure

2008 :39 **2009 :** 39 **2010 :** 39 **2011 :**39 **2012 :** 39

3. Associated Knowledge Area(s)

- 102 - Soil, Plant, Water, Nutrient Relationships
- 111 - Conservation and Efficient Use of Water
- 205 - Plant Management Systems
- 206 - Basic Plant Biology
- 211 - Insects, Mites, and Other Arthropods Affecting Plants
- 212 - Pathogens and Nematodes Affecting Plants
- 213 - Weeds Affecting Plants
- 215 - Biological Control of Pests Affecting Plants
- 216 - Integrated Pest Management Systems
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- 308 - Improved Animal Products (Before Harvest)
- 311 - Animal Diseases

- 401 - Structures, Facilities, and General Purpose Farm Supplies
- 501 - New and Improved Food Processing Technologies
- 503 - Quality Maintenance in Storing and Marketing Food Products
- 504 - Home and Commercial Food Service
- 603 - Market Economics
- 604 - Marketing and Distribution Practices
- 607 - Consumer Economics
- 711 - Ensure Food Products Free of Harmful Chemicals, Including Residues from Agricultural and Other Sources.

1. Outcome Target

Number of new initiatives in agriculture production and marketing that were implemented this year.

2. Outcome Type : Change in Action Outcome Measure

2008 :2 2009 : 2 2010 : 2 2011 :2 2012 : 2

3. Associated Knowledge Area(s)

- 102 - Soil, Plant, Water, Nutrient Relationships
- 111 - Conservation and Efficient Use of Water
- 205 - Plant Management Systems
- 206 - Basic Plant Biology
- 211 - Insects, Mites, and Other Arthropods Affecting Plants
- 212 - Pathogens and Nematodes Affecting Plants
- 213 - Weeds Affecting Plants
- 215 - Biological Control of Pests Affecting Plants
- 216 - Integrated Pest Management Systems
- 307 - Animal Management Systems
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- 311 - Animal Diseases
- 401 - Structures, Facilities, and General Purpose Farm Supplies
- 501 - New and Improved Food Processing Technologies
- 503 - Quality Maintenance in Storing and Marketing Food Products
- 504 - Home and Commercial Food Service
- 603 - Market Economics
- 604 - Marketing and Distribution Practices
- 607 - Consumer Economics
- 711 - Ensure Food Products Free of Harmful Chemicals, Including Residues from Agricultural and Other Sources.

1. Outcome Target

Amount of money raised by agriculture production and marketing participants to support initiatives.

2. Outcome Type : Change in Action Outcome Measure

2008 :16000 **2009 :** 16000 **2010 :** 16000 **2011 :**16000 **2012 :** 16000

3. Associated Knowledge Area(s)

- 102 - Soil, Plant, Water, Nutrient Relationships
- 111 - Conservation and Efficient Use of Water
- 205 - Plant Management Systems
- 206 - Basic Plant Biology
- 211 - Insects, Mites, and Other Arthropods Affecting Plants
- 212 - Pathogens and Nematodes Affecting Plants
- 213 - Weeds Affecting Plants
- 215 - Biological Control of Pests Affecting Plants
- 216 - Integrated Pest Management Systems
- 307 - Animal Management Systems
- 308 - Improved Animal Products (Before Harvest)
- 311 - Animal Diseases
- 401 - Structures, Facilities, and General Purpose Farm Supplies
- 501 - New and Improved Food Processing Technologies
- 503 - Quality Maintenance in Storing and Marketing Food Products
- 504 - Home and Commercial Food Service
- 603 - Market Economics
- 604 - Marketing and Distribution Practices
- 607 - Consumer Economics
- 711 - Ensure Food Products Free of Harmful Chemicals, Including Residues from Agricultural and Other Sources.

1. Outcome Target

Number of agriculture production and marketing participants who improved their lives.

2. Outcome Type : Change in Condition Outcome Measure

2008 :350 **2009 :** 350 **2010 :** 350 **2011 :**350 **2012 :** 350

3. Associated Knowledge Area(s)

- 102 - Soil, Plant, Water, Nutrient Relationships
- 111 - Conservation and Efficient Use of Water
- 205 - Plant Management Systems
- 206 - Basic Plant Biology
- 211 - Insects, Mites, and Other Arthropods Affecting Plants
- 212 - Pathogens and Nematodes Affecting Plants
- 213 - Weeds Affecting Plants
- 215 - Biological Control of Pests Affecting Plants

- 216 - Integrated Pest Management Systems
- 307 - Animal Management Systems
- 308 - Improved Animal Products (Before Harvest)
- 311 - Animal Diseases
- 401 - Structures, Facilities, and General Purpose Farm Supplies
- 501 - New and Improved Food Processing Technologies
- 503 - Quality Maintenance in Storing and Marketing Food Products
- 504 - Home and Commercial Food Service
- 603 - Market Economics
- 604 - Marketing and Distribution Practices
- 607 - Consumer Economics
- 711 - Ensure Food Products Free of Harmful Chemicals, Including Residues from Agricultural and Other Sources.

1. Outcome Target

Number of groups or organizations that changed their structure, philosophy, or mission.

2. Outcome Type : Change in Condition Outcome Measure

2008 :1 **2009 : 1** **2010 : 1** **2011 :1** **2012 : 1**

3. Associated Knowledge Area(s)

- 102 - Soil, Plant, Water, Nutrient Relationships
- 111 - Conservation and Efficient Use of Water
- 205 - Plant Management Systems
- 206 - Basic Plant Biology
- 211 - Insects, Mites, and Other Arthropods Affecting Plants
- 212 - Pathogens and Nematodes Affecting Plants
- 213 - Weeds Affecting Plants
- 215 - Biological Control of Pests Affecting Plants
- 216 - Integrated Pest Management Systems
- 307 - Animal Management Systems
- 308 - Improved Animal Products (Before Harvest)
- 311 - Animal Diseases
- 401 - Structures, Facilities, and General Purpose Farm Supplies
- 501 - New and Improved Food Processing Technologies
- 503 - Quality Maintenance in Storing and Marketing Food Products
- 504 - Home and Commercial Food Service
- 603 - Market Economics
- 604 - Marketing and Distribution Practices

- 607 - Consumer Economics
- 711 - Ensure Food Products Free of Harmful Chemicals, Including Residues from Agricultural and Other Sources.

1. Outcome Target

Number of grass carp permitted by WV DNR because of changes in attitudes toward the environment.

2. Outcome Type : Change in Condition Outcome Measure

2008 :3000 2009 : 3000 2010 : 3000 2011 :3000 2012 : 3000

3. Associated Knowledge Area(s)

- 307 - Animal Management Systems

1. Outcome Target

Number of operations selling live trout and/or eggs.

2. Outcome Type : Change in Action Outcome Measure

2008 :28 2009 : 28 2010 : 28 2011 :28 2012 : 28

3. Associated Knowledge Area(s)

- 604 - Marketing and Distribution Practices

1. Outcome Target

Value of farm-raised trout >12" sold in WV

2. Outcome Type : Change in Condition Outcome Measure

2008 :200000 2009 : 200000 2010 : 200000 2011 :200000 2012 : 200000

3. Associated Knowledge Area(s)

- 603 - Market Economics

1. Outcome Target

Number of changes in the physical environment due to agriculture production and marketing efforts.

2. Outcome Type : Change in Condition Outcome Measure

2008 :70 2009 : 70 2010 : 70 2011 :70 2012 : 70

3. Associated Knowledge Area(s)

- 102 - Soil, Plant, Water, Nutrient Relationships
- 111 - Conservation and Efficient Use of Water
- 205 - Plant Management Systems
- 206 - Basic Plant Biology
- 211 - Insects, Mites, and Other Arthropods Affecting Plants
- 212 - Pathogens and Nematodes Affecting Plants
- 213 - Weeds Affecting Plants
- 215 - Biological Control of Pests Affecting Plants
- 216 - Integrated Pest Management Systems
- 307 - Animal Management Systems
- 308 - Improved Animal Products (Before Harvest)

- 311 - Animal Diseases
- 401 - Structures, Facilities, and General Purpose Farm Supplies
- 501 - New and Improved Food Processing Technologies
- 503 - Quality Maintenance in Storing and Marketing Food Products
- 504 - Home and Commercial Food Service
- 603 - Market Economics
- 604 - Marketing and Distribution Practices
- 607 - Consumer Economics
- 711 - Ensure Food Products Free of Harmful Chemicals, Including Residues from Agricultural and Other Sources.

1. Outcome Target

Number of changes in the social conditions due to efforts in agriculture production and marketing.

2. Outcome Type : Change in Condition Outcome Measure

2008 :3 2009 : 3 2010 : 3 2011 :3 2012 : 3

3. Associated Knowledge Area(s)

- 102 - Soil, Plant, Water, Nutrient Relationships
- 111 - Conservation and Efficient Use of Water
- 205 - Plant Management Systems
- 206 - Basic Plant Biology
- 211 - Insects, Mites, and Other Arthropods Affecting Plants
- 212 - Pathogens and Nematodes Affecting Plants
- 213 - Weeds Affecting Plants
- 215 - Biological Control of Pests Affecting Plants
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- 503 - Quality Maintenance in Storing and Marketing Food Products
- 504 - Home and Commercial Food Service
- 603 - Market Economics
- 604 - Marketing and Distribution Practices
- 607 - Consumer Economics
- 711 - Ensure Food Products Free of Harmful Chemicals, Including Residues from Agricultural and Other Sources.

1. Outcome Target

Number of changes in economic conditions due to efforts in agriculture production and marketing.

2. Outcome Type : Change in Knowledge Outcome Measure

2008 :420

2009 : 420

2010 : 420

2011 :420

2012 : 420

3. Associated Knowledge Area(s)

- 102 - Soil, Plant, Water, Nutrient Relationships
- 111 - Conservation and Efficient Use of Water
- 205 - Plant Management Systems
- 206 - Basic Plant Biology
- 211 - Insects, Mites, and Other Arthropods Affecting Plants
- 212 - Pathogens and Nematodes Affecting Plants
- 213 - Weeds Affecting Plants
- 215 - Biological Control of Pests Affecting Plants
- 216 - Integrated Pest Management Systems
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- 401 - Structures, Facilities, and General Purpose Farm Supplies
- 501 - New and Improved Food Processing Technologies
- 503 - Quality Maintenance in Storing and Marketing Food Products
- 504 - Home and Commercial Food Service
- 603 - Market Economics
- 604 - Marketing and Distribution Practices
- 711 - Ensure Food Products Free of Harmful Chemicals, Including Residues from Agricultural and Other Sources.

V(J). Planned Program (External Factors)

1. External Factors which may affect Outcomes

- Other (funding)
- Competing Public priorities
- Appropriations changes
- Competing Programmatic Challenges
- Natural Disasters (drought,weather extremes,etc.)
- Economy
- Populations changes (immigration,new cultural groupings,etc.)
- Public Policy changes
- Government Regulations

Description

Natural disasters, economy, and external funding for the BQA program could affect program delivery, particularly certification programs. Government regulations and policy can change the marketplace with a change in animal health or disease alerts or quarantines. A change in energy policy or continued increase in cost will affect the market drastically due to transportation of

cattle feed resources and fertilizers. Natural disasters such as droughts, floods, and hurricanes tend to have a long-term effect on regional markets. State and Federal appropriations may change. The WV economy may have a turndown. The small ruminant sector is hanging on because there is a potential for great profit, at least with sheep. The predator issue has pushed several people out of the business, but the high market price is attracting them. Animal disease outbreaks tend to put a lot of uncertainty in the livestock marketplace.

V(K). Planned Program (Evaluation Studies and Data Collection)

1. Evaluation Studies Planned

- Before-After (before and after program)
- Case Study
- After Only (post program)
- Retrospective (post program)
- Other (audits)
- Comparisons between program participants (individuals,group,organizations) and non-participants
- During (during program)

Description

Producer audits are planned for 10% of the certified producers each year. Producers who are required to be certified as a prerequisite will be audited annually. Periodic surveys will be conducted to determine how to reach producers who have elected not to attend the certification programs. Participation in marketing programs and annual economic analysis of data will be performed. Observation techniques will be used to assess the success of programs.

2. Data Collection Methods

- Whole population
- On-Site
- Portfolio Reviews
- Mail
- Case Study
- Observation
- Structured
- Sampling
- Telephone
- Unstructured

Description

Same as above

V(A). Planned Program (Summary)**1. Name of the Planned Program**

Community Development

2. Brief summary about Planned Program

The Community Development program area promotes job growth and local economic development by helping communities identify the concerns and barriers to survival and growth that local businesses and local governments face. As part of this program area, the Community Development Institute East, a joint effort of WVU-ES and the WV Development Office, offers three, one-week seminars in community planning and development. A research-based downtown revitalization curriculum is being developed about the issues and strategies involved in successful downtown revitalization projects. It will include a one-stop shop on the web for materials, resources and links to other downtown revitalization programs. The First Impressions program uses an "amenities" approach to community and economic development. It provides a mechanism for helping communities to prioritize community appearance needs, raise local awareness, and lead community action projects. The Independent Retail Assessment Program (IRAP) improves the competitiveness and long-term viability of independent rural retailers. The Community Development program area also provides services and information about community development to governments, communities, organizations, and individuals.

3. Program existence : Mature (More than five years)

4. Program duration : Long-Term (More than five years)

5. Expending formula funds or state-matching funds : Yes

6. Expending other than formula funds or state-matching funds : No

V(B). Program Knowledge Area(s)**1. Program Knowledge Areas and Percentage**

- 602 10% Business Management, Finance, and Taxation
- 603 10% Market Economics
- 604 10% Marketing and Distribution Practices
- 607 10% Consumer Economics
- 608 30% Community Resource Planning and Development
- 610 10% Domestic Policy Analysis
- 803 10% Sociological and Technological Change Affecting Individuals, Families and Communities
- 805 10% Community Institutions, Health, and Social Services

V(C). Planned Program (Situation and Scope)**1. Situation and priorities**

Counties and municipalities are increasingly being expected to take action that fosters community and economic development. The eight of ten most pressing issues facing local governments are related to development, according to a statewide survey in West Virginia in 2000. West Virginia ranks near the bottom on many measures of community vitality and economic health. The appearance and aesthetics of many WV communities have suffered as a result of the restructuring of the economy during the past 40 years. Communities often attempt to improve in a haphazard way with very little outside evaluation. More and more communities are recognizing the economic and social value of their downtowns. Many West Virginia towns and cities are interested in initiating downtown revitalization programs to improve the community's capacity to attract businesses and to make them a more desirable place to live, work, and visit. Improving the physical appearance and aesthetics of a community or downtown area involves creating a positive first impression and visual message about what a place has to offer. Access to information about downtown revitalization is needed in West Virginia. The viability of local retail business and the attraction of new retail business to downtown locations have become a pressing problem for many WV communities. Many would argue that these problems weaken local culture and community vibrancy.

2. Scope of the Program

- In-State Extension

V(D). Planned Program (Assumptions and Goals)

1. Assumptions made for the Program

The comprehensive program curriculum of the Community Development Institute East is designed to meet the increasing challenges facing community developers and is applicable for community leaders from towns and cities of all sizes. It develops an individual's ability to identify community problems, encourages interagency cooperation, stimulates community interactions, and supports competitive economic and human resource development. The First Impression program uses an "amenities" approach to community and economic development that will help communities prioritize community appearance/aesthetics issues, raise local awareness, and encourage community action. Research-based materials, resources, and links to other programs can be combined to provide a one-stop shop for easy access to downtown revitalization information and the research-based downtown revitalization curriculum can educate both WVU-ES professionals and stakeholders. A favorable business climate is necessary for businesses to survive and be competitive. The Community Development program provides assistance to businesses by developing a BR&E guide to service providers for the specific needs of the business community. Finally, external consultants are needed to help provide solutions for local governments and their communities and WVUES can provide the expertise local governments need at minimal cost.

2. Ultimate goal(s) of this Program

- 1) West Virginia businesses will become stronger and will continue to provide jobs for West Virginia citizens.
- 2) Program participants will identify community problems, set goals, and work collaboratively to support local economic and human resource development, and improve community appearance and aesthetics.
- 3) Downtowns across West Virginia will be revitalized.
- 4) Elected officials will improve governance and administrative functions to build local capacity for sustainable communities.
- 5) WVU-ES will be recognized a source of education and training on community development.

V(E). Planned Program (Inputs)

1. Estimated Number of professional FTE/SYs to be budgeted for this Program

Year	Extension		Research	
	1862	1890	1862	1890
2008	7.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
2009	7.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
2010	7.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
2011	7.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
2012	7.0	0.0	0.0	0.0

V(F). Planned Program (Activity)

1. Activity for the Program

The Community Development planned program includes the following initiatives: Community Development Institute, First Impressions, Downtown Revitalization, Government, Planning, and Public Policy, Independent Retail Assessment, and Business Retention and Expansion. Specific activities include recruit volunteer visitors, visiting businesses and communities, conducting interview/surveys, analyzing and reporting results, developing recommendations, developing and administering trainings and curriculum modules, and evaluating the program.

2. Type(s) of methods to be used to reach direct and indirect contacts

Extension	
Direct Methods	Indirect Methods
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> ● Other 1 (community assessments) ● One-on-One Intervention ● Workshop ● Demonstrations ● Group Discussion ● Education Class 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> ● Newsletters ● Web sites ● Public Service Announcement

3. Description of targeted audience

Local businesses, community-based organizations, elected officials, community leaders, community residents, and WVU-ES professionals.

V(G). Planned Program (Outputs)

1. Standard output measures

Target for the number of persons(contacts) to be reached through direct and indirect contact methods

	Direct Contacts Adults	Indirect Contacts Adults	Direct Contacts Youth	Indirect Contacts Youth
Year	Target	Target	Target	Target
2008	500	1500	50	100
2009	500	1500	50	100
2010	500	1500	50	100
2011	500	1500	50	100
2012	500	1500	50	100

2. (Standard Research Target) Number of Patents

Expected Patents

2008 :0 2009 :0 2010 :0 2011 :0 2012 :0

3. Expected Peer Review Publications

Year	Research Target	Extension Target
2008	0	0
2009	0	0
2010	0	0
2011	0	0
2012	0	0

V(H). State Defined Outputs

1. Output Target

- Number of training activities in community development.

2008 :12 2009 :12 2010 : 12 2011 :12 2012 :12

- Number of educational materials in community development created or updated.

2008 :20 2009 :20 2010 : 20 2011 :20 2012 :20

- Number of educational materials in community development distributed.

2008 :12 2009 :12 2010 : 12 2011 :12 2012 :12

- Number of people receiving educational materials related to community development.

2008 :150 2009 :150 2010 : 150 2011 :150 2012 :150

- Number of new counties participating in community development initiatives this year.

2008 :5 2009 :5 2010 : 5 2011 :5 2012 :5

- Number of new outside organizations or groups participating in community development initiatives this year.

2008 :25 2009 :25 2010 : 25 2011 :25 2012 :25

- Number of new grants and contracts supporting initiatives in community development.

2008 :5 2009 :5 2010 : 5 2011 :5 2012 :5

- Number of public officials receiving education, training, and materials through community development programmatic efforts.

2008 :25 2009 :25 2010 : 25 2011 :25 2012 :25

V(I). State Defined Outcome

1. Outcome Target

Number of participants who increased their knowledge of community development.

2. Outcome Type : Change in Knowledge Outcome Measure

2008 :3000 2009 : 3000 2010 : 3000 2011 :3000 2012 : 3000

3. Associated Knowledge Area(s)

- 602 - Business Management, Finance, and Taxation
- 603 - Market Economics
- 604 - Marketing and Distribution Practices
- 607 - Consumer Economics
- 608 - Community Resource Planning and Development
- 610 - Domestic Policy Analysis
- 803 - Sociological and Technological Change Affecting Individuals, Families and Communities
- 805 - Community Institutions, Health, and Social Services

1. Outcome Target

Number of participants who changed their attitudes or opinions of issues related to community development.

2. Outcome Type : Change in Knowledge Outcome Measure

2008 :200 **2009 : 200** **2010 : 200** **2011 :200** **2012 : 200**

3. Associated Knowledge Area(s)

- 602 - Business Management, Finance, and Taxation
- 603 - Market Economics
- 604 - Marketing and Distribution Practices
- 607 - Consumer Economics
- 608 - Community Resource Planning and Development
- 610 - Domestic Policy Analysis
- 803 - Sociological and Technological Change Affecting Individuals, Families and Communities
- 805 - Community Institutions, Health, and Social Services

1. Outcome Target

Number of participants who improved skills related to community development.

2. Outcome Type : Change in Knowledge Outcome Measure

2008 :200 **2009 : 200** **2010 : 200** **2011 :200** **2012 : 200**

3. Associated Knowledge Area(s)

- 602 - Business Management, Finance, and Taxation
- 603 - Market Economics
- 604 - Marketing and Distribution Practices
- 607 - Consumer Economics
- 608 - Community Resource Planning and Development
- 610 - Domestic Policy Analysis
- 803 - Sociological and Technological Change Affecting Individuals, Families and Communities
- 805 - Community Institutions, Health, and Social Services

1. Outcome Target

Number of groups or organizations that collaborate with WVU-ES community development initiatives.

2. Outcome Type : Change in Action Outcome Measure

2008 :20 **2009 : 20** **2010 : 20** **2011 :20** **2012 : 20**

3. Associated Knowledge Area(s)

- 602 - Business Management, Finance, and Taxation
- 603 - Market Economics
- 604 - Marketing and Distribution Practices
- 607 - Consumer Economics
- 608 - Community Resource Planning and Development

- 610 - Domestic Policy Analysis
- 803 - Sociological and Technological Change Affecting Individuals, Families and Communities
- 805 - Community Institutions, Health, and Social Services

1. Outcome Target

Number of new initiatives in community development that have been implemented by WVU-ES.

2. Outcome Type : Change in Action Outcome Measure

2008 :2 2009 : 2 2010 : 2 2011 :2 2012 : 2

3. Associated Knowledge Area(s)

- 602 - Business Management, Finance, and Taxation
- 603 - Market Economics
- 604 - Marketing and Distribution Practices
- 607 - Consumer Economics
- 608 - Community Resource Planning and Development
- 610 - Domestic Policy Analysis
- 803 - Sociological and Technological Change Affecting Individuals, Families and Communities

1. Outcome Target

Amount of money raised by program participants that supports community development initiatives.

2. Outcome Type : Change in Action Outcome Measure

2008 :7500 2009 : 7500 2010 : 7500 2011 :7500 2012 : 7500

3. Associated Knowledge Area(s)

- 602 - Business Management, Finance, and Taxation
- 603 - Market Economics
- 604 - Marketing and Distribution Practices
- 607 - Consumer Economics
- 608 - Community Resource Planning and Development
- 610 - Domestic Policy Analysis
- 803 - Sociological and Technological Change Affecting Individuals, Families and Communities
- 805 - Community Institutions, Health, and Social Services

1. Outcome Target

Number of groups or organizations that changed their structure, philosophy, or mission due to community development initiatives.

2. Outcome Type : Change in Condition Outcome Measure

2008 :5 2009 : 5 2010 : 5 2011 :5 2012 : 5

3. Associated Knowledge Area(s)

- 602 - Business Management, Finance, and Taxation
- 603 - Market Economics

- 604 - Marketing and Distribution Practices
- 607 - Consumer Economics
- 608 - Community Resource Planning and Development
- 610 - Domestic Policy Analysis
- 803 - Sociological and Technological Change Affecting Individuals, Families and Communities
- 805 - Community Institutions, Health, and Social Services

1. Outcome Target

Number of changes in the physical environment related to community development initiatives.

2. Outcome Type : Change in Condition Outcome Measure

2008 :35 2009 : 35 2010 : 35 2011 :35 2012 : 35

3. Associated Knowledge Area(s)

- 602 - Business Management, Finance, and Taxation
- 603 - Market Economics
- 604 - Marketing and Distribution Practices
- 607 - Consumer Economics
- 803 - Sociological and Technological Change Affecting Individuals, Families and Communities
- 805 - Community Institutions, Health, and Social Services

1. Outcome Target

Number of changes in social conditions due to community development initiatives.

2. Outcome Type : Change in Condition Outcome Measure

2008 :5 2009 : 5 2010 : 5 2011 :5 2012 : 5

3. Associated Knowledge Area(s)

- 602 - Business Management, Finance, and Taxation
- 603 - Market Economics
- 604 - Marketing and Distribution Practices
- 607 - Consumer Economics
- 608 - Community Resource Planning and Development
- 610 - Domestic Policy Analysis
- 803 - Sociological and Technological Change Affecting Individuals, Families and Communities
- 805 - Community Institutions, Health, and Social Services

1. Outcome Target

Number of changes in economic conditions due to community development initiatives.

2. Outcome Type : Change in Condition Outcome Measure

2008 :10 2009 : 10 2010 : 10 2011 :10 2012 : 10

3. Associated Knowledge Area(s)

- 602 - Business Management, Finance, and Taxation

- 603 - Market Economics
- 604 - Marketing and Distribution Practices
- 607 - Consumer Economics
- 608 - Community Resource Planning and Development
- 610 - Domestic Policy Analysis
- 803 - Sociological and Technological Change Affecting Individuals, Families and Communities
- 805 - Community Institutions, Health, and Social Services

V(J). Planned Program (External Factors)

1. External Factors which may affect Outcomes

- Public Policy changes
- Economy
- Competing Programatic Challenges
- Appropriations changes
- Competing Public priorities
- Populations changes (immigration,new cultural groupings,etc.)

Description

Changes in community demographics and the economy at the local, regional, and national levels will have an impact on the competitiveness of small businesses as well as access to resources. Stakeholders may turn to other agencies for help with business retention and expansion programs. Communities rely on a revolving intergenerational pool of volunteers to carry out community development efforts. When the economy is stagnant or in decline, resources become scarce and priorities shift. This situation can result in increased competition for dollars, loss of public priority for programs and projects, unfinished projects, and increased competition among service providers. Changing staffing patterns in small communities may make it difficult to obtain a high response rate to downtown revitalizations surveys.

V(K). Planned Program (Evaluation Studies and Data Collection)

1. Evaluation Studies Planned

- After Only (post program)
- Retrospective (post program)
- Comparison between locales where the program operates and sites without program intervention
- Before-After (before and after program)
- Comparisons between program participants (individuals,group,organizations) and non-participants
- Case Study
- During (during program)

Description

Assessment of community efforts. Follow-up on recommendations. Pre- and post-testing of workshops and educational sessions. Observations of revitalization efforts. Needs assessments of communities, government officials, Extension professionals.

2. Data Collection Methods

- Telephone
- On-Site
- Case Study
- Observation
- Whole population
- Structured
- Unstructured
- Mail
- Portfolio Reviews

Description

{NO DATA ENTERED}

V(A). Planned Program (Summary)**1. Name of the Planned Program**

Culture, Tourism, and Experiential Education

2. Brief summary about Planned Program

This planned program enhances knowledge and awareness in heritage culture and tourism in West Virginia at local, regional, and state levels and offers educational programs for adult and youth highlighting heritage activities. . The Fairs and Festivals initiative is designed to help local fair and festival boards improve their programs. Each year, we assist two fairs or festivals and train 30 volunteer visitors and 50 community leaders We make recommendations to the fair boards of each community and follow the progress of the communities in making changes to their fairs and festivals. The program also promotes the Jackson's Mill historic area throughout the state. Program participants are involvement in the WV Association of Fairs and Festivals. The Experiential Learning initiative conducts high-performance team-building sessions to enhance the performance of each program team.

3. Program existence : Intermediate (One to five years)

4. Program duration : Long-Term (More than five years)

5. Expending formula funds or state-matching funds : Yes

6. Expending other than formula funds or state-matching funds : No

V(B). Program Knowledge Area(s)**1. Program Knowledge Areas and Percentage**

- 605 20% Natural Resource and Environmental Economics
- 801 10% Individual and Family Resource Management
- 803 20% Sociological and Technological Change Affecting Individuals, Families and Communities
- 805 10% Community Institutions, Health, and Social Services
- 806 10% Youth Development
- 903 30% Communication, Education, and Information Delivery

V(C). Planned Program (Situation and Scope)**1. Situation and priorities**

WV is an economically disadvantaged state with a rich cultural heritage. Tourism is a way to use the state's heritage to help it economically. Educational efforts about WV's heritage will foster pride and demonstrate what a valuable resource cultural heritage can be. Fairs and festivals have grown in popularity in recent years. They give the community an opportunity to provide a fun activity for residents and entice out-of-towners to come for a visit. Because most festival themes are connected to the cultural heritage of the community, they contribute in a big way to the development of a local identity, increasing community pride. They can also provide various economic benefits. Fairs and festivals draw residents' attention to their community's positive assets. In addition, these events can attract the participation of residents who have not previously been involved in other community projects, thus increasing the pool of event organizers and new community leaders. There are drawbacks, however. Sometimes they can end up being complete failures with economic and social consequences for the host community. These events are labor intensive and typically involve months of planning by fair boards and civic organizations, resulting in an event that is repeated only annually. Programs are needed to help identify needs for additional leadership, to improve the educational, cultural, and financial contributions to communities; to enhance the connection between the event and the community; and to strengthen regional tourism linkages.

2. Scope of the Program

- In-State Extension

V(D). Planned Program (Assumptions and Goals)**1. Assumptions made for the Program**

The program are provides a fresh perspective on fair or festival events. Local communities and the Jackson's Mill community can build collaborations within the State that can assist Extension in marketing its products, including conferencing at Jackson's Mill.

Program participants also provide a mechanism for helping fair and festival boards improve their events. There is a demand for heritage education in West Virginia. West Virginia is unique as a tourism destination with focus on heritage, culture, and recreation. By partnering with local county school systems, youths and educators will become excited about the programs we bring into their schools.

2. Ultimate goal(s) of this Program

- 1) Fair and festival boards will improve their events.
- 2) Citizens of West Virginia will increase their awareness of Extension programs and the benefits of holding events at Jackson's Mill Conference Center.
- 3) Program participants will increase their knowledge of the heritage of West Virginia.
- 4) Heritage and tourism activities will be increased in the State.
- 5) Extension teams will increase their performance level through experiential learning.

V(E). Planned Program (Inputs)

1. Estimated Number of professional FTE/SYs to be budgeted for this Program

Year	Extension		Research	
	1862	1890	1862	1890
2008	2.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
2009	2.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
2010	2.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
2011	2.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
2012	2.0	0.0	0.0	0.0

V(F). Planned Program (Activity)

1. Activity for the Program

This planned program includes initiatives in experiential learning, fairs and festivals held locally and at WVU Jackson't Mill Conference Center, "Historic Areas," "History Hits the Road," "Tourism, and Culture and Arts." Includes activities such as conducting programs at two fairs or festivals per year, recruiting volunteer visitors, conducting site visits, writing recommendations and following progress, and working with local festival boards and the WV Fairs and Festivals Association. The plan program also offers trainings in experiential learning for Extension teams and youth.

2. Type(s) of methods to be used to reach direct and indirect contacts

Extension	
Direct Methods	Indirect Methods
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> ● One-on-One Intervention ● Group Discussion ● Workshop ● Education Class 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> ● Billboards ● Web sites ● Public Service Announcement ● Newsletters ● TV Media Programs

3. Description of targeted audience

This program is directed toward fair and festival boards, local community-based organizations, elected officials, community leaders, and community residents. It also targets Extension team members and youth in schools and 4-H clubs.

V(G). Planned Program (Outputs)

1. Standard output measures

Target for the number of persons(contacts) to be reached through direct and indirect contact methods

	Direct Contacts Adults	Indirect Contacts Adults	Direct Contacts Youth	Indirect Contacts Youth
Year	Target	Target	Target	Target
2008	17000	50000	18000	50000
2009	17000	50000	18000	50000
2010	17000	50000	18000	50000
2011	17000	50000	18000	50000
2012	17000	50000	18000	50000

2. (Standard Research Target) Number of Patents

Expected Patents

2008 :0 2009 :0 2010 :0 2011 :0 2012 :0

3. Expected Peer Review Publications

Year	Research Target	Extension Target
2008	0	0
2009	0	0
2010	0	0
2011	0	0
2012	0	0

V(H). State Defined Outputs

1. Output Target

- Number of training activities in culture, tourism or experiential learning.

2008 :25 2009 :25 2010 :25 2011 :25 2012 :25

- Number of educational materials on culture, tourism, or experiential learning that has been created or updated.

2008 :5 2009 :5 2010 :5 2011 :5 2012 :5

- Number of educational materials in culture, tourism, or experiential education that are distributed.

2008 :5000 2009 :5000 2010 :5000 2011 :5000 2012 :5000

- Number of people receiving educational materials.

2008 :5000 2009 :5000 2010 :5000 2011 :5000 2012 :5000

- Number of new counties participating in culture, tourism and experiential learning initiatives.

2008 :10 2009 :10 2010 : 10 2011 :10 2012 :10

- Number of new outside organizations or groups that are participating in culture, tourism, and experiential learning initiatives with Extension.

2008 :10 2009 :10 2010 : 10 2011 :10 2012 :10

V(I). State Defined Outcome

1. Outcome Target

Number of participants who increased their knowledge about culture, tourism, or experiential learning.

2. Outcome Type : Change in Knowledge Outcome Measure

2008 :450 2009 : 450 2010 : 450 2011 :450 2012 : 450

3. Associated Knowledge Area(s)

- 605 - Natural Resource and Environmental Economics
- 801 - Individual and Family Resource Management
- 803 - Sociological and Technological Change Affecting Individuals, Families and Communities
- 805 - Community Institutions, Health, and Social Services
- 806 - Youth Development
- 903 - Communication, Education, and Information Delivery

1. Outcome Target

Number of participants who changed their attitudes or opinions about clture, tourism, or experiential learning.

2. Outcome Type : Change in Knowledge Outcome Measure

2008 :125 2009 : 125 2010 : 125 2011 :125 2012 : 125

3. Associated Knowledge Area(s)

- 605 - Natural Resource and Environmental Economics
- 801 - Individual and Family Resource Management
- 803 - Sociological and Technological Change Affecting Individuals, Families and Communities
- 805 - Community Institutions, Health, and Social Services
- 806 - Youth Development

1. Outcome Target

Number of participants who improved their skill level with regard to culture, tourism, or experiential learning.

2. Outcome Type : Change in Knowledge Outcome Measure

2008 :9000 2009 : 9000 2010 : 9000 2011 :9000 2012 : 9000

3. Associated Knowledge Area(s)

- 605 - Natural Resource and Environmental Economics
- 801 - Individual and Family Resource Management
- 803 - Sociological and Technological Change Affecting Individuals, Families and Communities
- 805 - Community Institutions, Health, and Social Services
- 903 - Communication, Education, and Information Delivery

1. Outcome Target

Number of participants in cultural, tourism, or experiential learning initiatives who increased their motivation to adopt a skill or accomplish an activity.

2. Outcome Type : Change in Knowledge Outcome Measure

2008 :3000 **2009 :** 3000 **2010 :** 3000 **2011 :**3000 **2012 :** 3000

3. Associated Knowledge Area(s)

- 605 - Natural Resource and Environmental Economics
- 801 - Individual and Family Resource Management
- 803 - Sociological and Technological Change Affecting Individuals, Families and Communities
- 805 - Community Institutions, Health, and Social Services
- 806 - Youth Development
- 903 - Communication, Education, and Information Delivery

1. Outcome Target

Number of groups or organizations that collaborated with you within your program area.

2. Outcome Type : Change in Action Outcome Measure

2008 :150 **2009 :** 150 **2010 :** 150 **2011 :**150 **2012 :** 150

3. Associated Knowledge Area(s)

- 605 - Natural Resource and Environmental Economics
- 801 - Individual and Family Resource Management
- 803 - Sociological and Technological Change Affecting Individuals, Families and Communities
- 805 - Community Institutions, Health, and Social Services
- 806 - Youth Development
- 903 - Communication, Education, and Information Delivery

1. Outcome Target

Number of changes in the physical environment due to cultural, tourism, or experiential initiatives.

2. Outcome Type : Change in Condition Outcome Measure

2008 :10 **2009 :** 10 **2010 :** 10 **2011 :**10 **2012 :** 10

3. Associated Knowledge Area(s)

- 605 - Natural Resource and Environmental Economics
- 801 - Individual and Family Resource Management
- 803 - Sociological and Technological Change Affecting Individuals, Families and Communities
- 805 - Community Institutions, Health, and Social Services
- 806 - Youth Development

V(J). Planned Program (External Factors)

1. External Factors which may affect Outcomes

- Competing Programatic Challenges
- Public Policy changes
- Populations changes (immigration,new cultural groupings,etc.)
- Natural Disasters (drought,weather extremes,etc.)
- Competing Public priorities
- Economy
- Appropriations changes

Description

Changing demographics can have a significant impact on the recruitment of new members to serve on a fair or festival board. Weather affects all outdoor programming, the poor economy, contiuyedeffects from the war, the No Child Left Behind Act which has hurt school budgets, pulic policy changes, and lack of gant money.

V(K). Planned Program (Evaluation Studies and Data Collection)

1. Evaluation Studies Planned

- After Only (post program)
- Retrospective (post program)
- Before-After (before and after program)
- Case Study
- During (during program)

Description

It is necessary to get as much feedback as possible to make improvements to the program. A program evaluation of past participants in the Fairs and Festival Program is planned every five years.

2. Data Collection Methods

- Observation
- Whole population
- Telephone
- Unstructured
- Structured
- Mail

Description

As components of a comprehensive program evaluation, two separate surveys will be designed to gather information regarding the process and impact of the program. A Volunteer Visitor Survey will be designed to review the program process related to the visitors and their experiences. Visitors will be asked to rank various aspects of the Fairs and Festivals Program and describe their perceptions of the process, the visitor's manual, and overall task. Additionally, a Fairs and Festivals Board Survey will be designed to review the program and describe their perceptions of the program process, outcome, and impact from the event board's perspective.

V(A). Planned Program (Summary)**1. Name of the Planned Program**

Environmental Stewardship

2. Brief summary about Planned Program

Within the environmental stewardship program area, West Virginia University Extension provides education and training, as required by state and federal law, to persons who use restricted-use pesticides to improve the skills of the pesticide applicator and bring about a change in applicator practices. Research in this program area is conducted to determine solutions to new pests, weed resistance to pesticides, and invasive species in West Virginia. The West Virginia Mid-Atlantic Information Network plays a major role in communicating information to stakeholders and policymakers who are active in decision-making about pesticides and in helping find alternatives to managing pests on important agricultural crops in West Virginia. The West Virginia Plant Diagnostics Network is a cohesive distribution system that quickly detects pests and pathogens that have been introduced into West Virginia agricultural and natural ecosystems, identifies them, and reports them to appropriate responders and decision-makers. This program supports West Virginia stakeholders by the early detection of pests and pathogens threatening agricultural commodities. Nutrient Management programs improve profitability of farm lands while maintaining and improving water quality. West Virginia is a livestock-dominated state, and proper storage and application of animal manures is critical to agricultural production and pollution prevention. All the farms in West Virginia use fertilizers and or manures to supply nutrients for forage and crop production. Farmers need programs to ensure economic sustainability, reduced losses of nutrients to the environment, and technology transfer to incorporate the latest science into their operations.

3. Program existence : Mature (More than five years)

4. Program duration : Long-Term (More than five years)

5. Expending formula funds or state-matching funds : Yes

6. Expending other than formula funds or state-matching funds : No

V(B). Program Knowledge Area(s)**1. Program Knowledge Areas and Percentage**

- 102 10% Soil, Plant, Water, Nutrient Relationships
- 133 2% Pollution Prevention and Mitigation
- 205 2% Plant Management Systems
- 211 35% Insects, Mites, and Other Arthropods Affecting Plants
- 212 35% Pathogens and Nematodes Affecting Plants
- 213 2% Weeds Affecting Plants
- 214 2% Vertebrates, Mollusks, and Other Pests Affecting Plants
- 216 10% Integrated Pest Management Systems
- 403 2% Waste Disposal, Recycling, and Reuse

V(C). Planned Program (Situation and Scope)**1. Situation and priorities**

The West Virginia University Extension Service has the responsibility of providing training, as required by state and federal law, to persons who use restricted use pesticides, both private and commercial pesticide applicators in the State. Stakeholders in agriculture need to be kept abreast of current trends in pest management. Pest management strategies are ever-changing and we must deal with restrictions on long-term use chemical pesticides. Alternative methods are needed in West Virginia. The crops requiring pest management are apples, peaches, small fruit, tomatoes, potatoes, sweet corn, and alfalfa and field corn. Pests and pathogens can be deliberately introduced into agricultural and natural ecosystems. Major plant crop loss can affect our agricultural economy, both in state and nationally. West Virginia is a member of the National Diagnostic Network which is made up of experts from the nation's land-grant universities. The network provides a cohesive distribution system to quickly detect pests and pathogens that have been deliberately introduced into agricultural and natural ecosystems, identify them, and report them to appropriate responders and decision makers. Nutrient Management programs improve profitability of farm lands while maintaining and improving water quality. West Virginia is a livestock-dominated state, and proper storage and application of animal manures is critical to agricultural production and pollution prevention. All the farms in West Virginia use fertilizers and or manures to supply

nutrients for forage and crop production. Farmers need programs to ensure economic sustainability, reduced losses of nutrients to the environment, and technology transfer to incorporate the latest science into their operations.

2. Scope of the Program

- Multistate Extension

V(D). Planned Program (Assumptions and Goals)

1. Assumptions made for the Program

Funding can be secured and state-wide programs can be offered with Extension support and State commercial associations. Information obtained from these sources offer information on the best practices. A funded program by USDA has been established to carry out the objectives of the Northeast Pest Management Center. West Virginia receives the Northeast Pest Management Center's updated information dealing with pesticides and the alternatives. Through information provided, policymakers and producers are assisted in making good policy and use decisions for pesticides. In West Virginia, Extension personnel communicate information to stakeholders who can play an active role with their comments in decision-making. State Association members also provide decision-making information. Rising cost of fertilizers worldwide is reducing the profit from all farming activity. Environmental regulations targeted to farm production to reduce the losses from fertilizers and animal manure applications are an emerging issue that landowners must deal with in the coming years. A strong nutrient management program is needed to train land managers so they can assist farms with environmental compliance and profitability. Weeds will continue to be a major pest in West Virginia. Crop resistance to pesticides evolve over time. New pests emerge from time to time. Invasive species are an emergent issue. Research is required to determine solutions to new pests.

2. Ultimate goal(s) of this Program

- 1) Pesticides applicators will make sound decisions about pesticide use through pesticide safety education, information on current technology, and help in selecting environmentally safe pesticides.
- 2) Agricultural stakeholders in West Virginia will use pest management tools that are based on sound policy.
- 3) WV farms will increase profitability because of improved fertilizer and manure nutrient use.
- 4) Water quality will improve statewide because of nutrient management plans that are implemented on farms.
- 5) Potential pest threats to West Virginia cropping systems will be contained or averted.

V(E). Planned Program (Inputs)

1. Estimated Number of professional FTE/SYs to be budgeted for this Program

Year	Extension		Research	
	1862	1890	1862	1890
2008	11.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
2009	11.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
2010	11.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
2011	11.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
2012	11.0	0.0	0.0	0.0

V(F). Planned Program (Activity)

1. Activity for the Program

--The Environmental Stewardship planned program includes the following initiatives: integrated pest management, Mid-Atlantic Information Network for Pesticides, nutrient management, pesticide safety education, and plant diagnostics. Activities include educational training including pesticide safety, involving, pest identification and newest pesticide technology and pest management alternatives, pesticide applicator recertification credit for private and commercial applicators, linking stakeholders, pest management advisory committee, communication with local and regional organizations such as the Northeast Pest Management Center and the Northeast Plan Diagnostic Network, computerized planning tool that will be adopted by all certified planners in WV, a web-based

plant diagnostic and reporting system, training for "first detectors" on techniques for identifying agro-terrorist threats, lists of significant hazardous agents to regional agricultural and natural ecosystems, new employee training, curriculum development, information and referral, programs on videotape, CDs, DVDs, presentations, and handout materials.

2. Type(s) of methods to be used to reach direct and indirect contacts

Extension	
Direct Methods	Indirect Methods
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> ● Education Class ● Workshop ● Demonstrations ● One-on-One Intervention ● Group Discussion ● Other 2 (research to develop software) ● Other 1 (videotapes, CD's, and presentati) 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> ● Public Service Announcement ● Newsletters ● Other 1 (journal articles)

3. Description of targeted audience

Private and commerical pesticide applicators in West Virginia, including growers, farmers, personnel of commerical businesses. Extension personnel, State Association members, the larger agricultural industry, Certified nutrient Management Planners Conservation Agency, and Master Gardners.

V(G). Planned Program (Outputs)

1. Standard output measures

Target for the number of persons(contacts) to be reached through direct and indirect contact methods

	Direct Contacts Adults	Indirect Contacts Adults	Direct Contacts Youth	Indirect Contacts Youth
Year	Target	Target	Target	Target
2008	11600	17000	120	5
2009	11600	17000	120	5
2010	11600	17000	120	5
2011	11600	17000	120	5
2012	11600	17000	120	5

2. (Standard Research Target) Number of Patents

Expected Patents

2008 :0 2009 :0 2010 :0 2011 :0 2012 :0

3. Expected Peer Review Publications

Year	Research Target	Extension Target
2008	0	0
2009	0	0
2010	0	0
2011	0	0
2012	0	0

V(H). State Defined Outputs

1. Output Target

- Number of training activities in environmental stewardship.

2008 :198 2009 :198 2010 : 198 2011 :198 2012 :198

- Number of educational materials in environmental stewardship created or updated.

2008 :15 2009 :15 2010 : 15 2011 :15 2012 :15

- Number of educational materials about environmental stewardship distributed.

2008 :1150 2009 :1150 2010 : 1150 2011 :1150 2012 :1150

- Number of people receiving educational materials about environmental stewardship.

2008 :2200 2009 :2200 2010 : 2200 2011 :2200 2012 :2200

- Number of new grants and contracts supporting initiatives in environmental stewardship.

2008 :8 2009 :8 2010 : 8 2011 :8 2012 :8

V(I). State Defined Outcome

1. Outcome Target

Number of participants who changed their attitudes or opinions about environmental stewardship.

2. Outcome Type : Change in Knowledge Outcome Measure

2008 :600 2009 : 600 2010 : 600 2011 :600 2012 : 600

3. Associated Knowledge Area(s)

- 102 - Soil, Plant, Water, Nutrient Relationships
- 133 - Pollution Prevention and Mitigation
- 205 - Plant Management Systems
- 211 - Insects, Mites, and Other Arthropods Affecting Plants
- 212 - Pathogens and Nematodes Affecting Plants
- 213 - Weeds Affecting Plants
- 214 - Vertebrates, Mollusks, and Other Pests Affecting Plants
- 216 - Integrated Pest Management Systems
- 403 - Waste Disposal, Recycling, and Reuse

1. Outcome Target

Number of participants who improved a skill related to environmental stewardship.

2. Outcome Type : Change in Knowledge Outcome Measure

2008 :950 2009 : 950 2010 : 950 2011 :950 2012 : 950

3. Associated Knowledge Area(s)

- 102 - Soil, Plant, Water, Nutrient Relationships

- 133 - Pollution Prevention and Mitigation
- 205 - Plant Management Systems
- 211 - Insects, Mites, and Other Arthropods Affecting Plants
- 212 - Pathogens and Nematodes Affecting Plants
- 213 - Weeds Affecting Plants
- 214 - Vertebrates, Mollusks, and Other Pests Affecting Plants
- 216 - Integrated Pest Management Systems
- 403 - Waste Disposal, Recycling, and Reuse

1. Outcome Target

Number of participants who increased their motivation to adopt a skill or accomplish an activity.

2. Outcome Type : Change in Knowledge Outcome Measure

2008 :700 **2009 :** 700 **2010 :** 700 **2011 :**700 **2012 :** 700

3. Associated Knowledge Area(s)

- 102 - Soil, Plant, Water, Nutrient Relationships
- 133 - Pollution Prevention and Mitigation
- 205 - Plant Management Systems
- 211 - Insects, Mites, and Other Arthropods Affecting Plants
- 212 - Pathogens and Nematodes Affecting Plants
- 213 - Weeds Affecting Plants
- 214 - Vertebrates, Mollusks, and Other Pests Affecting Plants
- 216 - Integrated Pest Management Systems
- 403 - Waste Disposal, Recycling, and Reuse

1. Outcome Target

Number of participants who adopt a skill related to environmental stewardship

2. Outcome Type : Change in Action Outcome Measure

2008 :225 **2009 :** 225 **2010 :** 225 **2011 :**225 **2012 :** 225

3. Associated Knowledge Area(s)

- 102 - Soil, Plant, Water, Nutrient Relationships
- 133 - Pollution Prevention and Mitigation
- 205 - Plant Management Systems
- 211 - Insects, Mites, and Other Arthropods Affecting Plants
- 212 - Pathogens and Nematodes Affecting Plants
- 213 - Weeds Affecting Plants
- 214 - Vertebrates, Mollusks, and Other Pests Affecting Plants
- 216 - Integrated Pest Management Systems

- 403 - Waste Disposal, Recycling, and Reuse

1. Outcome Target

Number of participants who changed a habit or procedure related to environmental stewardship.

2. Outcome Type : Change in Action Outcome Measure

2008 :225 **2009 :** 225 **2010 :** 225 **2011 :**225 **2012 :** 225

3. Associated Knowledge Area(s)

- 102 - Soil, Plant, Water, Nutrient Relationships
- 133 - Pollution Prevention and Mitigation
- 205 - Plant Management Systems
- 211 - Insects, Mites, and Other Arthropods Affecting Plants
- 212 - Pathogens and Nematodes Affecting Plants
- 213 - Weeds Affecting Plants
- 214 - Vertebrates, Mollusks, and Other Pests Affecting Plants
- 216 - Integrated Pest Management Systems
- 403 - Waste Disposal, Recycling, and Reuse

1. Outcome Target

Number of groups or organization that collaborated with environmental stewardship initiatives.

2. Outcome Type : Change in Action Outcome Measure

2008 :131 **2009 :** 131 **2010 :** 131 **2011 :**131 **2012 :** 131

3. Associated Knowledge Area(s)

- 102 - Soil, Plant, Water, Nutrient Relationships
- 133 - Pollution Prevention and Mitigation
- 205 - Plant Management Systems
- 211 - Insects, Mites, and Other Arthropods Affecting Plants
- 212 - Pathogens and Nematodes Affecting Plants
- 213 - Weeds Affecting Plants
- 214 - Vertebrates, Mollusks, and Other Pests Affecting Plants
- 216 - Integrated Pest Management Systems
- 403 - Waste Disposal, Recycling, and Reuse

1. Outcome Target

Number of participants in environmental stewardship initiatives who improved their lives because of their involvement.

2. Outcome Type : Change in Condition Outcome Measure

2008 :1100 **2009 :** 1100 **2010 :** 1100 **2011 :**1100 **2012 :** 1100

3. Associated Knowledge Area(s)

- 102 - Soil, Plant, Water, Nutrient Relationships
- 133 - Pollution Prevention and Mitigation

- 205 - Plant Management Systems
- 211 - Insects, Mites, and Other Arthropods Affecting Plants
- 212 - Pathogens and Nematodes Affecting Plants
- 213 - Weeds Affecting Plants
- 214 - Vertebrates, Mollusks, and Other Pests Affecting Plants
- 216 - Integrated Pest Management Systems
- 403 - Waste Disposal, Recycling, and Reuse

1. Outcome Target

Number of groups or organizations that changed their structure, philosophy, or mission because of their involvement with environmental stewardship initiatives.

2. Outcome Type : Change in Condition Outcome Measure

2008 :1 **2009 : 1** **2010 : 1** **2011 :1** **2012 : 1**

3. Associated Knowledge Area(s)

- 102 - Soil, Plant, Water, Nutrient Relationships
- 133 - Pollution Prevention and Mitigation
- 205 - Plant Management Systems
- 211 - Insects, Mites, and Other Arthropods Affecting Plants
- 212 - Pathogens and Nematodes Affecting Plants
- 213 - Weeds Affecting Plants
- 214 - Vertebrates, Mollusks, and Other Pests Affecting Plants
- 403 - Waste Disposal, Recycling, and Reuse

1. Outcome Target

Number of changes in social conditions due to Extension's efforts in environmental stewardship.

2. Outcome Type : Change in Knowledge Outcome Measure

2008 :2 **2009 : 2** **2010 : 2** **2011 :2** **2012 : 2**

3. Associated Knowledge Area(s)

- 102 - Soil, Plant, Water, Nutrient Relationships
- 133 - Pollution Prevention and Mitigation
- 205 - Plant Management Systems
- 211 - Insects, Mites, and Other Arthropods Affecting Plants
- 212 - Pathogens and Nematodes Affecting Plants
- 213 - Weeds Affecting Plants
- 214 - Vertebrates, Mollusks, and Other Pests Affecting Plants
- 216 - Integrated Pest Management Systems
- 403 - Waste Disposal, Recycling, and Reuse

1. Outcome Target

Number of changes in economic conditions due to WVU Extension's efforts in environmental stewardship.

2. Outcome Type : Change in Condition Outcome Measure

2008 :2 **2009 : 2** **2010 : 2** **2011 :2** **2012 : 2**

3. Associated Knowledge Area(s)

- 102 - Soil, Plant, Water, Nutrient Relationships
- 133 - Pollution Prevention and Mitigation
- 205 - Plant Management Systems
- 211 - Insects, Mites, and Other Arthropods Affecting Plants
- 212 - Pathogens and Nematodes Affecting Plants
- 213 - Weeds Affecting Plants
- 214 - Vertebrates, Mollusks, and Other Pests Affecting Plants
- 216 - Integrated Pest Management Systems
- 403 - Waste Disposal, Recycling, and Reuse

1. Outcome Target

Numbers of growers who adopt Integrated Pest Management practices.

2. Outcome Type : Change in Action Outcome Measure

2008 :0 **2009 : 0** **2010 : 0** **2011 :0** **2012 : 0**

3. Associated Knowledge Area(s)

- 102 - Soil, Plant, Water, Nutrient Relationships
- 133 - Pollution Prevention and Mitigation
- 205 - Plant Management Systems
- 211 - Insects, Mites, and Other Arthropods Affecting Plants
- 212 - Pathogens and Nematodes Affecting Plants
- 213 - Weeds Affecting Plants
- 214 - Vertebrates, Mollusks, and Other Pests Affecting Plants
- 216 - Integrated Pest Management Systems

V(J). Planned Program (External Factors)

1. External Factors which may affect Outcomes

- Competing Programatic Challenges
- Other (USDA Farm Bill Programs)
- Government Regulations
- Appropriations changes
- Economy
- Natural Disasters (drought,weather extremes,etc.)

Description

Appropriation changes will have a limitation on the proper implementation of the program in the state. Funding changes may occur due to changes in Federal priorities. Support for pesticide and pest management information response from Extension personnel

may be limited. The global price of nitrogen fertilizer is a major driving force to implementing current demand for new nutrient management plans. The regular effects of Concentrated Animal Feeding Operations may cause a rise in workload and complex planning efforts. The last external factor is Farm Bill programs that may or may not have nutrient management as a component of cost-share programs. Extremities in weather conditions may result in a change in pest dynamics. The number of resources set aside for pest management may be affected by drastic changes in the economy. Government regulations on pesticide use and registration or discontinuation of pesticides may affect the outcome of IPM programming.

V(K). Planned Program (Evaluation Studies and Data Collection)

1. Evaluation Studies Planned

- Case Study
- Time series (multiple points before and after program)
- Before-After (before and after program)
- After Only (post program)
- During (during program)

Description

Pre/post tests to evaluate the overall program and to determine the increase in knowledge base of participants. Results of the program will be documented by interviewing samples of participants. Changes in dynamics of weeks will be monitored on the basis of specimens sent for identification and control recommendations. Crop yield patterns and resources spent in pest management will be recorded and correlated to determine effectiveness of programming.

2. Data Collection Methods

- Tests
- Sampling
- On-Site
- Structured
- Mail
- Observation
- Unstructured
- Telephone

Description

On-site survey given to participants and administrated by Extension personnel. Pre- and post knowledge testing. Yearly counts of number of new certified planners, nutrient management plans completed in Wv, and acres under improved management because of nutrient management planning processes.

V(A). Planned Program (Summary)**1. Name of the Planned Program**

Farm Management

2. Brief summary about Planned Program

This program area will reduce hay production costs through management and use of new production technologies that eliminate the need for purchased supplements, lengthen the grazing season, improve calf gain and health through pasture weaning, and improve performance of health-managed calves in marketing pools. Extension faculty will teach about least-cost and high-quality forage conditions including rotational grazing, reduction of nitrogen fertilizer, increased calf weaning on high-quality pastures, and optimized winter feeding. They will also address risk within agricultural enterprises and tax liability. This planned program will create and disseminate a sustainable agriculture educational curriculum, conduct Food Pathways research, and conduct the High Tunnel Culture program. In addition, the Value Added Marketing initiative includes a consumer-driven marketing educational program expected to add \$1 million in value to West Virginia crops in 5 years. Tax liability education will be offered through the creation of new software and on-line classes disseminated nationally.

3. Program existence : Mature (More than five years)

4. Program duration : Long-Term (More than five years)

5. Expending formula funds or state-matching funds : Yes

6. Expending other than formula funds or state-matching funds : No

V(B). Program Knowledge Area(s)**1. Program Knowledge Areas and Percentage**

- 102 30% Soil, Plant, Water, Nutrient Relationships
- 205 30% Plant Management Systems
- 307 40% Animal Management Systems

V(C). Planned Program (Situation and Scope)**1. Situation and priorities**

Cow-calf production is a major livestock enterprise in West Virginia, but long-term costs have been high compared to income. Feed is about 75% of total production cost, and hay often accounts for half of the feed cost and about a third of total cost. Extending the grazing season and knowing hay production costs allows farmers to fine tune management to reduce costs. Small farm farmers in WV are trying to hang on as they sell in commodity pricing situations that discriminate against small producers. Our farmers must develop sustainable food production and sales relationships with their neighbors based on a consumer mentality rather than on a commodity production mentality. They must find ways to orient their production and marketing to accommodate consumers. This can be accomplished with educational programs. Whether the product is vegetables and fruit, livestock and their products, or just a visit to the family farm, the key to successful value-added is understanding the market and targeting a specific sector.

2. Scope of the Program

- Integrated Research and Extension

V(D). Planned Program (Assumptions and Goals)**1. Assumptions made for the Program**

Forage production and quality are largely determined by fertility and harvest management. Livestock producers can reduce animal feed cost by reducing the amount of hay fed and producing forage of a quality optimal to the needs of their livestock. The cost per unit of hay produced can be reduced by optimizing fertilization practices, using legumes as a source of nitrogen, and grazing the aftermath forage produced on hay fields to extend the grazing season. Sustaining farm families will require a shift in the mentality of the farmers themselves. They must consider a different kind of farming, and they must recognize that they are going to be responsible for the quality of the food they produce. We know that information is the one thing that will give every farm family an equal opportunity. This program will help farmers understand the rules, laws, and regulations that stand between the farmers and their dreams. Sharpening their farm management skills will yield them choices and crop insurance will give them security. Tax

management and price security should yield them increased disposal income or retained earnings.

2. Ultimate goal(s) of this Program

- 1) West Virginia cow-calf producers will increase herd profitability so that grassland agriculture is competitive and sustainable into the future.
- 2) West Virginia farmers will adopt changes to business plans that will allow for sustainable farming.
- 3) West Virginia farmers will add value to their farm production and as a result obtain higher incomes from the sale of farm produce.
- 4) West Virginia farmers will improve their farm management skills.

V(E). Planned Program (Inputs)

1. Estimated Number of professional FTE/SYs to be budgeted for this Program

Year	Extension		Research	
	1862	1890	1862	1890
2008	10.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
2009	10.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
2010	10.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
2011	10.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
2012	10.0	0.0	0.0	0.0

V(F). Planned Program (Activity)

1. Activity for the Program

The planned program includes the following initiatives: farm management, grassland management, sustainable agriculture, and value-added marketing. Within these initiatives, Extension faculty will develop curricula, conduct trainings, disseminate materials, and conduct research.

2. Type(s) of methods to be used to reach direct and indirect contacts

Extension	
Direct Methods	Indirect Methods
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> ● Workshop ● Education Class ● One-on-One Intervention ● Demonstrations ● Group Discussion 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> ● Newsletters ● TV Media Programs ● Other 2 (WV Farm Bureau News insert) ● Other 1 (Fact sheets)

3. Description of targeted audience

This program will target cattle producers participating in WV Beef Quality Assurance marketing pools and livestock producers who could benefit from these marketing practices, small farmers and limited resource farmers, primarily vegetable and fruit growers, but at another time, dairy and small-ruminant producing families will also be included. The audience can be divided into three sectors.

- 1) The professionals namely the WVU Extension Agriculture and Natural Resources unit members who will ultimately provide the majority of the face-to-face contact and instruction.
- 2) The professionals of other agencies and allied businesses with whom we share our clientele.
- 3) The farm families themselves who are primarily beef producers, with the others involved in small ruminants, tree fruits, market gardens, dairy, contract poultry, and many smaller ones. The majority are part-time operations. The majority of these producers are farm owners who also have a farm woodlot to steward.

V(G). Planned Program (Outputs)

1. Standard output measures

Target for the number of persons(contacts) to be reached through direct and indirect contact methods

	Direct Contacts Adults	Indirect Contacts Adults	Direct Contacts Youth	Indirect Contacts Youth
Year	Target	Target	Target	Target
2008	6000	20000	1500	3000
2009	6000	20000	1500	3000
2010	6000	20000	1500	3000
2011	6000	20000	1500	3000
2012	6000	20000	1500	3000

2. (Standard Research Target) Number of Patents

Expected Patents

2008 :0 2009 :0 2010 :0 2011 :0 2012 :0

3. Expected Peer Review Publications

Year	Research Target	Extension Target
2008	0	0
2009	0	0
2010	0	0
2011	0	0
2012	0	0

V(H). State Defined Outputs

1. Output Target

- Number of training activities in farm management

2008 :60 2009 :60 2010 :60 2011 :60 2012 :60

- Number of educational materials related to farm management created or updated.

2008 :12 2009 :12 2010 :12 2011 :12 2012 :12

- Number of educational materials about farm management distributed.

2008 :7500 2009 :7500 2010 :7500 2011 :7500 2012 :7500

- Number of people receiving educational materials.

2008 :7500 2009 :7500 2010 :7500 2011 :7500 2012 :7500

- Number of new counties participating in farm management initiatives this year.

2008 :6 2009 :6 2010 :6 2011 :6 2012 :6

- Number of new outside organizations or groups participating in farm management initiatives.

2008 :3 2009 :3 2010 :3 2011 :3 2012 :3

- Number of new grants and contracts supporting farm management initiatives.

2008 :2 2009 :2 2010 :2 2011 :2 2012 :2

V(I). State Defined Outcome

1. Outcome Target

Number of participants in farm management initiatives who increased their knowledge.

2. Outcome Type : Change in Knowledge Outcome Measure

2008 :3000 2009 : 3000 2010 : 3000 2011 :3000 2012 : 3000

3. Associated Knowledge Area(s)

- 102 - Soil, Plant, Water, Nutrient Relationships
- 205 - Plant Management Systems
- 307 - Animal Management Systems

1. Outcome Target

Number of participants in farm management initiatives who change their attitudes or opinions.

2. Outcome Type : Change in Knowledge Outcome Measure

2008 :2000 2009 : 2000 2010 : 2000 2011 :2000 2012 : 2000

3. Associated Knowledge Area(s)

- 102 - Soil, Plant, Water, Nutrient Relationships
- 205 - Plant Management Systems
- 307 - Animal Management Systems

1. Outcome Target

Number of participants in farm management initiatives who improved their skill level.

2. Outcome Type : Change in Knowledge Outcome Measure

2008 :1200 2009 : 1200 2010 : 1200 2011 :1200 2012 : 1200

3. Associated Knowledge Area(s)

- 102 - Soil, Plant, Water, Nutrient Relationships
- 205 - Plant Management Systems
- 307 - Animal Management Systems

1. Outcome Target

Number of participants in farm management initiatives who increased their motivation to adopt a skill or accomplish an activity.

2. Outcome Type : Change in Knowledge Outcome Measure

2008 :800 2009 : 800 2010 : 800 2011 :800 2012 : 800

3. Associated Knowledge Area(s)

- 102 - Soil, Plant, Water, Nutrient Relationships
- 205 - Plant Management Systems
- 307 - Animal Management Systems

1. Outcome Target

Number of participants in farm management initiatives who adopted a new skill.

2. Outcome Type : Change in Action Outcome Measure

2008 :500 2009 : 500 2010 : 500 2011 :500 2012 : 500

3. Associated Knowledge Area(s)

- 102 - Soil, Plant, Water, Nutrient Relationships
- 205 - Plant Management Systems
- 307 - Animal Management Systems

1. Outcome Target

Number of participants in farm management initiatives who changed a habit or procedure.

2. Outcome Type : Change in Action Outcome Measure

2008 :300 2009 : 300 2010 : 300 2011 :300 2012 : 300

3. Associated Knowledge Area(s)

- 102 - Soil, Plant, Water, Nutrient Relationships
- 205 - Plant Management Systems
- 307 - Animal Management Systems

1. Outcome Target

Number of groups or organizations that collaborated within the farm management program area.

2. Outcome Type : Change in Action Outcome Measure

2008 :12 2009 : 12 2010 : 12 2011 :12 2012 : 12

3. Associated Knowledge Area(s)

- 102 - Soil, Plant, Water, Nutrient Relationships
- 205 - Plant Management Systems
- 307 - Animal Management Systems

1. Outcome Target

Number of new initiatives in your program area that have been implemented by trainees of farm management initiatives.

2. Outcome Type : Change in Action Outcome Measure

2008 :3 2009 : 3 2010 : 3 2011 :3 2012 : 3

3. Associated Knowledge Area(s)

- 102 - Soil, Plant, Water, Nutrient Relationships
- 205 - Plant Management Systems
- 307 - Animal Management Systems

1. Outcome Target

Number of groups or organizations that changed their structure, philosophy, or mission because of participation in farm management programs.

2. Outcome Type : Change in Condition Outcome Measure

2008 :8 2009 : 8 2010 : 8 2011 :8 2012 : 8

3. Associated Knowledge Area(s)

- 102 - Soil, Plant, Water, Nutrient Relationships
- 205 - Plant Management Systems
- 307 - Animal Management Systems

1. Outcome Target

Number of changes in economic conditions because of the efforts of farm management initiatives.

2. Outcome Type : Change in Condition Outcome Measure

2008 :250 2009 : 250 2010 : 250 2011 :250 2012 : 250

3. Associated Knowledge Area(s)

- 102 - Soil, Plant, Water, Nutrient Relationships
- 205 - Plant Management Systems
- 307 - Animal Management Systems

V(J). Planned Program (External Factors)

1. External Factors which may affect Outcomes

- Public Policy changes
- Competing Public priorities
- Natural Disasters (drought,weather extremes,etc.)
- Economy
- Government Regulations
- Populations changes (immigration,new cultural groupings,etc.)

Description

Drought, floods, and economic factors will determine how livestock producers manage their operations and respond to educational programming. Government regulation can make this project more important and the success harder to achieve. Population increases in our state would increase the demand for our products. We are seeing this with the increased demand for lambs and kids. The economy will play the greatest role in making this a success because as fuel prices continue to climb, local food will also have a price advantage. Government regulations can make this change difficult if agency personnel are not open and willing to change. It appears that the public is ready to make this change and will embrace the program.

V(K). Planned Program (Evaluation Studies and Data Collection)

1. Evaluation Studies Planned

- During (during program)
- Before-After (before and after program)
- Comparisons between program participants (individuals,group,organizations) and non-participants
- After Only (post program)
- Retrospective (post program)
- Case Study

Description

We will use post-training evaluation with retrospective pre-testing, surveys, and case studies to evaluate how producers are learning from the training and adopting the BMPs presented. Will use post-surveys to determine if producers are adopting new practices.

2. Data Collection Methods

- Structured
- Case Study
- Sampling
- Telephone
- Mail
- Whole population
- Unstructured

Description

Whole population surveys of those trained and sampling of those trained after given time to adopt changes. We will use pre- and post-tests, literature reviews, case studies, and comparison studies of different subjects in the program.

V(A). Planned Program (Summary)**1. Name of the Planned Program**

Global Education

2. Brief summary about Planned Program

WVU Extension's responsibility is to help West Virginians become globally aware. This means seeing and understanding that the U.S., West Virginia, and our citizens are part of the global dimension and not separate from it. Our mission needs to incorporate the requirements of a changing environment, one that is now characterized by global interrelationships and increasing cultural diversity. The global education program will provide Extension personnel and youths with the opportunity to become involved in global education programs. Also, we are strengthening local county Extension programs by helping faculty and staff expand their sensitivity to other cultures and apply their knowledge of other Extension approaches to local problems. This requires greater involvement by Extension clientele in international programs in order to increase their comprehension of how international understanding affects their daily lives.

3. Program existence : Intermediate (One to five years)

4. Program duration : Long-Term (More than five years)

5. Expending formula funds or state-matching funds : Yes

6. Expending other than formula funds or state-matching funds : No

V(B). Program Knowledge Area(s)**1. Program Knowledge Areas and Percentage**

- 606 5% International Trade and Development
- 611 5% Foreign Policy and Programs
- 704 5% Nutrition and Hunger in the Population
- 802 10% Human Development and Family Well-Being
- 805 25% Community Institutions, Health, and Social Services
- 806 50% Youth Development

V(C). Planned Program (Situation and Scope)**1. Situation and priorities**

The W.K. Kellogg Commission's concept of the "engaged institution" requires land-grant educators to see community in the context of the global village. WVU Extension's responsibility is to help West Virginians become globally aware. This means seeing and understanding that the U.S., West Virginia, and our citizens are part of the global dimension and not separate from it. Our mission needs to incorporate the requirements of a changing environment, one that is now characterized by global interrelationships and increasing cultural diversity.

2. Scope of the Program

- In-State Extension

V(D). Planned Program (Assumptions and Goals)**1. Assumptions made for the Program**

The NASULGC Strategic Vision Statement is predicated on an understanding that: ... (L)and-grant institutions need to reorient their mission to incorporate the requirements of a changing environment, one that is now characterized by a global web of interrelationships and an increasing degree of intimacy with cultural diversity. This will require us to fundamentally rethink the place and nature of international programs in our institutions. (NASULGC, 2000, p. 4) Is the need for international Extension programming central to the Extension mission? Absolutely!

2. Ultimate goal(s) of this Program

- 1) A skilled and flexible WV Extension organization that is better prepared to respond to the needs of communities, businesses, workforce, farmers, children, youths, and families affected by cultural diversity and global interdependence.
- 2) Strengthened core values of social justice among Extension faculty, staff, and volunteers that contribute to development and

delivery of programs that are more inclusive of and more welcoming to nontraditional audiences.

V(E). Planned Program (Inputs)

1. Estimated Number of professional FTE/SYs to be budgeted for this Program

Year	Extension		Research	
	1862	1890	1862	1890
2008	0.5	0.0	0.0	0.0
2009	0.5	0.0	0.0	0.0
2010	0.5	0.0	0.0	0.0
2011	0.5	0.0	0.0	0.0
2012	0.5	0.0	0.0	0.0

V(F). Planned Program (Activity)

1. Activity for the Program

Activities in the global education planned program include: IFYE exchange, newsletters, and statewide tour targeting WVU 4-H alumni, and 4-H members, Extension faculty & staff, educators, and students throughout the state. -- Scholarship recipients engage in summer tour & prepare country leaflets and lesson plans for CEOS members and families and their network, Extension faculty. --Global education service learning projects, in U.S. and abroad, involve 4-H youths, faculty, staff, and volunteers.

2. Type(s) of methods to be used to reach direct and indirect contacts

Extension	
Direct Methods	Indirect Methods
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> ● Workshop ● One-on-One Intervention ● Demonstrations ● Group Discussion ● Education Class ● Other 2 (international travel & exchange) 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> ● Other 2 (resource guidebook) ● Public Service Announcement ● Other 1 (email updates)

3. Description of targeted audience

Extension faculty, staff, students, and volunteers.

V(G). Planned Program (Outputs)

1. Standard output measures

Target for the number of persons(contacts) to be reached through direct and indirect contact methods

	Direct Contacts Adults	Indirect Contacts Adults	Direct Contacts Youth	Indirect Contacts Youth
Year	Target	Target	Target	Target
2008	1000	5000	15000	25000
2009	1000	5000	15000	25000
2010	1000	5000	15000	25000
2011	1000	5000	15000	25000
2012	1000	5000	15000	25000

2. (Standard Research Target) Number of Patents

Expected Patents

2008 :0 2009 :0 2010 :0 2011 :0 2012 :0

3. Expected Peer Review Publications

Year	Research Target	Extension Target
2008	0	0
2009	0	0
2010	0	0
2011	0	0
2012	0	0

V(H). State Defined Outputs

1. Output Target

- Number of training activities in global education. .

2008 :10 2009 :10 2010 :10 2011 :10 2012 :10

- Number of educational materials on global eduactoin created or updated.

2008 :8 2009 :8 2010 :8 2011 :8 2012 :8

- Number of people receiving educational materials in global education.

2008 :5000 2009 :5000 2010 :5000 2011 :5000 2012 :5000

- Number of new counties participating in global eduaction initiatives this year.

2008 :6 2009 :6 2010 :6 2011 :6 2012 :6

- Number of new outside organizations or groups participating in global education initiatives this year.

2008 :5 2009 :5 2010 :5 2011 :5 2012 :5

- Number of new grants and contracts supporting initiatives in global education.

2008 :1

2009 :1

2010 :1

2011 :1

2012 :1

V(I). State Defined Outcome

1. Outcome Target

Number of participants who increased their knowledge about global education.

2. Outcome Type : Change in Knowledge Outcome Measure

2008 :6000

2009 : 6000

2010 : 6000

2011 :6000

2012 : 6000

3. Associated Knowledge Area(s)

- 606 - International Trade and Development
- 611 - Foreign Policy and Programs
- 704 - Nutrition and Hunger in the Population
- 802 - Human Development and Family Well-Being
- 805 - Community Institutions, Health, and Social Services
- 806 - Youth Development

1. Outcome Target

Number of participants who changed their attitudes or opinions about global education.

2. Outcome Type : Change in Knowledge Outcome Measure

2008 :1000

2009 : 1000

2010 : 1000

2011 :1000

2012 : 1000

3. Associated Knowledge Area(s)

- 606 - International Trade and Development
- 611 - Foreign Policy and Programs
- 704 - Nutrition and Hunger in the Population
- 802 - Human Development and Family Well-Being
- 805 - Community Institutions, Health, and Social Services
- 806 - Youth Development

1. Outcome Target

Number of participants who improved their skill level with regard to global education.

2. Outcome Type : Change in Knowledge Outcome Measure

2008 :500

2009 : 500

2010 : 500

2011 :500

2012 : 500

3. Associated Knowledge Area(s)

- 606 - International Trade and Development
- 611 - Foreign Policy and Programs
- 704 - Nutrition and Hunger in the Population
- 802 - Human Development and Family Well-Being
- 805 - Community Institutions, Health, and Social Services
- 806 - Youth Development

1. Outcome Target

Number of participants who increased their motivation to adopt a skill or accomplish an activity in global education.

2. Outcome Type : Change in Knowledge Outcome Measure

2008 :200 **2009 :** 200 **2010 :** 200 **2011 :**200 **2012 :** 200

3. Associated Knowledge Area(s)

- 606 - International Trade and Development
- 611 - Foreign Policy and Programs
- 704 - Nutrition and Hunger in the Population
- 802 - Human Development and Family Well-Being
- 805 - Community Institutions, Health, and Social Services
- 806 - Youth Development

1. Outcome Target

Number of participants in global education initiatives who adopt a skill.

2. Outcome Type : Change in Action Outcome Measure

2008 :50 **2009 :** 50 **2010 :** 50 **2011 :**50 **2012 :** 50

3. Associated Knowledge Area(s)

- 606 - International Trade and Development
- 611 - Foreign Policy and Programs
- 704 - Nutrition and Hunger in the Population
- 802 - Human Development and Family Well-Being
- 805 - Community Institutions, Health, and Social Services
- 806 - Youth Development

1. Outcome Target

Number of participants in global education initiatives who changed a habit or procedure.

2. Outcome Type : Change in Action Outcome Measure

2008 :100 **2009 :** 100 **2010 :** 100 **2011 :**100 **2012 :** 100

3. Associated Knowledge Area(s)

- 606 - International Trade and Development
- 611 - Foreign Policy and Programs
- 704 - Nutrition and Hunger in the Population
- 802 - Human Development and Family Well-Being
- 805 - Community Institutions, Health, and Social Services
- 806 - Youth Development

1. Outcome Target

Number of groups or organization that collaborate with global education initiatives.

2. Outcome Type : Change in Action Outcome Measure

2008 :25 2009 : 25 2010 : 25 2011 :25 2012 : 25

3. Associated Knowledge Area(s)

- 606 - International Trade and Development
- 611 - Foreign Policy and Programs
- 704 - Nutrition and Hunger in the Population
- 802 - Human Development and Family Well-Being
- 805 - Community Institutions, Health, and Social Services
- 806 - Youth Development

1. Outcome Target

Number of participants who improved their lives because of global education initiatives.

2. Outcome Type : Change in Condition Outcome Measure

2008 :100 2009 : 100 2010 : 100 2011 :100 2012 : 100

3. Associated Knowledge Area(s)

- 606 - International Trade and Development
- 611 - Foreign Policy and Programs
- 704 - Nutrition and Hunger in the Population
- 802 - Human Development and Family Well-Being
- 805 - Community Institutions, Health, and Social Services
- 806 - Youth Development

1. Outcome Target

Number of groups or organizations that changed their structure, philosophy, or mission because of global education initiatives.

2. Outcome Type : Change in Knowledge Outcome Measure

2008 :2 2009 : 2 2010 : 2 2011 :2 2012 : 2

3. Associated Knowledge Area(s)

- 606 - International Trade and Development
- 611 - Foreign Policy and Programs
- 704 - Nutrition and Hunger in the Population
- 802 - Human Development and Family Well-Being
- 805 - Community Institutions, Health, and Social Services
- 806 - Youth Development

1. Outcome Target

Number of changes in social conditions do to global education initiatives.

2. Outcome Type : Change in Condition Outcome Measure

2008 :3 2009 : 3 2010 : 3 2011 :3 2012 : 3

3. Associated Knowledge Area(s)

- 606 - International Trade and Development
- 611 - Foreign Policy and Programs
- 704 - Nutrition and Hunger in the Population
- 802 - Human Development and Family Well-Being
- 805 - Community Institutions, Health, and Social Services
- 806 - Youth Development

V(J). Planned Program (External Factors)

1. External Factors which may affect Outcomes

- Populations changes (immigration,new cultural groupings,etc.)
- Appropriations changes
- Economy
- Government Regulations

Description

Growing Hispanic population in the state, economy more dependent on globalization, level of funding available to help support global education.

V(K). Planned Program (Evaluation Studies and Data Collection)

1. Evaluation Studies Planned

- Before-After (before and after program)
- During (during program)
- Time series (multiple points before and after program)
- Case Study

Description

A series of monitoring and evaluation activities organized to assess progress and develop insights into the evolving internationalization process. A set of impact indicators identified to document progress.

2. Data Collection Methods

- Structured
- Case Study
- On-Site
- Observation
- Whole population
- Unstructured

Description

Measurement of knowledge gained and increase in program activity. A series of monitoring and evaluation activities organized to assess progress and develop insights.

V(A). Planned Program (Summary)**1. Name of the Planned Program**

Literacy

2. Brief summary about Planned Program

The literacy planned program area includes three initiatives. Energy Express is a six-week summer program that helps children to maintain reading skills and nutritional status. AmeriCorps Members are engaged to work with children and volunteers who support the children's learning. Family Storyteller offers parents or other caregivers of children ages 2 1/2 to 6 six weekly sessions where they learn how to read to their children. Families are given a book and activities to do at home each week; there are two planned follow-up contacts. Many children have few opportunities to practice reading and have little motivation to read. Reading Partners teaches preteens to grandparents how to read WITH, not TO, children ages 5 to 8. Shared reading strategies provide support and build confidence.

3. Program existence : Mature (More than five years)

4. Program duration : Long-Term (More than five years)

5. Expending formula funds or state-matching funds : Yes

6. Expending other than formula funds or state-matching funds : No

V(B). Program Knowledge Area(s)**1. Program Knowledge Areas and Percentage**

- 704 20% Nutrition and Hunger in the Population
- 802 40% Human Development and Family Well-Being
- 806 40% Youth Development

V(C). Planned Program (Situation and Scope)**1. Situation and priorities**

Reading is the foundation of all learning. Four of every 6 children in West Virginia experience difficulty reading. Poor readers at the end of fourth grade comprise an overwhelming percentage of school dropouts, juvenile delinquents, and prison inmates. Poor children lose reading skills during the summer. There is a strong correlation between poverty and reading achievement. There is a considerable evidence of a relationship between reading regularly to a child and that child's later reading achievement. Also, children in poor families are less likely to be read to on a daily basis than children living above the poverty line. Low-income children continue to have reading difficulties throughout grade school, which impacts their ability to succeed in other subjects. Poor readers are more likely to drop out of school and end up in low-paying jobs.

2. Scope of the Program

- In-State Extension

V(D). Planned Program (Assumptions and Goals)**1. Assumptions made for the Program**

Energy Express has a proven track record documenting impact. Yearly evaluations show a consistent 3.5-month gain in reading achievement during the six-week summer program. The program has well-developed training materials based on research and best practices. Communities can form collaborations for program planning and implementation; this results in shared ownership and sustainability. College students are willing to serve. The Family Storyteller curriculum was created by the University of Nevada Cooperative Extension and piloted and implemented by the West Virginia University Extension Service whose faculty developed and revised curriculum to best meet the needs of our state. Program is provided through grant funding. Program evaluation indicates that program objectives are being met. Reading Partners evaluation data indicates that the approach works. Training materials have been developed. Implementation costs are minimal.

2. Ultimate goal(s) of this Program

- 1) Children living in low-income communities in West Virginia achieve success in school.
- 2) Children entering school in West Virginia are ready to learn.
- 3) Children in West Virginia will become proficient readers by the end of the third grade.

V(E). Planned Program (Inputs)

1. Estimated Number of professional FTE/SYs to be budgeted for this Program

Year	Extension		Research	
	1862	1890	1862	1890
2008	12.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
2009	12.5	0.0	0.0	0.0
2010	12.5	0.0	0.0	0.0
2011	12.5	0.0	0.0	0.0
2012	12.0	0.0	0.0	0.0

V(F). Planned Program (Activity)

1. Activity for the Program

The Literacy planned program includes three initiatives: Energy Express, Family Storyteller, and Reading Partners. Activities include: (For Energy Express) 1. Comprehensive training of county contacts, site coordinators, and AmeriCorps Members prior to program. On-going training of AmeriCorps members and volunteers during the program. 2. Six-week summer program focused on making reading meaningful and fun and providing lots of opportunities for practice. 3. Six weeks of breakfast and lunch providing 58% of children’s daily requirements and served family-style. 4. Frequent reflections with AmeriCorps Members to support service learning. 5. Planning, implementing, and evaluating by local collaboratives. 6. Volunteers actively engaged in children’s learning. (For Family Storyteller) 1. Train-the-trainer program. 2. Program consists of six weekly two and one-half hour workshops. 3. Participants receive a weekly take-home book and home activities to build on the book and the skills learned during the workshops. 4. Food is provided to participants at each workshop 5. Two follow-up books are sent to participants along with suggested activities, and (For Reading Partners) 1. Train the trainers to implement the program. 2. Train participants to read with their children.

2. Type(s) of methods to be used to reach direct and indirect contacts

Extension	
Direct Methods	Indirect Methods
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> ● One-on-One Intervention ● Group Discussion ● Workshop ● Education Class 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> ● Web sites ● Other 1 (web-based resources) ● Other 2 (follow-up) ● Newsletters

3. Description of targeted audience

Low-income children entering first through sixth grades. Low-literacy and/or low-income parents and caregivers of preschool children. Parents and caregivers of all children 3 to 8.

V(G). Planned Program (Outputs)

1. Standard output measures

Target for the number of persons(contacts) to be reached through direct and indirect contact methods

	Direct Contacts Adults	Indirect Contacts Adults	Direct Contacts Youth	Indirect Contacts Youth
Year	Target	Target	Target	Target
2008	3940	8200	4300	200
2009	3950	8200	4300	200
2010	3950	8200	4300	200
2011	3970	8200	4300	200
2012	3970	8200	4300	200

2. (Standard Research Target) Number of Patents

Expected Patents

2008 :0 2009 :0 2010 :0 2011 :0 2012 :0

3. Expected Peer Review Publications

Year	Research Target	Extension Target
2008	0	0
2009	0	0
2010	0	0
2011	0	0
2012	0	0

V(H). State Defined Outputs

1. Output Target

- Number of literacy training activities.

2008 :3 2009 :3 2010 :3 2011 :3 2012 :3

- Number of educational materials in literacy created or updated.

2008 :1 2009 :1 2010 :1 2011 :1 2012 :1

- Number of educational materials in literacy distributed.

2008 :150 2009 :150 2010 :150 2011 :150 2012 :150

- Number of new outside organizations or groups participating in literacy initiatives.

2008 :50 2009 :50 2010 :50 2011 :50 2012 :50

- Number of new grants and contracts supporting literacy initiatives.

2008 :3 2009 :3 2010 :3 2011 :3 2012 :3

V(I). State Defined Outcome

1. Outcome Target

Number of participants who increase their knowledge in literacy.

2. Outcome Type : Change in Knowledge Outcome Measure

2008 :120 **2009 :** 120 **2010 :** 120 **2011 :**120 **2012 :** 120

3. Associated Knowledge Area(s)

- 704 - Nutrition and Hunger in the Population
- 802 - Human Development and Family Well-Being
- 806 - Youth Development

1. Outcome Target

Number of participants who changed their attitudes or opinions related to literacy.

2. Outcome Type : Change in Knowledge Outcome Measure

2008 :361 **2009 :** 361 **2010 :** 361 **2011 :**361 **2012 :** 361

3. Associated Knowledge Area(s)

- 704 - Nutrition and Hunger in the Population
- 802 - Human Development and Family Well-Being
- 806 - Youth Development

1. Outcome Target

Number of participants who improved their skill level in literacy.

2. Outcome Type : Change in Knowledge Outcome Measure

2008 :1980 **2009 :** 1980 **2010 :** 1980 **2011 :**1980 **2012 :** 1980

3. Associated Knowledge Area(s)

- 704 - Nutrition and Hunger in the Population
- 802 - Human Development and Family Well-Being

1. Outcome Target

Number of participants in literacy programs who increased their motivation to adopt a skill or accomplish an activity.

2. Outcome Type : Change in Knowledge Outcome Measure

2008 :361 **2009 :** 361 **2010 :** 361 **2011 :**361 **2012 :** 361

3. Associated Knowledge Area(s)

- 704 - Nutrition and Hunger in the Population
- 802 - Human Development and Family Well-Being
- 806 - Youth Development

1. Outcome Target

Number of participants who changed a habit or procedure related to literacy.

2. Outcome Type : Change in Action Outcome Measure

2008 :540 2009 : 540 2010 : 540 2011 :540 2012 : 540

3. Associated Knowledge Area(s)

- 704 - Nutrition and Hunger in the Population
- 802 - Human Development and Family Well-Being
- 806 - Youth Development

V(J). Planned Program (External Factors)

1. External Factors which may affect Outcomes

- Public Policy changes
- Competing Public priorities
- Competing Programatic Challenges
- Appropriations changes

Description

AmeriCorps is the largest funder; changes in priorities and appropriations can impact funding. National and state educational priorities and mandates for certain approaches to summer learning could present competing initiatives. Extension agents have other demands in the summer. The current funder of the Family Storyteller program, Claude W. Benedum Foundations, tends to fund programs for only three years. It is also difficult for Extension agents to commit to conducting a six-week program . The state's priority currently appears to be children's health issues.

V(K). Planned Program (Evaluation Studies and Data Collection)

1. Evaluation Studies Planned

- After Only (post program)
- Time series (multiple points before and after program)
- Retrospective (post program)
- Before-After (before and after program)
- During (during program)

Description

For Energy Express, pre- and post- children's reading achievement with stratified random sample. Pre- and post- personal efficacy and commitment to community service of AmeriCorps members. Process data collected during program for descriptive purposes. For Family Storyteller, demographic data are collected from participants on the registration form. Parents Reading to Children Pre-Questionnaire and Reading at Home Pre-Questionnaire are completed at the first session. Parents Reading to Children Post-Questionnaire and Reading at Home Post-Questionnaire are completed at the end of the program. One month following the last workshop, participants are mailed Parents Reading to Children Mailed Questionnaire and Reading at Home Mailed Questionnaire. Retrospective evaluations are administered to all participants at both types of trainings. A sampling of participants participates in a follow-up interview.

2. Data Collection Methods

- Tests
- Telephone
- On-Site
- Whole population
- Sampling
- Mail

Description

Standardized tests, surveys, observation, existing data, personal reflections

V(A). Planned Program (Summary)**1. Name of the Planned Program**

Nutrition and Health

2. Brief summary about Planned Program

The Nutrition and Health planned program and three major areas of emphasis: nutrition, food safety, and health.

Nutrition initiatives include the Family Nutrition Program (FNP), a multifaceted set of nutrition and physical activity programs intended to improve the health of limited-resource families, youths, and adults. FNP targets the risk factors associated with the rising incidence of cardiovascular disease, diabetes, hypertension, and other chronic diseases. FNP targets limited-resource families living at or below 185% of the federal poverty line and youths attending schools with more than 50% participation in free and reduced-price lunch. This refers to a large percentage of the population that is defined as "working poor." FNP reaches this diverse population by conducting interventions at times and in locations easily accessible to this audience.

Food Safety initiatives include: Serv Safe and Food Safety and Preservation and Germ City. Serv Safe is a food-safety instructional program for food service managers designed by the National Restaurants Association. Food Safety and Preservation provides in-service training for County Extension educators and responding to client questions regarding food-safety issues. "Germ City" is an interactive exhibit/demonstration designed to increase awareness among children and their parents of effective handwashing.

Health initiatives include Dining With Diabetes, A New You, Active for Life, the CEOS Health Advisor, and Women's Health Heart. Dining With Diabetes is a comprehensive community-based education program, designed to increase the awareness of diabetes and diabetes self-management, to increase access to diabetes services, and to build relationships with community partners.

Bridging the Gap with Education: Diabetes Symposium which provides up-to-date information and training in Diabetes education attracts over 300 participants nationally. A New You: Health for Every Body is a curriculum for adults who struggle with weight and food. The multi-method, experiential learning program offers insights and tools for setting and achieving goals for health behavior changes in the areas of food, physical activity, and body image. Active for Life is a low- to moderate-intensity strengthening and flexibility exercise program for older adults developed in consultation with a physical therapist. WV has the highest rate of senior population in the U.S. and second highest rate of sedentary adults. Efforts need to be made to encourage exercise for seniors in a safe and secure environment. Women and Health Health strives to improve the status of women's health in West Virginia by improving knowledge about heart disease and its risk factors. The CEOS Health Advisor is an initiative to emphasize health education within the Community Education Outreach Service program.

3. Program existence : Mature (More than five years)

4. Program duration : Long-Term (More than five years)

5. Expending formula funds or state-matching funds : Yes

6. Expending other than formula funds or state-matching funds : Yes

V(B). Program Knowledge Area(s)**1. Program Knowledge Areas and Percentage**

- 702 10% Requirements and Function of Nutrients and Other Food Components
- 703 30% Nutrition Education and Behavior
- 712 10% Protect Food from Contamination by Pathogenic Microorganisms, Parasites, and Naturally Occurring Toxins
- 724 30% Healthy Lifestyle
- 801 10% Individual and Family Resource Management
- 802 10% Human Development and Family Well-Being

V(C). Planned Program (Situation and Scope)**1. Situation and priorities**

Obesity has become an epidemic in the US. Lack of physical activity, poor nutrition habits, and an environment that promotes unhealthy lifestyles must be addressed if we're to address the obesity epidemic. Research has shown a correlation between lower socioeconomic status and overweight/obesity. Several federal programs provide funding to target low-income families. The Family Nutrition Program has multiple stakeholders at the state and federal levels. Diabetes in West Virginia is reaching epidemic levels. West Virginia is currently ranked first in the nation with a prevalence rate of 10.9% among adults. Education is needed to reduce the number of new cases and to prevent or reduce the complications from diabetes in West Virginia residents. Factors such as the number of elderly in WV, prevalence of chronic disease such as type 2 diabetes and cardiovascular disease, the lack of

access to grocery stores in rural areas and the increased number of meals consumed away from home contribute to the pressing need for food safety education. The spread of communicable diseases among children in WV is apparent during all seasons of the year. The simple task of handwashing can reduce the transfer of germs associated with these diseases. This program will educate children and families on the importance of washing their hands to reduce the incidence of disease. WV had the highest rate of senior population in the US and the second highest rate of sedentary adults. Efforts need to be made to encourage exercise for seniors in a safe and secure environment. WV had the highest rate of senior population in the US and the second highest rate of sedentary adults. Efforts need to be made to encourage exercise for seniors in a safe and secure environment.

2. Scope of the Program

- In-State Extension
- Multistate Extension

V(D). Planned Program (Assumptions and Goals)

1. Assumptions made for the Program

The Family Nutrition Program uses paraprofessionals to provide a community-based approach of reaching low-income families and helping them to change their behaviors. FNP also uses a social marketing approach made available through the Food Stamp Education, Nutrition networks. Both practices have a strong research base and help focus efforts both at the state and local levels. Research has shown that community coalitions can empower people to make healthy lifestyle changes, which can reduce the prevalence of complications from diabetes and improve the health of people with diabetes. Counties have formed coalitions resulting in support groups that provide ongoing education to the participants. Continued support is expected from CDC through the West Virginia Diabetes Prevention and Control Program. Traditionally, the county Extension office is regarded as a safe and appropriate place for food-safety information. Reduce the incidence of communicable diseases among WV children and families through innovative and interactive educational program. Teach children at a young age the importance of handwashing as a lifetime practice. During the three years (2001-2004) when funding was available for the project, Germ-city units were purchased that will continue to be available for years and, thereby, give sustainability to the program. "A New You: Health for Every Body" is a reasonable, sensible approach to maintaining life-long healthy practices. The program has been extensively tested and proven to be effective in several states in the past few years. Since the country is moving toward a chronic disease prevention model of health, it will be possible to secure sustained funding for this program. Community coalitions can provide seniors with a safe, secure place to exercise and form health awareness groups. WVU Extension has long history of training and providing support to volunteers. "Active for Life" leaders are trained in their own communities and WVU provides continued support and resources. "Animals and Handwashing" is a very simple but effective and practical approach to encouraging children and their parents to wash their hands after touching animals. County fair boards have indicated a strong interest in participating in this project. Efforts to secure funding through the WV legislature are currently under way.

2. Ultimate goal(s) of this Program

- 1) Improve the overall health of program participants.
- 2) Increase the knowledge of nutrition, food safety and health management among WV families.
- 3) Change attitudes and behaviors of West Virginia citizens about nutrition, food safety, and health management.
- 4) Improve Extension's capacity for implementing nutrition, food safety, and health management programs in West Virginia.
- 5) Enhance WVU Extension's reputation as a leader in Diabetes education.

V(E). Planned Program (Inputs)

1. Estimated Number of professional FTE/SYs to be budgeted for this Program

Year	Extension		Research	
	1862	1890	1862	1890
2008	26.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
2009	26.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
2010	26.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
2011	26.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
2012	26.0	0.0	0.0	0.0

V(F). Planned Program (Activity)

1. Activity for the Program

The nutrition and health planned program includes the following initiatives: A New You: Health for Every Body, Active for Life, Animals and Handwashing, Bridging the Gap with Education: Diabetes Symposium, Dining with Diabetes, Family Nutrition Program, Food Safety, and Germ City: Clean Hands Healthy People.

Activities include:

Adult and Youth Nutrition Education Classes conducted. -- Newsletters produced and distributed. -- Video/DVD produced and distributed. -- Health fairs conducted.

Dining With Diabetes classes in 32 counties with an average of 25 participants per class, annual in-service trainings, Diabetes Update newsletter each month.

A national conference for healthcare providers and extension educators, a platform for interaction among healthcare professionals working in the field of diabetes.

7 ServSafe course offerings throughout the state with 120 food service participants in these courses. -- Answers to client questions. -- Food safety fact sheets on a variety of topics. -- Pressure canner testing in most counties.

Germ City programs held per year for Extension agents, Nutrition Outreach Instructors, volunteers, school-age children, food-service providers, and child-care providers.

Trainings for community leaders to lead participants in flexibility exercise . -- Seniors meet 3-5 times per week in Active for Life sessions. -- Extension agents provide support to community volunteers through trainings, newsletters, and recognition activities.

Handwashing signs at county and state fairs. -- Distributed handwashing cards at booths at county and state events. -- Made presentations at state and national Extension conferences.

2. Type(s) of methods to be used to reach direct and indirect contacts

Extension	
Direct Methods	Indirect Methods
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> ● Education Class ● Workshop ● One-on-One Intervention ● Other 1 (clinical testing) ● Demonstrations ● Group Discussion 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> ● Newsletters ● Other 2 (newspaper) ● TV Media Programs ● Other 1 (radio) ● Public Service Announcement ● Web sites

3. Description of targeted audience

Primary target audiences include:

Low income West Virginia adults and youth.

Adult West Virginians who have diabetes and their caregivers. Over 75% of the Dining with Diabetes participants were over 55 years old.

Healthy older adults.

Healthcare professionals and Extension educators.

V(G). Planned Program (Outputs)

1. Standard output measures

Target for the number of persons(contacts) to be reached through direct and indirect contact methods

	Direct Contacts Adults	Indirect Contacts Adults	Direct Contacts Youth	Indirect Contacts Youth
Year	Target	Target	Target	Target
2008	50000	250000	11000	17000
2009	50000	250000	11000	17000
2010	50000	250000	11000	17000
2011	50000	250000	11000	17000
2012	50000	250000	11000	17000

2. (Standard Research Target) Number of Patents

Expected Patents

2008 :0 2009 :0 2010 :0 2011 :0 2012 :0

3. Expected Peer Review Publications

Year	Research Target	Extension Target
2008	0	0
2009	0	0
2010	0	0
2011	0	0
2012	0	0

V(H). State Defined Outputs

1. Output Target

- Number of training activities (separate classes held) in nutrition and health.

2008 :1600 2009 :1600 2010 :1600 2011 :1600 2012 :1600

- Number of educational materials in nutrition and health created or updated.

2008 :10 2009 :10 2010 :10 2011 :10 2012 :10

- Number of state and national presentation on nutrition and health

2008 :40 2009 :40 2010 :40 2011 :40 2012 :40

- Number of educational materials in nutrition and health distributed.

2008 :50000 2009 :50000 2010 :50000 2011 :50000 2012 :50000

- Number of outside organizations collaborating with nutrition and health initiatives.

2008 :100 2009 :100 2010 : 100 2011 :100 2012 : 100

- Number of new grants and contracts received to support nutrition and health programs.

2008 :2 2009 :2 2010 : 2 2011 :2 2012 : 2

V(I). State Defined Outcome

1. Outcome Target

Number of participants who increased their knowledge of nutrition and health.

2. Outcome Type : Change in Knowledge Outcome Measure

2008 :50000 2009 : 50000 2010 : 50000 2011 :50000 2012 : 50000

3. Associated Knowledge Area(s)

- 702 - Requirements and Function of Nutrients and Other Food Components
- 703 - Nutrition Education and Behavior
- 712 - Protect Food from Contamination by Pathogenic Microorganisms, Parasites, and Naturally Occuring Toxins
- 724 - Healthy Lifestyle
- 801 - Individual and Family Resource Management
- 802 - Human Development and Family Well-Being

1. Outcome Target

Number of organizations that collaborated with nutrition and health initiatives.

2. Outcome Type : Change in Action Outcome Measure

2008 :550 2009 : 550 2010 : 550 2011 :550 2012 : 550

3. Associated Knowledge Area(s)

- 702 - Requirements and Function of Nutrients and Other Food Components
- 703 - Nutrition Education and Behavior
- 712 - Protect Food from Contamination by Pathogenic Microorganisms, Parasites, and Naturally Occuring Toxins
- 724 - Healthy Lifestyle
- 801 - Individual and Family Resource Management
- 802 - Human Development and Family Well-Being

1. Outcome Target

Number of participants who increased their motivation to adopt a skill or accomplish an activity.

2. Outcome Type : Change in Knowledge Outcome Measure

2008 :2000 2009 : 2000 2010 : 2000 2011 :2000 2012 : 2000

3. Associated Knowledge Area(s)

- 702 - Requirements and Function of Nutrients and Other Food Components
- 703 - Nutrition Education and Behavior
- 712 - Protect Food from Contamination by Pathogenic Microorganisms, Parasites, and Naturally Occuring Toxins
- 724 - Healthy Lifestyle

- 801 - Individual and Family Resource Management
- 802 - Human Development and Family Well-Being

1. Outcome Target

Number of participants who adopted a skill related to nutrition and health.

2. Outcome Type : Change in Action Outcome Measure

2008 :150 2009 : 150 2010 : 150 2011 :150 2012 : 150

3. Associated Knowledge Area(s)

- 712 - Protect Food from Contamination by Pathogenic Microorganisms, Parasites, and Naturally Occuring Toxins

1. Outcome Target

Number of participants who changed a habit or procedure related to nutrition and health.

2. Outcome Type : Change in Knowledge Outcome Measure

2008 :1400 2009 : 1400 2010 : 1400 2011 :1400 2012 : 1400

3. Associated Knowledge Area(s)

- 703 - Nutrition Education and Behavior
- 724 - Healthy Lifestyle
- 802 - Human Development and Family Well-Being

V(J). Planned Program (External Factors)

1. External Factors which may affect Outcomes

- Government Regulations
- Economy
- Competing Programatic Challenges
- Populations changes (immigration,new cultural groupings,etc.)
- Natural Disasters (drought,weather extremes,etc.)
- Public Policy changes
- Appropriations changes
- Competing Public priorities

Description

Competing programmatic challenges: Extension educators are forced to balance many diverse program areas in their limited time and financial resources. The economy will affect the ability of seniors to attend the programs and seniors' health and mental state will affect program participation. Extension educators need to be abreast of government regulation related to food safety. Natural disasters, such as severe snow storms and floods would cause cancellations. Available funding will impact ability to provide programming, especially for low-income target audiences.

V(K). Planned Program (Evaluation Studies and Data Collection)

1. Evaluation Studies Planned

- Before-After (before and after program)
- During (during program)
- After Only (post program)
- Retrospective (post program)

Description

Dining with Diabetes program conducts pre-, post-, and during-sessions evaluations of the participants that track knowledge and behavior changes and changes in clinical results. All training programs conduct post-assessments. FNP uses the EFNEP

Evaluation and Reporting System and FSNE Education and Administrative Reporting System. A New You conducts pre- and post- evaluation of attitudes and behaviors.

2. Data Collection Methods

- Whole population
- Structured
- Telephone
- Mail
- On-Site
- Unstructured
- Tests

Description

Pre- and post-questionnaires administered by the educators measure knowledge and behavior changes. Clinical tests (such as Hemoglobin A1c and Blood Pressure) are used with the Dining with Diabetes Program. FNP uses federal reporting tools.

V(A). Planned Program (Summary)**1. Name of the Planned Program**

Reaching the Underserved

2. Brief summary about Planned Program

The Reaching the Underserved planned program is designed to increase the effectiveness of the WVU Extension Service in working with and on behalf of under-represented audiences. It provides welfare simulations and workshops for external partners such as school teachers and administrators, social service personnel, and other professional groups. It also provides graduate-level teacher recertification classes as needed. A Web site for the distribution of information on reaching underserved audiences is maintained. A career preparation initiative provides labor and workforce education to at-risk youth and adults, both in-school and out-of-school, to improve workforce development skills for those making the transition from school to college or to work. An Earned Income Tax Credit (EITC) initiative distributes EITC educational/promotional materials through the university, state, and county Extension network, publicizes the new Welfare Peer Technical Assistance Network, recruits volunteers to help staff Volunteer Income Tax Assistance (VITA) sites, and train-the-trainer workshops. The WVUES AmeriCorps*VISTA Project identifies individuals and/or groups that are not currently being served, assesses their need, and then devises methods to provide those individuals with meaningful services.

3. Program existence : Intermediate (One to five years)

4. Program duration : Medium Term (One to five years)

5. Expending formula funds or state-matching funds : Yes

6. Expending other than formula funds or state-matching funds : No

V(B). Program Knowledge Area(s)**1. Program Knowledge Areas and Percentage**

- 607 10% Consumer Economics
- 801 20% Individual and Family Resource Management
- 802 20% Human Development and Family Well-Being
- 803 20% Sociological and Technological Change Affecting Individuals, Families and Communities
- 805 20% Community Institutions, Health, and Social Services
- 806 10% Youth Development

V(C). Planned Program (Situation and Scope)**1. Situation and priorities**

West Virginia, with a total population of 1,815,354 is a poor, rural state. Almost 20 percent of all families live in poverty. The median family income (in 1999 dollars) is \$36,484. Twenty-four percent of the children in the state live in poverty, with 52.7% receiving free or reduced-price lunches. The percent of eligible children served by Head Start is 74.5. The teen birth rate (ages 15-19 per 1,000 females) is 42.7, and 16.6% of all youths drop out of high school. (West Virginia Kids Count Data Book, 2005) The Internal Revenue Service reports that more than 33,000 families in West Virginia who are eligible for EITC do not file for it. With these statistics increasing each year, it is imperative that West Virginia University Extension Service (WVUES) have faculty who are trained in understanding the needs of low-income populations.

2. Scope of the Program

- In-State Extension

V(D). Planned Program (Assumptions and Goals)**1. Assumptions made for the Program**

While the American economy continues to change and grow as a result of new technologies, many people are finding they lack the skills needed for good jobs in the workforce. Many of them are working, but they are living below the poverty line because of economic globalization and their lack of employable skills. Many children are living in poverty even though they may have one parent working throughout the year. William O'Hare wrote an article in American Demographics that explains this phenomenon. The article identified educational attainment as the most critical factor in economic survival. The EITC can be a means by which

low-income West Virginians can help more their lives toward self-sufficiency.

2. Ultimate goal(s) of this Program

- 1) Improve the effectiveness of the WVU Extension Service in working with and on behalf of under-represented audiences.
- 2) Extension personnel and those who work in educational and social service professions in West Virginia will change their behaviors in such a way that will facilitate the inclusion of underserved population of citizens into programs and West Virginia society.

V(E). Planned Program (Inputs)

1. Estimated Number of professional FTE/SYs to be budgeted for this Program

Year	Extension		Research	
	1862	1890	1862	1890
2008	3.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
2009	3.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
2010	3.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
2011	3.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
2012	3.0	0.0	0.0	0.0

V(F). Planned Program (Activity)

1. Activity for the Program

The Reaching the Underserved planned program include four initiatives: poverty education, VISTA Volunteers, Earned Income Tax Credit, and Career Preparation. Activities include professional development workshops for Extension staff and volunteers on social justice and reaching underserved audiences -- Welfare simulations and workshops for external partners -- Graduate-level teacher re-certification classes -- Web site for the distribution of information on reaching underserved audiences. placement of VISTA volunteers in Extension office, career preparation training sessions, research on EITC use and practice, and dissemination of EITC materials.

2. Type(s) of methods to be used to reach direct and indirect contacts

Extension	
Direct Methods	Indirect Methods
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> ● Group Discussion ● Workshop ● Other 1 (Research reports) ● Education Class ● One-on-One Intervention 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> ● Web sites ● Newsletters ● Public Service Announcement ● TV Media Programs

3. Description of targeted audience

County Extension agents, classified staff, and volunteers from the 4-H program, the Master Gardener program, and the CEOS program. External organizations such as teachers, administrators, social service personnel, other professional organizations. Youth and low-income adults in the community.

V(G). Planned Program (Outputs)

1. Standard output measures

Target for the number of persons(contacts) to be reached through direct and indirect contact methods

	Direct Contacts Adults	Indirect Contacts Adults	Direct Contacts Youth	Indirect Contacts Youth
Year	Target	Target	Target	Target
2008	3000	103000	2200	45000
2009	3000	103000	2200	45000
2010	3000	103000	2200	45000
2011	3000	103000	2200	45000
2012	3000	103000	2200	45000

2. (Standard Research Target) Number of Patents

Expected Patents

2008 :0 2009 :0 2010 :0 2011 :0 2012 :0

3. Expected Peer Review Publications

Year	Research Target	Extension Target
2008	0	0
2009	0	0
2010	0	0
2011	0	0
2012	0	0

V(H). State Defined Outputs

1. Output Target

- Number of training activities related to the Reaching the Underserved program.

2008 :225 2009 :225 2010 : 225 2011 :225 2012 :225

- Number of educational materials, related to the Reaching the Underserved program, created or updated.

2008 :15 2009 :15 2010 : 15 2011 :15 2012 :15

- Number of Reaching the Underserved educational materials distributed.

2008 :200000 2009 :200000 2010 : 200000 2011 :200000 2012 :200000

- Number of people receiving educational materials related to the Reaching the Underserved program.

2008 :200000 2009 :200000 2010 : 200000 2011 :200000 2012 :200000

- Number of new counties participating in Reaching the Underserved initiatives this year.

2008 :3 2009 :3 2010 : 3 2011 :3 2012 :3

- Number of outside organizations or groups participating in Reaching the Underserved initiatives.

2008 :100

2009 :100

2010 : 100

2011 :100

2012 :100

V(I). State Defined Outcome

1. Outcome Target

Number of Reaching the Underserved participants who increased their knowledge.

2. Outcome Type : Change in Knowledge Outcome Measure

2008 :1100

2009 : 1100

2010 : 1100

2011 :1100

2012 : 1100

3. Associated Knowledge Area(s)

- 607 - Consumer Economics
- 801 - Individual and Family Resource Management
- 802 - Human Development and Family Well-Being
- 803 - Sociological and Technological Change Affecting Individuals, Families and Communities
- 805 - Community Institutions, Health, and Social Services

1. Outcome Target

Number of Reaching the Underserved participants who changed their attitudes or opinions.

2. Outcome Type : Change in Knowledge Outcome Measure

2008 :1100

2009 : 1100

2010 : 1100

2011 :1100

2012 : 1100

3. Associated Knowledge Area(s)

- 607 - Consumer Economics
- 801 - Individual and Family Resource Management
- 802 - Human Development and Family Well-Being
- 803 - Sociological and Technological Change Affecting Individuals, Families and Communities
- 805 - Community Institutions, Health, and Social Services
- 806 - Youth Development

1. Outcome Target

Number of Reaching the Underserved participants who improved their skill level.

2. Outcome Type : Change in Knowledge Outcome Measure

2008 :500

2009 : 500

2010 : 500

2011 :500

2012 : 500

3. Associated Knowledge Area(s)

- 607 - Consumer Economics
- 801 - Individual and Family Resource Management
- 802 - Human Development and Family Well-Being
- 803 - Sociological and Technological Change Affecting Individuals, Families and Communities
- 805 - Community Institutions, Health, and Social Services
- 806 - Youth Development

1. Outcome Target

Number of Reaching the Underserved participants who adopted a skill.

2. Outcome Type : Change in Action Outcome Measure

2008 :500

2009 : 500

2010 : 500

2011 :500

2012 : 500

3. Associated Knowledge Area(s)

- 607 - Consumer Economics
- 801 - Individual and Family Resource Management
- 802 - Human Development and Family Well-Being
- 803 - Sociological and Technological Change Affecting Individuals, Families and Communities
- 805 - Community Institutions, Health, and Social Services

V(J). Planned Program (External Factors)

1. External Factors which may affect Outcomes

- Other (lack of funding)
- Appropriations changes
- Competing Public priorities
- Competing Programatic Challenges
- Natural Disasters (drought,weather extremes,etc.)
- Populations changes (immigration,new cultural groupings,etc.)
- Government Regulations
- Economy

Description

Because West Virginia ia a poor, rural state with decreased revenue, an increasing population of people living in poverty and an overall decrease in population have resulted.

V(K). Planned Program (Evaluation Studies and Data Collection)

1. Evaluation Studies Planned

- After Only (post program)
- Before-After (before and after program)
- During (during program)
- Retrospective (post program)

Description

Our plan is to evaluate each workshop and to monitor the number of programs offered to underserved participants, as well as the number of participants and the knowledge change. Evaluations are be conducted to assess the behavior of EITC recipients and to assess the needs of employers in relationship to offering EITC services to employees.

2. Data Collection Methods

- Mail
- Observation
- Structured
- Other (Existing data)
- Telephone
- Sampling
- Whole population
- Unstructured

Description

We will be assessing all agents for changes in the statewide organizational capacity survey. In addition, we will track the number of programs targeted to underserved populations.

V(A). Planned Program (Summary)

1. Name of the Planned Program

Strengthening Families

2. Brief summary about Planned Program

The Strengthening Families planned programs includes initiatives in parenting, childcare, aging, finance, and adult relationships. The Family Times Newsletter serves as the foundation of the parent education program in several counties. Issues are distributed to parents of kindergarten through second-grade children. There are now 20 issues available for distribution. Each issue focuses on a topic of concern to parents. Family and consumer sciences educators participate in childcare training programs at the local level. Some are designed to allow all employed childcare workers to become certified by the state so that they can provide more professional care to children. The Senior Moments Newsletter serves older adults in West Virginia, ages 55 and above. It is distributed through community organizations such as senior centers and senior housing facilities. The newsletter contains information on how to live a healthier lifestyle in one's older years. The entertaining newsletters contain jokes and puzzles, along with educational information. The Relatives as Parents Program (RAPP) provides support services to grandparents and other relatives who care for children of parents. The program seeks to increase the educational, social, emotional, and material support for relatives functioning in the role of parents and trains support group facilitators. RAPP activities include regional training for group facilitators and caregivers, educational materials, newsletters, a listserve, and regional family camps. It financial planning. Credit card debt has risen dramatically in recent years, and families need help in managing that debt. Family finance programs at WVU Extension focus on training family members to understand and manage credit cards as well as other financial literacy issues and to provide financial training for youth. The Healthy Families Healthy Children initiative is designed to strengthen families and marriages so that children can experience healthy interpersonal family relationships and have positive role models. West Virginia has ten coalitions across the state, and each of those coalitions has received a small grant to design and implement programs that will build strong adult relationships within families. Coalition members also receive training in how to conduct local educational programs.

3. Program existence : Mature (More than five years)

4. Program duration : Long-Term (More than five years)

5. Expending formula funds or state-matching funds : Yes

6. Expending other than formula funds or state-matching funds : Yes

V(B). Program Knowledge Area(s)

1. Program Knowledge Areas and Percentage

- 801 20% Individual and Family Resource Management
- 802 80% Human Development and Family Well-Being

V(C). Planned Program (Situation and Scope)

1. Situation and priorities

Parents of young children in WV need help with the many decisions they must make in parenting their children. These days, parents have many demands and often do not have time for extensive reading or attending parenting classes. The Family Times Newsletters were designed to meet the needs of busy parents. They provide age appropriate parenting tips on a variety of topics, provide a Book Nook and To Make a Difference sections, and are linked with and distributed by local schools.

Many of those who are caring for our children in childcare centers in West Virginia are not trained adequately. Many childcare workers have high school or GED certificates but no higher education. Extension educators can provide college-level training on a variety of subjects related to child development and care. The Apprentice for Child Development Specialist program (ACDS) in West Virginia is committed to certifying childcare providers through an educational program linked to on-the-job experience. There are not enough ACDS trainers in West Virginia counties.

Nationally, there are about 5 million children being raised by a grandparent or other relative because their biological parent is not able or willing to assume the parenting role. In West Virginia, there are approximately 25,000 children being raised by a grandparent and 20,000 custodial caregivers. The number one reason grandparents are raising their grandchildren is drug or alcohol abuse. Other reasons are incarceration, abandonment, death and military employment. Particularly salient are their needs for legal and financial assistance and accessing the formal child welfare system.

Families in WV need help managing their money. Of particular concern is the need for reducing credit card debt and increasing

the amount of money families save each year. WVU Extension has been working on strategies to increase financial literacy among families in West Virginia.

The divorce rate is now at 50% nationally. It appears that couples do not work as hard to maintain their marriages as they did in the past. Couples in West Virginia need to gain skills to overcome problems in their relationships and maintain family connections. West Virginia ranks second in the percentage of residents over the age of 65. WVU Extension has begun to meet the needs of older adults through the publication and distribution of the Senior Moments newsletter. One specialist is also serving as evaluator to the Extension Family Caregiving Community of Practice.

2. Scope of the Program

- In-State Extension

V(D). Planned Program (Assumptions and Goals)

1. Assumptions made for the Program

Parenting information is best delivered through partnerships with schools because they have access to parents and are trusted entities.

Many of those who are caring for our children in childcare centers in West Virginia are not trained adequately. Many childcare workers have high school or GED certificates but no higher education. Extension educators can provide college-level training on a variety of subjects related to child development and care.

Many older adults in West Virginia are not computer savvy and/or do not have access to computers. A high percentage of older adults in West Virginia have low literacy skills. Older adults in West Virginia have strong ties to their communities and rely on community leaders for information and support. Collaboration at the local level is an important way to meet the needs of older adults, and Extension is particularly good at working within collaborations.

The RAPP program is and has been a collaborative program with the WV Department of Health and Human Resources (including Family Resource Networks) and Mission West Virginia, Inc. Extension faculty will work with FRN directors to provide education and resources to county individuals. There are support groups operating in the counties, but the emphasis will now be on training mentors who will answer calls from kin caregivers. We will also offer local workshops, a newsletter, website, and listserv and will begin exploring the option of conducting family camps.

We believe that a train-the-trainer approach will be effective in dealing with financial literacy education for families. We plan to pilot a new credit card educational program by training five agents each year who will then train citizens in their counties.

Coalitions or organizations organized around a theme work well in West Virginia. Couples who have received the PREP training have a lower divorce rate than others going through other marriage programs. People who are given training that includes relationship skills tend to continue to use them after 5 years.

2. Ultimate goal(s) of this Program

- 1) Childcare workers will provide professional, safe care for children.
- 2) Parents will become better parents by gaining researched-based successful parenting skills.
- 3) West Virginia families will be led by adults in strong, healthy, long-lasting relationships.
- 4) Kin caregivers will create stable, loving environments in which to raise the children.
- 5) Older adult citizens of West Virginia will gain in life satisfaction and find the resources they need.
- 6) WV families will save and manage their finances and improve their way of life.

V(E). Planned Program (Inputs)

1. Estimated Number of professional FTE/SYs to be budgeted for this Program

Year	Extension		Research	
	1862	1890	1862	1890
2008	5.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
2009	5.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
2010	5.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
2011	5.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
2012	5.0	0.0	0.0	0.0

V(F). Planned Program (Activity)

1. Activity for the Program

The Strengthening Family planned program consists of the following initiatives: Childcare Education, Family Finance, Family Times Newsletter, Healthy Families Healthy Children, Relatives as Parents Program, and Senior Moments. Activities include: creation, dissemination and evaluation of the Family Times Newsletter; teaching within the ACDS program and other childcare training programs, writing fact sheets and other articles about childcare, producing the Senior Moments newsletter and making it accessible online; training RAPP mentors; producing educational resources for kin caregivers; conducting family camps for kin care families; training WV citizens in credit card use and other financial literacy matters; producing fact sheets and lesson plans on financial literacy; participating with State agencies to teach financial management to teens and participating in the statewide Earned Income Tax promotion program; training county-level coalition members to do the PREP program, and building healthy family healthy children coalitions in West Virginia.

2. Type(s) of methods to be used to reach direct and indirect contacts

Extension	
Direct Methods	Indirect Methods
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> ● Other 1 (Collaborations with schools) ● Other 2 (collarorations w/day care center) 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> ● Newsletters

3. Description of targeted audience

- West Virginia parents
- Childcare providers in WV
- Older adults in WV
- Kin caregivers in WV
- School teachers
- WV citizens in significant relationships
- Extension agents
- Social service personnel

V(G). Planned Program (Outputs)

1. Standard output measures

Target for the number of persons(contacts) to be reached through direct and indirect contact methods

	Direct Contacts Adults	Indirect Contacts Adults	Direct Contacts Youth	Indirect Contacts Youth
Year	Target	Target	Target	Target
2008	2000	22000	100	44000
2009	2000	22000	100	44000
2010	2000	22000	100	44000
2011	2000	22000	100	44000
2012	2000	22000	100	44000

2. (Standard Research Target) Number of Patents

Expected Patents

2008 :0 2009 :0 2010 :0 2011 :0 2012 :0

3. Expected Peer Review Publications

Year	Research Target	Extension Target
2008	0	0
2009	0	0
2010	0	0
2011	0	0
2012	0	0

V(H). State Defined Outputs

1. Output Target

- Number of training activities

2008 :90 2009 :90 2010 :90 2011 :90 2012 :90

- Number of educational materials created or updated.

2008 :46 2009 :46 2010 :46 2011 :46 2012 :46

- Number of educational materials distributed.

2008 :27000 2009 :27000 2010 :27000 2011 :27000 2012 :27000

- Number of new counties participating in initiatives.

2008 :10 2009 :10 2010 :10 2011 :10 2012 :10

- Number of outside organizations or groups participating in initiatives this year.

2008 :20 2009 :20 2010 :20 2011 :20 2012 :20

- Number of new grants and contracts supporting initiatives in this program area.

2008 :3

2009 :3

2010 :3

2011 :3

2012 :3

V(I). State Defined Outcome

1. Outcome Target

Number of participants who increased their knowledge.

2. Outcome Type : Change in Knowledge Outcome Measure

2008 :1500

2009 : 1500

2010 : 1500

2011 :1500

2012 : 1500

3. Associated Knowledge Area(s)

- 801 - Individual and Family Resource Management
- 802 - Human Development and Family Well-Being

1. Outcome Target

Number of participants who improved their skill level.

2. Outcome Type : Change in Knowledge Outcome Measure

2008 :130

2009 : 130

2010 : 130

2011 :130

2012 : 130

3. Associated Knowledge Area(s)

- 801 - Individual and Family Resource Management
- 802 - Human Development and Family Well-Being

1. Outcome Target

Nmber of participants who increased their motivation to adopt a skill or accomplish an activity.

2. Outcome Type : Change in Knowledge Outcome Measure

2008 :1000

2009 : 1000

2010 : 1000

2011 :1000

2012 : 1000

3. Associated Knowledge Area(s)

- 801 - Individual and Family Resource Management
- 802 - Human Development and Family Well-Being

1. Outcome Target

Number of participants who adopt a skill.

2. Outcome Type : Change in Action Outcome Measure

2008 :200

2009 : 200

2010 : 200

2011 :200

2012 : 200

3. Associated Knowledge Area(s)

- 801 - Individual and Family Resource Management
- 802 - Human Development and Family Well-Being

1. Outcome Target

Number of groups or organizations that collaborate with strengthening family initiatives.

2. Outcome Type : Change in Action Outcome Measure

2008 :50

2009 : 50

2010 : 50

2011 :50

2012 : 50

3. Associated Knowledge Area(s)

- 801 - Individual and Family Resource Management

- 802 - Human Development and Family Well-Being

V(J). Planned Program (External Factors)

1. External Factors which may affect Outcomes

- Populations changes (immigration,new cultural groupings,etc.)
- Competing Programatic Challenges
- Public Policy changes
- Competing Public priorities
- Appropriations changes
- Government Regulations
- Economy

Description

Ability to make contacts within the school systems in each county. Ability to get outside organizations to participate in some of our initiatives, funding, Extension priorities.

V(K). Planned Program (Evaluation Studies and Data Collection)

1. Evaluation Studies Planned

- After Only (post program)
- During (during program)
- Before-After (before and after program)

Description

A random sample of readers of Family Times Newsletters will be asked how and how often they use the information from the newsletters in their daily lives. Training sessions will be evaluated for knowledge and skill gained using pre and post tests and retrospective assessments.

2. Data Collection Methods

- Mail
- Telephone
- On-Site
- Structured
- Unstructured
- Observation
- Sampling
- Whole population
- Other (focus groups)
- Portfolio Reviews

Description

Focus groups will be held to assess participant use of learning. Collaboration between coalition members in the Healthy Families Healthy Children initiative will be measured.

V(A). Planned Program (Summary)**1. Name of the Planned Program**

Workforce Development

2. Brief summary about Planned Program

Improved workplace safety is the primary goal of the Safety and Health Extension initiative. Program elements include training, research, and service on the topics of fall protection for commercial and residential construction workers, disaster-site worker and trainer courses, ergonomic awareness for nursing home employees, OSHA train-the-trainer courses for construction and general industry, safety during modular home installations, teaching techniques, and safety training for WVU employees. The Institute for Labor Studies and Research provides university-quality programs of teaching, research, and service for labor organizations at the local, state, regional, and national levels to support and strengthen the trade union movement, to improve labor-management relations, to promote social justice within unions, and to enhance labor's role in the community. \the annual WV State Fire School. West Virginia University Fire Service Extension (WVU-FSE) is a leader in providing critical, high-quality training to the state's emergency responders. Firefighters serve as the first line of defense in emergencies well beyond fire and rescue operations, including chemical spills, terrorist threats, and weapons of mass destruction. We also provide firefighting training for advanced fire officers. West Virginia University Fire Service Extension (WVU-FSE) is a leader in providing critical, high-quality training to the state's emergency responders. WVU programs meet national professional consensus standards. WVU Extension also provides aircraft crash rescue firefighting training for airport firefighters. This is required yearly by the airports. We have one of only three simulators in the country that can provide this training.

3. Program existence : Mature (More than five years)

4. Program duration : Long-Term (More than five years)

5. Expending formula funds or state-matching funds : Yes

6. Expending other than formula funds or state-matching funds : Yes

V(B). Program Knowledge Area(s)**1. Program Knowledge Areas and Percentage**

- 402 10% Engineering Systems and Equipment
- 723 30% Hazards to Human Health and Safety
- 724 10% Healthy Lifestyle
- 803 50% Sociological and Technological Change Affecting Individuals, Families and Communities

V(C). Planned Program (Situation and Scope)**1. Situation and priorities**

Problem: Students need specific training or classes It's a problem due to fires. The problem exists for everyone and everyone has a stake. Fire is a problem; training can help with hazardous fire situations and save lives.

Problem is training for airport firefighters. Everyone has a stake in the program, from passengers to workers and airport employees.

2. Scope of the Program

- In-State Extension
- Multistate Integrated Research and Extension

V(D). Planned Program (Assumptions and Goals)**1. Assumptions made for the Program**

We know that standards exist for training and we can help students meet them with existing curriculum. Funding is and always has been an issue. RESA receives money to put on classes for free and WVU does not, and fire departments typically do not have a lot of money to spend on training. We have instructors that we train all the time who have the desired skills and abilities to do this training.

We have the ability to do the training on aircraft crash rescue to national consensus standards and the prop to do the training. Airports must have this training and pay for it so the funding is secure. We have professional staff throughout the state who

can help the program coordinator with the training.

West Virginia University Safety and Health Extension (WVUSHE) safety and health professionals are experienced and knowledgeable in the areas of teaching, research, and service. Interventions and solutions implemented by WVUSHE professionals are problem- or employer-specific and based on best practices accepted by OSHA and the safety profession in general.

The faculty involved with the Institute for Labor Studies and Research program (ILSR) are knowledgeable, innovative, and dedicated to meeting the needs of ILSR's clientele. The labor movement is simultaneously traditional and progressive, so the faculty must be able to address both traditional and evolving needs. Through a very close-knit working relationship with our constituents, and with the support of WVU Extension, ILSR is able to develop appropriate need-oriented programs and perform relevant research. The exceptional ability of the ILSR faculty, the close relationship with ILSR's constituency, and WVU Extension's unwavering support will ensure the ILSR program's success.

2. Ultimate goal(s) of this Program

- 1) To lower incidence of loss of life and property in West Virginia by training firefighters and personnel at large and small airports.
- 2) To improved workforce safety by developing a state, regional, and university workforce capable of effectively addressing situations involving exposure to safety and/or health hazards.
- 3) To improve West Virginia's economy by saving lives and reducing injuries, illnesses, and related costs.
- 4) To prepare current and future labor leaders to be effective and practical representatives of their in the workplace and in the community by promoting the exchange of ideas between international unions and/or geographic location.
- 5) To strengthen the trade union movement in West Virginia by increase the knowledge of labor's role in history and providing working men and women with a contextual framework within which they can better understand the American workforce
- 6) To increase labor's historical representation in county schools and youth-oriented programs.

V(E). Planned Program (Inputs)

1. Estimated Number of professional FTE/SYs to be budgeted for this Program

Year	Extension		Research	
	1862	1890	1862	1890
2008	9.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
2009	9.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
2010	9.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
2011	9.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
2012	9.0	0.0	0.0	0.0

V(F). Planned Program (Activity)

1. Activity for the Program

The Workforce Development planned program includes the following initiatives: Advanced Fire Officer Training, Aircraft Crash Rescue Firefighting, Institute for Labor Studies and Research, Safety and Health Extension, and WV State Fire Institute. Activities include an annual fire school with 300 participants; simulation activities on aircraft; training for airports staff; safety and health training modules and classes in construction and general industry, and fall protection training in residential and modular home building; funding mechanisms (including grants, contracts, and fees for services) that provide stability and room for growth to provide its research, training, and other services to employers, workers, and unions at a reasonable cost; resources from the entire WVU employee population and other state and local government and private entities to provide occupational safety and health services; classes for veteran and novice union representatives; curricula addressing both current labor issues and historical events that provide context for understanding; conferences relevant to workers, union members and leaders, and other activists and conduct classes for conference attendees; residential programs in collaboration with specific labor unions and organizations, conduct classes for program participants relevant to the specific sponsoring body, and provide networking opportunities for program participants; classes on safety and health topics relevant to workers and their workplaces; training to young workers learning employment skills; multimedia presentations for union members and individuals interested in labor history, including youth.

2. Type(s) of methods to be used to reach direct and indirect contacts

Extension	
Direct Methods	Indirect Methods
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> ● Workshop ● Demonstrations ● Group Discussion ● One-on-One Intervention ● Education Class 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> ● Newsletters ● TV Media Programs

3. Description of targeted audience

Firefighters, EMS, law enforcement, first responders, upper management in the fire services, airport personnel, the general population, people who seek to implement or assist in the implementaiton of individual or employer compliance with state, federal, and local safety and health legislation, employers/owners of businesses, volunteers, immigrants, migrant workers, youth, disabled commuity members, and older adults.

V(G). Planned Program (Outputs)

1. Standard output measures

Target for the number of persons(contacts) to be reached through direct and indirect contact methods

	Direct Contacts Adults	Indirect Contacts Adults	Direct Contacts Youth	Indirect Contacts Youth
Year	Target	Target	Target	Target
2008	7000	20000	400	2500
2009	7000	20000	400	2500
2010	7000	20000	400	2500
2011	7000	20000	400	2500
2012	7000	20000	400	2500

2. (Standard Research Target) Number of Patents

Expected Patents

2008 :0 2009 :0 2010 :0 2011 :0 2012 :0

3. Expected Peer Review Publications

Year	Research Target	Extension Target
2008	0	0
2009	0	0
2010	0	0
2011	0	0
2012	0	0

V(H). State Defined Outputs

1. Output Target

- Number of training activities in workforce development.

2008 :300	2009 :300	2010 : 300	2011 :300	2012 :300
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- Number of educational materials in workforce development created or updated.

2008 :12	2009 :12	2010 : 12	2011 :12	2012 : 12
----------	----------	-----------	----------	-----------
- Number of new counties participating in workforce development initiatives.

2008 :25	2009 :25	2010 : 25	2011 :25	2012 : 25
----------	----------	-----------	----------	-----------
- Number of educational materials in workforce development distributed.

2008 :7000	2009 :7000	2010 : 7000	2011 :7000	2012 : 7000
------------	------------	-------------	------------	-------------
- Number of new counties participating in workforce development initiatives this year.

2008 :25	2009 :25	2010 : 25	2011 :25	2012 : 25
----------	----------	-----------	----------	-----------
- Number of new outside organizations or groups participating in workforce development initiatives.

2008 :15	2009 :15	2010 : 15	2011 :15	2012 : 15
----------	----------	-----------	----------	-----------
- Number of new grants and contracts supporting initiatives in workforce development.

2008 :50	2009 :50	2010 : 50	2011 :50	2012 : 50
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V(I). State Defined Outcome

1. Outcome Target

Number of groups or organizations that collaborated with workforce development initiatives.

2. Outcome Type : Change in Action Outcome Measure

2008 :15	2009 : 15	2010 : 15	2011 :15	2012 : 15
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3. Associated Knowledge Area(s)

- 402 - Engineering Systems and Equipment
- 723 - Hazards to Human Health and Safety
- 724 - Healthy Lifestyle
- 803 - Sociological and Technological Change Affecting Individuals, Families and Communities

1. Outcome Target

Number of participants in workforce development programs who increase their knowledge.

2. Outcome Type : Change in Knowledge Outcome Measure

2008 :500	2009 : 500	2010 : 500	2011 :500	2012 : 500
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3. Associated Knowledge Area(s)

- 402 - Engineering Systems and Equipment

- 723 - Hazards to Human Health and Safety
- 724 - Healthy Lifestyle
- 803 - Sociological and Technological Change Affecting Individuals, Families and Communities

1. Outcome Target

Number of participants in workforce development programs who improve a skill.

2. Outcome Type : Change in Knowledge Outcome Measure

2008 :40 2009 : 40 2010 : 40 2011 :40 2012 : 40

3. Associated Knowledge Area(s)

- 402 - Engineering Systems and Equipment
- 723 - Hazards to Human Health and Safety
- 724 - Healthy Lifestyle
- 803 - Sociological and Technological Change Affecting Individuals, Families and Communities

1. Outcome Target

Number of participants in workforce development programs who change an attitude or increase motivation.

2. Outcome Type : Change in Knowledge Outcome Measure

2008 :500 2009 : 500 2010 : 500 2011 :500 2012 : 500

3. Associated Knowledge Area(s)

- 402 - Engineering Systems and Equipment
- 723 - Hazards to Human Health and Safety
- 724 - Healthy Lifestyle
- 803 - Sociological and Technological Change Affecting Individuals, Families and Communities

1. Outcome Target

Number of participants in workforce development programs who gained new employment.

2. Outcome Type : Change in Action Outcome Measure

2008 :40 2009 : 40 2010 : 40 2011 :40 2012 : 40

3. Associated Knowledge Area(s)

- 402 - Engineering Systems and Equipment
- 723 - Hazards to Human Health and Safety
- 724 - Healthy Lifestyle
- 803 - Sociological and Technological Change Affecting Individuals, Families and Communities

V(J). Planned Program (External Factors)

1. External Factors which may affect Outcomes

- Natural Disasters (drought,weather extremes,etc.)
- Competing Public priorities
- Populations changes (immigration,new cultural groupings,etc.)
- Government Regulations
- Competing Programatic Challenges
- Public Policy changes
- Economy
- Appropriations changes

Description

Competition for training funds and changes in regulations make it harder to complete classes. Changes in government regulations make it harder to reach national consensus standard. Competing with RESA , which gets money to conduct free classes. Grants becoming harder to secure.

V(K). Planned Program (Evaluation Studies and Data Collection)

1. Evaluation Studies Planned

- Before-After (before and after program)
- After Only (post program)
- Comparisons between program participants (individuals,group,organizations) and non-participants
- During (during program)
- Case Study

Description

Pre- and post-tests and successful completion of practicals. Discussions held at trainings. WVUSHE Training Courses: Immediately following all WVUSHE training courses, all participants receive 1- or 2-page printed evaluation forms consisting of narrative and Likert scale sections. Participants are requested to provide written input regarding instructor(s) (i.e., effectiveness, level of preparation, content delivery, course facilitation) and course (i.e., topic relevance and course structure, content, and coverage). WVUSHE Research and Service Activities: Evaluation scope and methods are contingent on program elements and requirements. They may include participant, instructor, and researcher input.

2. Data Collection Methods

- Observation
- Portfolio Reviews
- Tests
- On-Site
- Whole population

Description

Pre- and post-tests; observe scenarios; physical review of sample practice work and portfolio. Discussion as training is taking place. Practical hands-on training. Observations. All of the above-listed qualitative and quantitative evaluation methods are part of WVUSHE's general evaluation approach. These methods have been used for evaluation of various projects and efforts in the past, are currently being used, and/or are planned for future project evaluation. Results are tabulated and compiled in training, service, and/or research summaries and are reported in individual instructor and general WVUSHE annual reports. Project summaries are often submitted in publishable format for professional journals and presented by WVUSHE personnel at local, regional, and national workshops and conferences.

V(A). Planned Program (Summary)**1. Name of the Planned Program**

Youth Agriculture

2. Brief summary about Planned Program

The number of rural residents has decreased to less than 1.5% of America's population. With technological advances and the increased urban/nonfarm populations, individuals are now several generations removed from actual working knowledge of agricultural production; the public (youth and adult) is not prepared to make informed decisions that ensure quality and adequate food and fiber while also maintaining the environment. Youth agricultural education programming offers training that develops life skills in both youth and adult participants. Development of life skills enhances the ability of youths to become functioning members of society, and helps adults gain satisfaction and accomplishment of personal/career goals. Ag in the Classroom programming directed at school teachers strives to expand and extend the ag knowledge base in WV and nationally.

3. Program existence : Mature (More than five years)

4. Program duration : Long-Term (More than five years)

5. Expending formula funds or state-matching funds : Yes

6. Expending other than formula funds or state-matching funds : No

V(B). Program Knowledge Area(s)**1. Program Knowledge Areas and Percentage**

- 101 2% Appraisal of Soil Resources
- 123 2% Management and Sustainability of Forest Resources
- 204 2% Plant Product Quality and Utility (Preharvest)
- 308 30% Improved Animal Products (Before Harvest)
- 315 9% Animal Welfare/Well-Being and Protection
- 806 50% Youth Development
- 901 5% Program and Project Design, and Statistics

V(C). Planned Program (Situation and Scope)**1. Situation and priorities**

4-H agricultural education programs are vehicles for youth/adult development, which is the mission of the Cooperative Extension Service of the USDA. Agricultural education programming offers training that develops life skills in both youth and adult participants. Development of life skills enhances the ability of youths to become functioning members of society, and helps adults gain satisfaction and accomplishment of personal/career goals. In addition, the number of rural residents has decreased to less than 1.5% of America's population. With technological advances and the increased urban/nonfarm populations, individuals are now several generations removed from actual working knowledge of agricultural production; the public (youth and adult) is not prepared to make informed decisions that ensure quality and adequate food and fiber while also maintaining the environment.

2. Scope of the Program

- In-State Extension

V(D). Planned Program (Assumptions and Goals)**1. Assumptions made for the Program**

Involvement in 4-H youth and natural resources programming will develop subject matter and life skills for youth and adult participants. Agriculture and natural resources programming includes fairs and expositions, judging contests, skillathons, workshops, tours, school programs, etc.

2. Ultimate goal(s) of this Program

- 1) To involvement 4-H youth in natural resources programming.
- 2) To enhance understanding in youth of the importance of agriculture.

V(E). Planned Program (Inputs)

1. Estimated Number of professional FTE/SYs to be budgeted for this Program

Year	Extension		Research	
	1862	1890	1862	1890
2008	5.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
2009	5.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
2010	5.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
2011	5.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
2012	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0

V(F). Planned Program (Activity)

1. Activity for the Program

Classes for youth in agriculture and natural resources; 4-H fairs and festivals; expos, skillathons, trade show exhibits.

2. Type(s) of methods to be used to reach direct and indirect contacts

Extension	
Direct Methods	Indirect Methods
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> ● Other 1 (Judging Contests, tours) ● Workshop ● Education Class ● Group Discussion ● Demonstrations ● One-on-One Intervention ● Other 2 (Fairs & expo skillathons) 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> ● Other 1 (website) ● Other 2 (trade show exhibits/displays) ● Public Service Announcement ● Newsletters

3. Description of targeted audience

4-H youth and 4-H adult leaders, Extension agents and specialists

V(G). Planned Program (Outputs)

1. Standard output measures

Target for the number of persons(contacts) to be reached through direct and indirect contact methods

Year	Direct Contacts Adults	Indirect Contacts Adults	Direct Contacts Youth	Indirect Contacts Youth
	Target	Target	Target	Target
2008	10000	20000	20000	20000
2009	10000	20000	20000	20000
2010	10000	20000	20000	20000
2011	10000	20000	20000	20000
2012	10000	20000	20000	20000

2. (Standard Research Target) Number of Patents

Expected Patents

2008 :0 2009 :0 2010 :0 2011 :0 2012 :0

3. Expected Peer Review Publications

Year	Research Target	Extension Target
2008	0	0
2009	0	0
2010	0	0
2011	0	0
2012	0	0

V(H). State Defined Outputs

1. Output Target

- Number of training activities in youth agriculture.

2008 :1200 2009 :1200 2010 : 1200 2011 :1200 2012 :1200

- Number of educational materials in youth agriculture created or updated.

2008 :6 2009 :6 2010 : 6 2011 :6 2012 :6

- Number of people receiving educational materials related to youth agriculture.

2008 :500 2009 :500 2010 : 500 2011 :500 2012 :500

V(I). State Defined Outcome

1. Outcome Target

Number of youth agriculture participants who increased their knowledge.

2. Outcome Type : Change in Knowledge Outcome Measure

2008 :2000 2009 : 2000 2010 : 2000 2011 :2000 2012 : 2000

3. Associated Knowledge Area(s)

- 101 - Appraisal of Soil Resources
- 123 - Management and Sustainability of Forest Resources
- 204 - Plant Product Quality and Utility (Preharvest)
- 308 - Improved Animal Products (Before Harvest)
- 315 - Animal Welfare/Well-Being and Protection
- 806 - Youth Development
- 901 - Program and Project Design, and Statistics

1. Outcome Target

Number of participants in youth agriculture initiatives who changed their attitudes or opinions.

2. Outcome Type : Change in Knowledge Outcome Measure

2008 :500 **2009** : 500 **2010** : 500 **2011** :500 **2012** : 500

3. Associated Knowledge Area(s)

- 101 - Appraisal of Soil Resources
- 123 - Management and Sustainability of Forest Resources
- 204 - Plant Product Quality and Utility (Preharvest)
- 308 - Improved Animal Products (Before Harvest)
- 315 - Animal Welfare/Well-Being and Protection
- 806 - Youth Development
- 901 - Program and Project Design, and Statistics

1. Outcome Target

Number of participants in youth agriculture initiatives who improved their skill level.

2. Outcome Type : Change in Knowledge Outcome Measure

2008 :2000 **2009** : 2000 **2010** : 2000 **2011** :2000 **2012** : 2000

3. Associated Knowledge Area(s)

- 101 - Appraisal of Soil Resources
- 123 - Management and Sustainability of Forest Resources
- 204 - Plant Product Quality and Utility (Preharvest)
- 308 - Improved Animal Products (Before Harvest)
- 315 - Animal Welfare/Well-Being and Protection
- 806 - Youth Development
- 901 - Program and Project Design, and Statistics

1. Outcome Target

Number of participants in youth agriculture initiatives who adopted a skill

2. Outcome Type : Change in Action Outcome Measure

2008 :500 **2009** : 500 **2010** : 500 **2011** :500 **2012** : 500

3. Associated Knowledge Area(s)

- 101 - Appraisal of Soil Resources
- 123 - Management and Sustainability of Forest Resources
- 204 - Plant Product Quality and Utility (Preharvest)
- 308 - Improved Animal Products (Before Harvest)
- 315 - Animal Welfare/Well-Being and Protection
- 806 - Youth Development
- 901 - Program and Project Design, and Statistics

1. Outcome Target

Number of participants in youth agriculture initiatives who changed a habit or procedure.

2. Outcome Type : Change in Action Outcome Measure

2008 :200 2009 : 200 2010 : 200 2011 :200 2012 : 200

3. Associated Knowledge Area(s)

- 101 - Appraisal of Soil Resources
- 123 - Management and Sustainability of Forest Resources
- 204 - Plant Product Quality and Utility (Preharvest)
- 308 - Improved Animal Products (Before Harvest)
- 315 - Animal Welfare/Well-Being and Protection
- 806 - Youth Development

1. Outcome Target

Number of groups or organizations that collaborated with youth agriculture initiatives.

2. Outcome Type : Change in Action Outcome Measure

2008 :80 2009 : 80 2010 : 80 2011 :80 2012 : 80

3. Associated Knowledge Area(s)

- 101 - Appraisal of Soil Resources
- 123 - Management and Sustainability of Forest Resources
- 204 - Plant Product Quality and Utility (Preharvest)
- 308 - Improved Animal Products (Before Harvest)
- 315 - Animal Welfare/Well-Being and Protection
- 806 - Youth Development
- 901 - Program and Project Design, and Statistics

1. Outcome Target

Number of new youth agriculture initiatives that have ben implemented by trainees of WVUES initiatives.

2. Outcome Type : Change in Action Outcome Measure

2008 :2 2009 : 2 2010 : 2 2011 :2 2012 : 2

3. Associated Knowledge Area(s)

- 101 - Appraisal of Soil Resources
- 123 - Management and Sustainability of Forest Resources
- 204 - Plant Product Quality and Utility (Preharvest)
- 308 - Improved Animal Products (Before Harvest)
- 315 - Animal Welfare/Well-Being and Protection
- 806 - Youth Development
- 901 - Program and Project Design, and Statistics

1. Outcome Target

Amount of money raised by program participants to support youth agriculture efforts.

2. Outcome Type : Change in Action Outcome Measure

2008 :50000

2009 : 50000

2010 : 50000

2011 :50000

2012 : 50000

3. Associated Knowledge Area(s)

- 101 - Appraisal of Soil Resources
- 123 - Management and Sustainability of Forest Resources
- 204 - Plant Product Quality and Utility (Preharvest)
- 308 - Improved Animal Products (Before Harvest)
- 315 - Animal Welfare/Well-Being and Protection
- 806 - Youth Development
- 901 - Program and Project Design, and Statistics

V(J). Planned Program (External Factors)

1. External Factors which may affect Outcomes

- Economy
- Government Regulations
- Appropriations changes
- Public Policy changes
- Natural Disasters (drought, weather extremes, etc.)
- Competing Programmatic Challenges
- Competing Public priorities

Description

Local economic factors could affect consumer purchases of youth agricultural products.

V(K). Planned Program (Evaluation Studies and Data Collection)

1. Evaluation Studies Planned

- Before-After (before and after program)
- Retrospective (post program)
- After Only (post program)
- During (during program)

Description

Pre-and post-test with 4-H'ers participating in the Meat Quality Assurance Program. Survey to identify project/life skills gained by the 4-H'ers. Post program evaluation for economic impacts.

2. Data Collection Methods

- Sampling
- Whole population
- Structured
- Observation
- Tests
- Mail
- On-Site
- Portfolio Reviews

Description

See above.